# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2004 Commission File No. 34-0-26512

# RENAISSANCERE HOLDINGS LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

## Bermuda

98-014-1974

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

## Renaissance House, 8-12 East Broadway, Pembroke HM 19 Bermuda

(Address of principal executive offices)

(441) 295-4513

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes (X) No ()

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes (X) No ( )

The number of outstanding shares of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.'s common shares, par value US \$1.00 per share, as of October 31, 2004 was 71,023,178.

Total number of pages in this report: 46

## RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.

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Part I — Financial Information tem 1 — Financial Statements  RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. and Su  Consolidated Balance Sheet (in thousands of United States Do	ts	es		
		Mber 30, 2004	Dece	ember 31, 2003
Assets	J)	Jnaudited)		(Audited)
Fixed maturity investments available for sale, at fair value	\$	3,389,065	\$	2,947,841
Short term investments, at cost		697,380		660,564
Other investments, at fair value		590,461		369,242
Total managed investment portfolio	-	4,676,906		3,977,647
Equity investments in reinsurance company, at fair value		139,712		145,535

		At
	September 30, 2004 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2003 (Audited)
Assets		
Fixed maturity investments available for sale, at fair value	\$ 3,389,06	5 \$ 2,947,841
Short term investments, at cost	697,38	0 660,564
Other investments, at fair value	590,46	369,242
Total managed investment portfolio	4,676,90	3,977,647
Equity investments in reinsurance company, at fair value	139,71	2 145,535
Investments in other ventures, under equity method	150,55	1 41,130
Total investments	4,967,16	4,164,312
Cash and cash equivalents	139,33	7 63,397
Premiums receivable	270,84	5 167,996
Ceded reinsurance balances	95,79	8 56,852
Losses recoverable	161,05	0 149,201
Accrued investment income	26,25	2 22,793
Deferred acquisition costs	97,75	75,261
Other assets	60,80	6 29,890
Total assets	\$ 5,819,01	3 \$ 4,729,702
Liabilities, Minority Interest and Shareholders' Equity		
Liabilities		
Reserve for claims and claim expenses	\$ 1,736,05	8 \$ 977,892
Reserve for unearned premiums	582,47	0 349,824
Debt	350,00	0 350,000
Subordinated obligation to affiliated capital trust	103,09	3 103,093
Reinsurance balances payable	195,13	4 131,629
Other liabilities	84,26	9 52,123
Total liabilities	3,051,02	1,964,561
Minority Interest — DaVinciRe Holdings	310,87	4 430,498
Shareholders' Equity		
Preference shares	500,00	0 250,000
Common shares and additional paid-in capital	324,02	8 314,414
Accumulated other comprehensive income	87,35	7 113,382
Retained earnings	1,545,73	0 1,656,847

2,457,115

5,819,013

2,334,643

4,729,702

Total shareholders' equity

Total liabilities, minority interest, and shareholders' equity

## RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations

## For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

(in thousands of United States Dollars, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

		Three mo	Three months ended Nine months ended			Nine months ended		
D.		Sept. 30, 2004	_	Sept. 30, 2003		Sept. 30, 2004	_	Sept. 30, 2003
Revenues	Ф	272 210	Ф	212.217	Ф	1 200 202	Φ	1 211 044
Gross premiums written	\$ \$	273,218	\$	313,317	\$	1,380,382	\$ \$	1,211,044
Net premiums written	\$	219,237	\$	236,570	\$	1,188,100	\$	987,163
Decrease (increase) in unearned								
premiums	_	121,610		40,794		(193,700)	_	(170,790)
Net premiums earned		340,847		277,364		994,400		816,373
Net investment income		39,487		28,280		104,370		93,823
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)		(1,839)		252		1,034		11,843
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated								4=004
ventures		9,058		5,273		20,501		17,834
Other income (loss)		(4,855)		2,706		(4,435)		2,888
Net realized gains on investments		15,023		1,172		20,624	_	71,944
Total revenues		397,721		315,047		1,136,494		1,014,705
Expenses								
Claims and claim expenses incurred		738,502		96,856		971,417		279,712
Acquisition expenses		72,434		56,317		194,512		139,154
Operational expenses		10,116		17,882		38,994		49,121
Corporate expenses		4,520		4,456		14,058		12,601
Interest expense		6,683		4,318		19,288		15,979
Total expenses		832,255	_	179,829		1,238,269	_	496,567
Income (loss) before minority interests	_		_				_	<u> </u>
and taxes		(434,534)		135,218		(101,775)		518,138
Minority interest — mandatorily redeemable capital securities of a subsidiary trust holding solely junior subordinated debentures of the								
Company		_		1,827		_		3,282
Minority interest — DaVinciRe Holdings		(89,888)		15,211		(57,406)		56,246
Income (loss) before taxes	_	(344,646)	_	118,180	_	(44,369)	_	458,610
Income tax benefit (expense)		(4,003)		(37)		(4,003)		18
Net income (loss)	_	(348,649)	_	118,143	_	(48,372)	_	458,628
Dividends on preference shares		8,758		4,903		22,471		13,939
Net income (loss) available to	_		_	<u> </u>		, .	_	
Common Shareholders	\$	(357,407)	\$	113,240	\$	(70,843)	\$	444,689
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders							_	
per Common Share — basic	\$	(5.10)	\$	1.63	\$	(1.02)	\$	6.45
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders								
per Common Share — diluted *	\$	(5.10)	\$	1.59	\$	(1.02)	\$	6.27

In accordance with SFAS 128, diluted EPS calculations utilize weighted average common shares outstanding — basic, when in a net loss position.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# (in thousands of United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

		2004		2003
Preference Shares Balance — January 1	\$	250,000	\$	150,000
Issuance of Preference Shares	Þ	250,000	Ф	150,000
Balance — September 30		250,000 500,000		100,000 250,000
•	-	300,000		230,000
Common Stock and additional paid-in capital		214 414		220.026
Balance — January 1 Exercise of options, and issuance of stock and restricted		314,414		320,936
stock awards		17,796		10,776
Offering expenses		(8,182)		(3,150)
Reversal of unearned stock grant compensation		(6,162)		
Balance — September 30	-	324,028		(18,468)
		324,026		310,094
Unearned stock grant compensation Balance — January 1				(19.469)
Reversal of unearned stock grant compensation		_		(18,468)
Balance — September 30				18,468
Accumulated other comprehensive income		112 202		05 224
Balance — January 1		113,382		95,234
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of		(26.025)		14.067
adjustment (see disclosure below) Balance — September 30		(26,025)		14,867
		87,357		110,101
Retained earnings		1 656 045		1 004 222
Balance — January 1		1,656,847		1,094,333
Net income (loss)		(48,372)		458,628
Dividends paid on Common Shares		(40,274)		(31,572)
Dividends paid on Preference Shares Balance — September 30		(22,471)		(13,939)
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$	1,545,730 2,457,115	\$	1,507,450 2,177,645
Total Shareholders Equity	φ	2,437,113	Ф	2,177,043
Comprehensive income (loss) (1)				
Net income (loss)	\$	(48,372)	\$	458,628
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(26,025)		14,867
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(74,397)	\$	473,495
Disclosure regarding net unrealized gains (losses)				
Net unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period	\$	(5,401)	\$	86,811
Net realized gains included in net income		(20,624)		(71,944)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities	\$	(26,025)	\$	14,867

<sup>(1)</sup> Comprehensive income (loss) was (\$336.5) million and \$115.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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## RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003

(in thousands of United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

	2004	2003
Cash flows provided by operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ (48,372)	\$ 458,628
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities		
Amortization and depreciation	13,129	9,742
Net unrealized gains included in investment income	(5,720)	(12,916)
Net realized investment gains	(20,624)	(71,944)

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures	(20,501)	(17,834)
Minority interest	(57,406)	56,246
Change in:		
Premiums receivable	(102,849)	(112,750)
Ceded reinsurance balances	(38,946)	(35,334)
Deferred acquisition costs	(22,495)	(39,523)
Reserve for claims and claim expenses, net	746,317	219,366
Reserve for unearned premiums	232,646	206,277
Reinsurance balances payable	63,505	51,681
Other	13,078	19,944
Net cash provided by operating activities	751,762	731,583
Cash flows used in investing activities		
Net purchases of short term investments	(36,816)	(393,812)
Net purchases of other investments	(215,499)	(81,865)
Net sales (purchases) of investments in other ventures	(88,920)	30,169
Proceeds from sales of investments available for sale	12,891,488	9,730,227
Purchases of investments available for sale	(13,343,912)	(10,144,823)
Net cash used in investing activities	(793,659)	(860,104)
Cash flows provided by financing activities		
Sale of preference shares, net of expenses	241,818	96,850
DaVinciRe share repurchase	(61,236)	_
Dividends paid — common shares	(40,274)	(31,572)
Dividends paid — preference shares	(22,471)	(13,939)
Issuance of senior debt, net of expenses	_	99,144
Payment of bank loan — Glencoe U.S.	_	(25,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	117,837	125,483
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	75,940	(3,038)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	63,397	87,067
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 139,337</u> <u>\$</u>	84,029

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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## RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars) (Unaudited)

- The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of U.S. generally accepted
  accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form
  10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and
  footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. This report on Form 10-Q should be
  read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.
  - RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. ("RenaissanceRe" or the "Company"), was formed under the laws
    of Bermuda on June 7, 1993. Through its subsidiaries, the Company provides reinsurance and
    insurance to a broad range of customers.
  - Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd. ("Renaissance Reinsurance") is the Company's principal subsidiary
    and provides property catastrophe and specialty reinsurance coverages to insurers and reinsurers
    on a worldwide basis.
  - The Company also manages property catastrophe and specialty reinsurance business written on behalf of joint ventures, principally including Top Layer Reinsurance Ltd. ("Top Layer Re") and DaVinci Reinsurance Ltd. ("DaVinci"). The results of DaVinci, and the results of DaVinci's parent, DaVinciRe Holdings Ltd. ("DaVinciRe"), are consolidated in the Company's financial statements. Renaissance Underwriting Managers, Ltd. ("Renaissance Underwriting Managers"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, acts as exclusive underwriting manager for these joint ventures in return for fee-based income and profit participation.
  - The Company's Individual Risk operations include direct insurance written on both an admitted basis through Stonington Insurance Company ("Stonington"), and on an excess and surplus lines basis through Glencoe Insurance Ltd. ("Glencoe") and Lantana Insurance Ltd. ("Lantana"), and

also provide reinsurance coverage, principally on a quota share basis, which is analyzed on an individual risk basis.

All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

The Company owns a minority equity interest in, but controls a majority of the outstanding voting power of, DaVinciRe. Minority interests represent the interests of external parties with respect to net income (loss) and shareholders' equity of DaVinciRe. The Company also invests in certain other investments, including an investment in ChannelRe Holdings Ltd. ("Channel Re"), which is reported using the equity method, and an investment in Platinum Underwriters Holdings, Ltd. ("Platinum"), which is publicly traded and reported at fair value (see Note 9).

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. Because of the seasonality of the Company's business, the results of operations and cash flows for any interim period will not necessarily be indicative of results of operations and cash flows for the full fiscal year or subsequent quarters.

2. The Company purchases reinsurance to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Company currently has in place contracts that provide for recovery of a portion of certain claims and claims expenses from reinsurers in excess of various retentions and loss warranties. The Company would remain liable to the extent that any third-party reinsurer or other obligor fails to meet its obligations. The earned reinsurance premiums ceded were \$153.3 million and \$188.4 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. In addition to loss recoveries, certain of the Company's ceded reinsurance contracts provide for recoveries of additional premiums, reinstatement premiums and for unrecovered no claims bonuses, which are unrecoverable when losses are ceded to other reinsurance contracts.

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Total recoveries netted against claims and claim expenses incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 were \$106.6 million compared to \$20.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2003.

- 3. Effective December 31, 2003, we adopted FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities an interpretation of ARB No. 51" ("FIN 46"). FIN 46 requires consolidation of all Variable Interest Entities ("VIE") by the investor that will absorb a majority of the VIE's expected losses or residual returns. RenaissanceRe Capital Trust (the "Capital Trust") was determined to be a VIE under FIN 46 and the Company was determined not to be the primary beneficiary of the Capital Trust. Accordingly, the Capital Trust was deconsolidated effective December 31, 2003. As a result, the accounts of the Capital Trust, principally the Capital Securities previously classified as minority interest, are not included in our consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003. Our \$103.1 million subordinated obligation to the Capital Trust, previously eliminated in consolidation, is recorded on our consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 as a liability. The dividends from the Capital Trust that were previously reported as minority interest expense Capital Securities have been reclassified with effect from December 31, 2003 and the dividends are currently reflected as interest expense.
- 4. Basic earnings per share is based on weighted average common shares and excludes any dilutive effects of options and restricted stock. Diluted earnings per share assumes the exercise of all dilutive stock options and restricted stock grants. The following tables set forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

Three months ended September 30,	2004			2003
(in thousands of U.S. dollars except share and per share data)				
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$	(357,407)	\$	113,240
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic earnings (loss) per common share — Weighted average common shares		70,098,215		69,307,078
Per common share equivalents of employee stock options and restricted shares		1,799,319		1,879,549
Denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per common share — Adjusted weighted average common shares and assumed				
conversions	_	71,897,534	_	71,186,627
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$	(5.10)	\$	1.63
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share *	\$	(5.10)	\$	1.59

In accordance with SFAS 128, diluted EPS calculations utilize weighted average common shares basic, when in a net loss position.

Nine months ended September 30,		2004		2003
(in thousands of U.S. dollars except share and per share data)				
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$	(70,843)	\$	444,689
Denominator:	_			
Denominator for basic earnings (loss) per common share — Weighted average common shares		69,735,244		68,938,026
Per common share equivalents of employee stock options and restricted shares		1,988,963		1,997,554
Denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per common share — Adjusted weighted average common shares and assumed		_		_
conversions	_	71,724,207	_	70,935,580
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$	(1.02)	\$	6.45
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share *	\$	(1.02)	\$	6.27

In accordance with SFAS 128, diluted EPS calculations utilize weighted average common shares basic, when in a net loss position.

5. The Board of Directors of RenaissanceRe declared, and RenaissanceRe paid, a dividend of \$0.19 per share to shareholders of record on each of March 9, June 1 and September 1, 2004.

The Board of Directors has authorized a share repurchase program of \$150 million. RenaissanceRe's decision to repurchase common shares will depend on, among other matters, the market price of the common shares and capital requirements of RenaissanceRe (see Part II – Other Information – Item 2).

6. Effective January 1, 2003, the Company adopted, prospectively, the fair value recognition provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), for all stock-based employee compensation granted, modified or settled after January 1, 2003. Under the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123, the Company estimates the fair value of employee stock options and other stock-based compensation on the date of grant and amortizes this value as an expense over the vesting period.

Under the prospective method of adoption selected by the Company under the provisions of SFAS 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation – Transition and Disclosure," compensation cost recognized in 2003 includes all employee awards granted, modified, or settled after the beginning of the fiscal year. Results for prior periods have not been restated. The following tables illustrate the effect on net income and earnings per share as if the fair value based method had been applied to all outstanding and unvested awards in each period.

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Three months ended September 30,		2004	2003
(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data)			
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders, as reported add: stock based employee compensation cost included in	\$(3	357,407)	\$ 113,240
determination of net income (loss)		4,224	3,829
less: fair value compensation cost under SFAS 123		4,652	5,204
Pro forma net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$(3	357,835)	\$ 111,865
Earnings (loss) per share			
Basic — as reported	\$	(5.10)	\$ 1.63
Basic — pro forma	\$	(5.10)	\$ 1.61
Diluted — as reported *	\$	(5.10)	\$ 1.59
Diluted — pro forma *	\$	(5.10)	\$ 1.57

In accordance with SFAS 128, diluted EPS calculations utilize weighted average common shares basic, when in a net loss position.

Nine months ended September 30,		2004	 2003
(in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data)		_	
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders, as report	ted \$	(70,843)	\$ 444,689

11,786		9,030
13,873		12,866
\$ (72,930)	\$	440,853
\$ (1.02)	\$	6.45
\$ (1.05)	\$	6.39
\$ (1.02)	\$	6.27
\$ (1.05)	\$	6.21
\$	\$\frac{13,873}{\$\frac{1}{3}}\$\$ \$\frac{(72,930)}{(72,930)}\$ \$\$ \$\$(1.02)\$ \$\$(1.02)	\$\frac{13,873}{\\$ (72,930)} \frac{\\$}{\\$}\$  \$\frac{(1.02)}{\\$} \\$ \$\( (1.05) \\$ \$\( (1.02) \\$

In accordance with SFAS 128, diluted EPS calculations utilize weighted average common shares — basic, when in a net loss position.

- 7. In March 2004, RenaissanceRe issued 10,000,000 \$1.00 par value Series C preference shares at \$25 per share. The shares may be redeemed at \$25 per share at RenaissanceRe's option on or after March 23, 2009. Dividends are cumulative from the date of original issuance and are payable quarterly in arrears at 6.08% when, if, and as declared by the Board of Directors. If RenaissanceRe submits a proposal to our shareholders concerning an amalgamation or submits any proposal that, as a result of any changes to Bermuda law, requires approval of the holders of these preference shares to vote as a single class, RenaissanceRe may redeem the shares prior to March 23, 2009 at \$26 per share. The preference shares have no stated maturity and are not convertible into any other securities of RenaissanceRe.
- 8. During the first quarter of 2004, RenaissanceRe amended its shareholders' agreement with Top Layer Re, and as a result RenaissanceRe is obligated to make a mandatory capital

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contribution of up to \$50.0 million to Top Layer Re in the event that a loss reduces Top Layer Re's capital below a specified level.

9. On November 1, 2002 we purchased 3,960,000 common shares of Platinum in a private placement transaction. In addition, we received a 10-year warrant to purchase up to 2.5 million additional common shares of Platinum for \$27.00 per share. At September 30, 2004, we have recorded our investment in the warrant of the Platinum shares at fair value, and at September 30, 2004 the aggregate fair value was \$23.8 million, which is included in accumulated other comprehensive income. In the fourth quarter of 2004, a lockup on the underlying shares of the warrant will expire, at which time the warrant will meet the GAAP definition of a derivative and the Company will record the fair value of the warrant in current earnings in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". This will result in an initial increase in earnings in an amount equal to the unrealized gain on the warrant at that time.

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# Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion and analysis of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003 and financial condition as of September 30, 2004. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the attached unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. We also caution readers regarding certain forward-looking statements made in this 10-Q and direct readers to the Safe Harbor Disclosure included in this filing.

#### **GENERAL**

RenaissanceRe was established in 1993 to write property catastrophe reinsurance. By pioneering the use of sophisticated computer models to construct our portfolio, we have become one of the world's largest and most successful catastrophe reinsurers. We are seeking to leverage our expertise to establish leading franchises in additional selected areas of insurance and reinsurance.

Since a substantial portion of the reinsurance and insurance we write provides protection from damages relating to natural and man-made catastrophes, our results depend to a large extent on the frequency and severity of such catastrophic events, and the coverages we offer to clients impacted by these events.

Our revenues are principally derived from three sources: 1) net premiums earned from the reinsurance and insurance policies we sell; 2) net investment income and realized gains and losses from investments; and 3)

equity in earnings from investments in unconsolidated ventures and other income received from other structured products.

Our expenses primarily consist of: 1) claims and claim expenses incurred on the policies of reinsurance and insurance we sell; 2) acquisition costs which consist principally of ceding commissions paid to ceding clients and brokerage expenses, and typically represent a negotiated percentage of the premiums on our reinsurance and insurance contracts written; 3) operational expenses which primarily consist of personnel expenses, rent and other operating expenses; and 4) interest and dividend costs related to our debt, preference shares and subordinated obligation to an affiliated capital trust. Our operational expenses and interest costs are relatively more fixed in nature and correlate less with the amount of our premiums written. We are also subject to taxes in certain jurisdictions in which we operate; however, since the majority of our income is currently earned in Bermuda, a non-taxable jurisdiction, the tax impact to our operations has historically been minimal.

The underwriting results of an insurance or reinsurance company are discussed frequently by reference to its claims and claim expense ratio, underwriting expense ratio and combined ratio. The claims and claim expense ratio is the result of dividing claims and claim expenses incurred by net premiums earned. The underwriting expense ratio is the result of dividing underwriting expenses (acquisition expenses and operational expenses) by net premiums earned. The combined ratio is the sum of the claims and claim expense ratio and the underwriting expense ratio. A combined ratio below 100% generally indicates profitable underwriting prior to the consideration of investment income. A combined ratio over 100% generally indicates unprofitable underwriting prior to the consideration of investment income.

We conduct our business through two reportable segments, Reinsurance and Individual Risk. Those segments are more fully described as follows:

#### Reinsurance

Our Reinsurance segment has three business units:

1) Property catastrophe reinsurance written for our own account and DaVinci – our traditional core business. Our subsidiary, Renaissance Reinsurance, is one of the world's premier providers of this coverage. This coverage protects against large natural catastrophes, such as earthquakes and hurricanes, as well as claims arising from other natural and man-made catastrophes such as winter

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storms, freezes, floods, fires, tornadoes and explosions. We offer this coverage to insurance companies and other reinsurers primarily on an excess of loss basis. This means that we begin paying when our customer's paid claims from a catastrophe exceed a certain retained amount.

- 2) Specialty reinsurance written for our own account and DaVinci covering certain targeted classes of business in which we believe we have a sound basis for underwriting and pricing the risk that we assume; our portfolio includes various classes of business, such as catastrophe exposed workers' compensation, surety and terrorism. We believe that we are seen as a market leader in certain of these classes of business and that we have a growing reputation as a "first call" market for these products.
- 3) Through Renaissance Underwriting Managers, we pursue joint ventures and other structured relationships. Our three principal business activities in this area are: 1) catastrophe-oriented joint ventures which we manage, such as Top Layer Re and DaVinci; 2) specialized reinsurance transactions, such as offering non-traditional participations in our catastrophe portfolio; and 3) investments in initiatives directed at other classes of risk, in which we partner with other market participants, such as our investments in Channel Re and Platinum. Only business activities that appear in our consolidated underwriting results, such as DaVinci and certain specialized reinsurance transactions, are included in our Reinsurance segment results; Top Layer Re, Channel Re and Platinum are included in the Other category of our segment results.

## Individual Risk

We define our Individual Risk segment to include underwriting that involves understanding the characteristics of the original underlying insurance policy. Our principal products include: 1) commercial and homeowners property coverages, including catastrophe-exposed products; 2) commercial liability coverages, including general, automobile, professional and various specialty products; and 3) reinsurance of other insurers on a quota share basis.

Our Individual Risk business is primarily produced through three distribution channels: 1) Program Managers - where we write primary insurance through specialized program managers, who produce business pursuant to agreed-upon underwriting guidelines and provide related back-office functions; 2) Quota Share Reinsurance - where we write quota share reinsurance with primary insurers who, similar to our program managers, provide most of the back-office and support functions; and 3) Brokers - where we write primary insurance through brokers on a risk-by-risk basis.

Our Individual Risk business is written by the Glencoe Group of companies through its operating subsidiaries Glencoe and Lantana, on an excess and surplus lines basis, and Stonington, on an admitted basis. We rely on third parties for services including the generation of premium, the issuance of policies and the processing of claims. We oversee our third-party partners through an operations review team at Glencoe Group Services Inc., which conducts initial due diligence as well as periodic reviews.

#### New Business

In addition to the potential growth of our existing reinsurance and insurance businesses, from time to time, we consider opportunistic diversification into new ventures, either through organic growth, the formation of new

joint ventures, or the acquisition of other companies or books of business of other companies. This potential diversification includes opportunities to write targeted classes of non-catastrophe business, both directly for our own account and through possible new joint venture opportunities.

In evaluating such new ventures, we seek an attractive return on equity, the ability to develop or capitalize on a competitive advantage, and opportunities that will not detract from our core Reinsurance and Individual Risk operations. Accordingly, we regularly review strategic opportunities and periodically engage in discussions regarding possible transactions, although there can be no assurance that we will complete any such transactions or that any such transaction would contribute materially to our results of operations or financial condition.

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#### Modeling

We have developed a proprietary, computer-based pricing and exposure management system, Renaissance Exposure Management System (REMS<sup>©</sup>). REMS<sup>©</sup> has analytic and modeling capabilities that help us to assess the risk and return of each incremental reinsurance contract in relation to our overall portfolio of reinsurance contracts. Before the Company binds any risk, a significant amount of exposure data is gathered from clients and this exposure data is input into the REMS<sup>©</sup> modeling system. The REMS<sup>©</sup> modeling system enables the Company to measure each policy on a consistent basis and provides the Company with a measurement of an appropriate price to charge for each policy based upon the risk that is assumed. We combine the analyses generated by REMS<sup>©</sup> with other information available to us, including our own knowledge of the client submitting the proposed program. While REMS<sup>©</sup> is most developed in analyzing catastrophe risks, it is also used for analyzing other classes of risk.

REMS<sup>©</sup> combines computer-generated simulations that estimate event probabilities with exposure and coverage information on each client's reinsurance contract to produce expected claims for reinsurance programs submitted to us. We have also customized REMS<sup>©</sup> by including additional perils, risks and geographic areas that are not captured in the commercially available models.

#### SUMMARY OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

### **Claims and Claim Expense Reserves**

We believe that the most significant accounting judgment made by management is our estimate of claims and claim expense reserves. Claims reserves represent estimates, including actuarial and statistical projections at a given point in time, of the ultimate settlement and administration costs of claims incurred. Our estimates are not precise in that, among other things, they are based on predictions of future developments and estimates of future trends and other variable factors such as inflation. It is likely that the ultimate liability will be greater or less than such estimates and that, at times, this variance will be material. Also, reserving for reinsurance business can involve uncertainty because of the dependence on information from the ceding company, the time lag inherent in reporting information from the primary insurer to the reinsurer, and differing reserving practices among ceding companies. Reserving for our Individual Risk business can involve analogous uncertainty where our business is originated through program managers or quota share reinsurance.

For the Company's property catastrophe reinsurance business, which is characterized by loss events of low frequency and high severity, reporting of claims in general tends to be prompt (as compared to reporting of claims for "long-tail" products, which tends to be slower). However, the timing of claims reporting also varies depending on various factors, including: whether the claims arise under reinsurance of primary companies or reinsurance of other reinsurance companies; the nature of the events (e.g., hurricanes or earthquakes); the geographic area involved; and the quality of each customer's claims management and reserving practices. Management's judgments as regards to these factors are reflected in management's reserve estimates. Because the events from which claims arise under policies written by the Company's property catastrophe reinsurance business are typically prominent, public occurrences such as hurricanes and earthquakes, the Company often is able to use independent reports of such events to augment its loss reserve estimation process. However, based upon the amount and timing of the reported claims from any one or more catastrophe event, such reserve estimates may change significantly from one quarter to another. Once the Company receives notice of a loss under a catastrophe reinsurance contract, it is generally able to promptly process such a claim.

For our property catastrophe reinsurance operations, we initially set our claims reserves based on case reserves reported by insureds and ceding companies. We then add to these case reserves our estimates for additional case reserves, and an estimate for incurred but not reported reserves ("IBNR"). In addition to the loss information and estimates communicated by cedants, the Company also utilizes industry information which the Company gathers and retains in its REMS<sup>©</sup> modeling system. When property catastrophe losses do occur, the information stored in its REMS<sup>©</sup> modeling system allows the

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unique characteristics of each loss. During 2003, with the accumulation of 10 years of historical information on our claims and claim expenses, we adopted a new system to reassess our property catastrophe reserves on our older accident years.

The loss estimation for the casualty coverages we offer through our specialty reinsurance and Individual Risk operations is different than that for property oriented coverages, because these coverages are potentially subject to greater uncertainties, relating to factors such as long-term inflation and changes in the social and legal environment. Moreover, in reserving for our specialty reinsurance and Individual Risk coverages we do not have the benefit of a significant amount of our own historical experience in these lines. We estimate our IBNR for these coverages by utilizing an actuarial method known as the Bornhuetter-Ferguson technique. The utilization of the Bornhuetter-Ferguson technique requires us to estimate an ultimate claims and claim expense ratio and select an estimated loss reporting pattern. We select our estimates of the ultimate claims and claim expense ratios and estimated loss reporting patterns by reviewing industry standards and adjusting these standards based upon the terms of the coverages we offer. The estimated claims and claim expense ratio may be modified to the extent that reported losses at a given point in time differ from what would be expected based on the selected loss reporting pattern. For the Company's specialty and Individual Risk lines we also considered estimating reserves utilizing paid and incurred development methods. We elected to utilize the Bornhuetter-Ferguson technique because this method allows for weight to be applied to expected results, and hence is less susceptible to the potential pitfall of being improperly swayed by one year or one quarter of paid and/or reported loss data.

The Company's reserving methodology for each line of business utilizes a loss reserving model that calculates a point estimate for the Company's ultimate losses as opposed to a methodology that develops a range of estimates. The Company then utilizes this point estimate, along with paid and incurred data, to record its estimate of IBNR. See "Reserves for Claims and Claim Expenses" for a breakdown of our case reserves and IBNR by line of business

Because any reserve estimate is simply an insurer's estimate of its ultimate liability, and because there are numerous factors which affect reserves but can not be determined with certainty in advance, our ultimate payments will vary, perhaps materially, from our initial estimate of reserves. Therefore, because of these inherent uncertainties, we have developed a reserving philosophy which attempts to incorporate prudent assumptions and estimates. During the remainder of 2004 and in 2005, assuming future reported and paid claims activity is consistent with that of recent quarters, and barring unforeseen circumstances, we believe that, as our reserves on older accident years continue to age, we may experience further reduction to our older accident year reserves.

All of our estimates are reviewed annually with an independent actuarial firm. We also review our assumptions and our methodologies on a quarterly basis. If we determine that an adjustment to an earlier estimate is appropriate, such adjustments are recorded in the quarter in which they are identified. Adjustments to our prior year estimated claims reserves will impact our current year net income by increasing our net income if the prior year estimated claims reserves are determined to be overstated, or by reducing our net income if the prior year estimated claims reserves prove to be insufficient. During the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, changes to prior year estimated claims reserves had the following impact on our net income (loss): during the first nine months of 2004, prior year estimated claims reserves were reduced by \$75.8 million; and during the first nine months of 2003, prior year estimated claims reserves were reduced by \$50.0 million, and our net income for the first nine months of 2003 was increased by \$50.0 million. Although we believe we are cautious in our assumptions, and in the application of our methodologies, we cannot be certain that our ultimate payments will not vary, perhaps materially, from the estimates we have made.

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## **Premiums**

We recognize premiums as income over the terms of the related contracts and policies. Our written premiums are based on policy and contract terms and include estimates based on information received from both insureds and ceding companies. We record adjustment premiums in the period in which they occur.

We book premiums on non-proportional contracts in accordance with the contract terms. Premiums written on losses occurring contracts are typically earned over the contract period. Premiums on risks attaching contracts are generally earned as reported by the cedants, which may be over a period more than twice as long as the contract period. Management makes estimates based on judgment and historical experience for periods during which information has not yet been received. Such estimates are subject to adjustment in subsequent periods when actual figures are recorded and to date such subsequent adjustments have not been material.

The minimum and deposit premiums on excess policies are usually set in the language of the contract and are utilized to record premiums on these policies. Actual amounts are determined in subsequent periods based on actual exposures and any adjustments are recorded in the period in which they occur. Because premiums for our Reinsurance segment are contractually driven and the reporting lag for such premiums is minimal it is not necessary to record significant estimates for premiums written.

In our Individual Risk business, it is often necessary to estimate portions of premiums written from quota-share contracts and by program managers and the related commissions expense. Management estimates these amounts based on discussions with ceding companies and program managers and historical experience and judgment. Total premiums estimated as of September 30, 2004 and 2003 were \$32.5 million and \$97.0 million, respectively. Total commissions estimated as of September 30, 2004 and 2003 were \$8.9 million and \$28.5 million, respectively. Management tracks the actual premium received and commissions incurred and compares this to the estimates previously booked. Historically, those differences have not been material.

We record ceded premiums on the same basis as assumed premiums. Reinstatement premiums are estimated by management, based on the contract terms, at the time of the loss occurrence giving rise to the reinstatement.

# SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

# For the three months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2003

A summary of the significant components of our revenues and expenses is as follows:

		 idividual Risk		Other		Total
(in thousands) Gross premiums written (1)	\$ 132,191	\$ 141,027	\$		s	273,218
Net premiums written	\$ 113,244	\$ 105,993	Ψ	_	\$	219,237
· =	\$ 256,623	\$ 84,224			\$	340,847
Claims and claim expenses incurred	570,225	168,277		_		738,502
Acquisition expenses	40,264	32,170		_		72,434
Operational expenses	5,135	4,981				10,116
Underwriting loss §	\$ (359,001)	\$ (121,204)				(480,205)
Net investment income	<del></del>	 <del></del>		39,487		39,487
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures				9,058		9,058
Other income (loss)				(4,855)		(4,855)
Interest and preference share dividends				(15,441)		(15,441)
Minority interest — DaVinciRe				89,888		89,888
Other items, net				(10,362)		(10,362)
Net realized gains on investments				15,023		15,023
Net loss attributable to common shareholders			\$	122,798	\$	(357,407)
Claims and claim expense ratio	222.2%	199.8%				216.7%
Underwriting expense ratio	17.7%	44.1%				24.2%
Combined ratio	239.9%	243.9%				240.9%

<sup>(1)</sup> Reinsurance segment gross premiums written excludes \$16.7 million of premiums ceded from the Individual Risk segment.

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Three months ended September 30, 2003	1	Reinsurance	Ir	ndividual Risk	 Other	Total
(in thousands)						
Gross premiums written (1)	\$	139,645	\$	173,672	\$ 	\$ 313,317
Net premiums written	\$	113,032	\$	123,538		\$ 236,570
Net premiums earned	\$	195,578	\$	81,786	_	\$ 277,364
Claims and claim expenses incurred		56,527		40,329	_	96,856
Acquisition expenses		24,941		31,376	_	56,317
Operational expenses		14,635		3,247		17,882
Underwriting income	\$	99,475	\$	6,834	_	 106,309
Net investment income	-	<del></del>		<del></del>	28,280	28,280
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures					5,273	5,273
Other income					2,706	2,706
Interest, preference share dividends, Capital Securities minority interest					(11,048)	(11,048)
Minority interest — DaVinciRe					(15,211)	(15,211)
Other items, net					(4,241)	(4,241)
Net realized gains on investments					1,172	1,172
Net income available to common shareholders					\$ 6,931	\$ 113,240
Claims and claim expense ratio		28.9%		49.3%		34.9%
Underwriting expense ratio		20.2%		42.3%		26.8%
Combined ratio		49.1%		91.6%		61.7%

 Reinsurance segment gross premiums written excludes \$18.5 million of premiums ceded from the Individual Risk segment.

#### **Summary Overview**

Our third quarter results were significantly and adversely affected by the four large hurricanes that occurred during the quarter, Charley, Frances, Jeanne and Ivan, which together caused a negative impact of \$520 million on our third quarter results. This impact is reflected in the following items: net losses of \$650 million, plus the reversal of previously accrued profit commission of \$13 million, which is reflected as an increase to acquisition expenses of the reinsurance segment, less reinstatement premiums earned of \$20 million and less minority interest offset of \$123 million. These amounts are based on management's estimates following a review of our potential exposures and discussions with our counterparties. Given the magnitude of these loss events and due to delays in receiving claims data, these results are subject to change based on developments including new or revised data received from our counterparties. Changes in these estimates will be recorded in the period in which they occur.

For the three months ended September 30, 2004, our gross premiums written decreased by \$40.1 million or 12.8% compared to the same period in 2003, primarily due to 1) the assumption of \$50 million of premium from an inforce book of business in our Individual Risk segment during the third quarter of 2003, and 2) \$51.3 million in certain timing differences in recording our property catastrophe premiums in the second quarter of 2004 as compared to the third quarter of 2003. These timing differences were primarily caused by late signings of second quarter 2003 premiums which were recorded in the third quarter of 2003, which signings were not delayed in 2004 and were therefore reported in the second quarter of 2004. These amounts were partially offset by \$20 million of

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reinstatement premiums and \$27 million in premiums written for additional backup covers in the Reinsurance segment as a result of the hurricanes occurring during the quarter (see – "Reinsurance Segment" below).

Our net earned premiums increased by \$63.5 million or 22.9% primarily as a result of 1) the \$20 million of reinstatement premiums as noted above (which are earned immediately), and 2) the growth of our consolidated premiums during 2003 and 2004 (see nine month results below) where 2004 net written premiums have increased by \$200.9 million or 20.4% over the total net written premiums for the nine month period ended September 30, 2003, which has resulted in a corresponding increase in net earned premiums.

## **Underwriting Results by Segment**

We conduct our business through two reportable segments, Reinsurance and Individual Risk. Our Reinsurance segment provides reinsurance through our property catastrophe reinsurance and specialty reinsurance business units and through joint ventures and other activities managed by Renaissance Underwriting Managers. Our Individual Risk segment provides primary insurance and quota share reinsurance. The Company does not manage its assets by segment; accordingly, investment income and total assets are not allocated to the individual segments.

A discussion of our underwriting results by segment is provided below.

## Reinsurance Segment

Our Reinsurance operations are comprised of three business units: 1) property catastrophe reinsurance, primarily written through Renaissance Reinsurance and DaVinci; 2) specialty reinsurance, also primarily written through Renaissance Reinsurance and DaVinci; and 3) certain activities of Renaissance Underwriting Managers.

The following table summarizes the underwriting results and ratios for the Reinsurance segment for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

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Three months ended September 30,	 2004	 2003
(in thousands)		
Property catastrophe premium (1)		
Renaissance	\$ 88,292	\$ 84,780
DaVinci	10,548	22,735
Total property catastrophe premium	 98,840	 107,515
Specialty premium		
Renaissance	33,786	29,806
DaVinci	(435)	2,324
Total specialty premium	33,351	32,130
Total Reinsurance gross premium written	\$ 132,191	\$ 139,645
Net premium written	\$ 113,244	\$ 113,032
Net premium earned — property catastrophe	\$ 175,548	\$ 122,431

Net premium earned — specialty       81,075       73,1         Total net premium earned       256,623       195,5         Claims and claim expenses incurred       570,225       56,5         Acquisition expenses       40,264       24,9         Operational expenses       5,135       14,6         Underwriting income (loss)       \$ (359,001)       \$ 99,4         Claims and claim expenses incurred — current accident year       \$ 586,436       \$ 69,2	
Claims and claim expenses incurred       570,225       56,5         Acquisition expenses       40,264       24,9         Operational expenses       5,135       14,6         Underwriting income (loss)       \$ (359,001)       \$ 99,4	47
Acquisition expenses       40,264       24,9         Operational expenses       5,135       14,6         Underwriting income (loss)       \$ (359,001)       \$ 99,4	78
Operational expenses         5,135         14,6           Underwriting income (loss)         \$ (359,001)         \$ 99,4	27
Underwriting income (loss) $ \frac{$(359,001)}{} $	41
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Claims and claim expenses incurred — current accident year \$ 586.436 \$ 69.2	75
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Claims and claim expenses incurred — prior years (16,211)	02)
Net claims and claim expenses incurred — total \$ 570,225 \$ 56,5	27
Claims and claim expense ratio — accident year 228.5% 33	<u>5.4</u> %
Claims and claim expense ratio — calendar year 222.2% 28	3.9%
Underwriting expense ratio 17.7% 20	0.2%
Combined ratio 239.9% 49	0.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes combined gross premiums assumed from the Individual Risk segment of \$16.7 million and \$18.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

#### Hurricane Losses

The four large hurricanes occurring in the third quarter had a negative impact of \$387 million on the Reinsurance segment, comprised of the following amounts: net losses of \$532 million, plus the reversal of previously accrued profit commissions of \$13 million, less reinstatement premiums earned of \$35 million and less minority interest offset of \$123 million, which is due to 100% of the net loss from DaVinciRe being consolidated into the Company's underwriting performance and the corresponding elimination of the 75% of the DaVinciRe net loss attributable to the other investors in DaVinciRe.

#### Premiums

*Property catastrophe* – During the third quarter of 2004 our property catastrophe premiums decreased by \$8.7 million or 8.1%. Premium changes to note in the quarter were a \$51.3 million decrease due to timing differences in the booking of premiums, which were primarily caused by late signings of second quarter 2003 premiums which were recorded in the third quarter of 2003, which signings were not delayed in 2004 and were therefore reported in the second quarter of 2004. Also occurring in the quarter were increases in premiums from hurricane-related reinstatement premiums written of \$35 million and premiums written for backup covers of \$27 million.

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The opportunity to write reinstatement and backup cover premiums arose as a result of the large hurricane losses; in the absence of similar losses, we would not expect to write reinstatement and backup cover premiums of this magnitude and therefore, barring the occurrence of another large catastrophe, we do not expect them to recur.

Net premiums earned increased by \$61.0 million or 31.2%. This increase was due to the timing differences as noted above, as well as earnings from hurricane-related reinstatement premiums, which are earned immediately, and the overall increase of \$126 million in net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, which has caused a corresponding increase in net premiums earned.

Specialty Reinsurance – During the third quarter of 2004 our specialty reinsurance premiums were relatively flat, increasing by \$1.2 million or 3.8%.

# Underwriting Results

The \$359.0 million net underwriting loss in our Reinsurance segment was primarily the result of the third quarter hurricanes, as discussed above. For the quarter, the Reinsurance segment generated a claims and claim expense ratio of 222.2% and an underwriting expense ratio of 17.7%, compared to 28.9% and 20.2%, respectively, during the third quarter of 2003. Excluding the net claims associated with the four hurricanes, the premiums from related reinstatements, and the \$13 million negative impact from the reversal of a previously accrued profit commission, the claims and claim expense ratio and underwriting expense ratio would have been 17.2% and 14.7%, respectively, for the third quarter of 2004. The reduction in the claims and claim expense ratio to 17.2% in the third quarter of 2004 (after excluding the net hurricane claims and the other expenses described above) from 28.9% in the third quarter of 2003 was due to the relatively few loss events occurring in the quarter apart from the Florida hurricanes. The decrease in our underwriting expense ratio from 20.2% to 14.7% (after excluding the net hurricane claims and the other expenses described above) was primarily due to a \$7.0 million reduction in compensation-related accruals.

## Individual Risk Segment

We define our Individual Risk segment to include underwriting that involves understanding the characteristics of the original underlying insurance policy. Our principal products include: 1) commercial and homeowners property coverages, including catastrophe-exposed products; 2) commercial liability coverages, including general, automobile, professional and various specialty products; and 3) reinsurance to other insurers on a quota share basis. We operate through the Glencoe Group of companies, whose principal operating subsidiaries are Glencoe, Stonington and Lantana.

Three months ended September 30,	 2004	2003		
(in thousands)				
Gross premium written	\$ 141,027	\$	173,672	
Net premium written	\$ 105,993	\$	123,538	
Net premium earned	\$ 84,224	\$	81,786	
Claims and claim expenses incurred	168,277		40,329	
Acquisition expenses	32,170		31,376	
Operational expenses	4,981		3,247	
Underwriting income (loss)	\$ (121,204)	\$	6,834	
Claims and claim expenses incurred — current accident year	\$ 176,510	\$	53,165	
Claims and claim expenses incurred — prior years	(8,233)		(12,836)	
Net claims and claim expenses incurred — total	\$ 168,277	\$	40,329	
Claims and claim expense ratio — accident year	 209.6%		65.0%	
Claims and claim expense ratio — calendar year	199.8%		49.3%	
Underwriting expense ratio	44.1%		42.3%	
Combined ratio	 243.9%		91.6%	

#### Hurricane Losses

The four large hurricanes occurring in the third quarter had a negative impact of \$133 million on the Individual Risk segment, comprised of \$118 million of net losses incurred and \$15 million in ceded reinstatement premiums payable.

## Premiums

Gross written premiums decreased by \$32.6 million or 18.8% in the third quarter of 2004. The decrease was due to a \$50.0 million portfolio transfer occurring in the third quarter of 2003, partially offset by the addition of new programs and expansion of existing programs in the third quarter of 2004 compared to the third quarter of 2003.

# Underwriting Results

The \$121.2 million net underwriting loss in our Individual Risk segment was primarily the result of the third quarter catastrophes, as discussed above. For the quarter, the Individual Risk segment generated a claims and claim expense ratio of 199.8% and an underwriting expense ratio of 44.1%, compared to 49.3% and 42.3%, respectively, during the third quarter of 2003. Excluding the net claims associated with the four hurricanes and the premiums owed for related reinstatements, the claims and claim expense ratio and underwriting expense ratio would have been 51.0% and 37.6%, respectively, for the third quarter of 2004. The claims and claim expense ratio, after excluding the net hurricane claims and the premiums owed for related reinstatements would have been in line with the prior year, and the underwriting expense ratio would have decreased as the business is maturing and certain start-up and administrative costs, as expected, are not increasing at the same pace as the earned premiums of the business.

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## Other Income (Loss) and Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Ventures

The fee income, equity pick up and other items as reported in other income and in equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures are detailed below:

Three months ended September 30,	 2004	 2003
(in thousands)		 
Fee income	\$ 1,206	\$ 3,529
Other items	(6,061)	(823)
Total other income (loss)	 (4,855)	2,706
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures	9,058	5,273
Total	\$ 4,203	\$ 7,979

Our other income (loss) and equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures is principally generated from the annual management fee we receive from Platinum, the equity pickup of our investments in our joint ventures Top

Layer Re and Channel Re, the underwriting of contracts related to physical variables, and other miscellaneous activities

Fee income has decreased by \$2.3 million in the third quarter of 2004 as compared to the third quarter of 2003, primarily due to certain profit commissions generated from certain transactions in 2003 that did not recur in 2004. We also generate fees from our joint venture with DaVinci; however, because DaVinci is consolidated in our financial statements, these fees are not recorded in other income, but are instead eliminated in consolidation and are not included in our consolidated financial statements. We also receive fees from certain placements of structured quota share reinsurance agreements for participations in our property catastrophe book of business. These fees are not recorded in other income, but instead are recorded as reductions to acquisition costs and underwriting expenses.

The increase in the loss on other items is primarily due to \$6.4 million of losses from short positions in credit derivatives in the third quarter of 2004 compared to a loss of \$1.0 million on these credit derivatives in the third quarter of 2003.

The equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures increased by \$3.8 million in the third quarter of 2004, from \$5.3 million to \$9.1 million, as this is the first full quarter in which we have recorded the equity pickup from our investment in Channel Re. This was offset by a slight decrease in our equity pickup from Top Layer Re, caused by higher costs for ceded reinsurance and foreign exchange losses.

## Other Items

A description of the changes in other non-underwriting income and expense items is as follows:

- Net investment income increased by \$11.2 million to \$39.5 million from \$28.3 million due to an increase in our returns from our alternative investment portfolio by \$4.2 million, and due to a change in the accounting treatment of our earnings from a joint venture focused on trading weather-sensitive commodities and securities (due to a decrease in our percentage ownership), which is now included in investment income of \$1.6 million. Investment income also increased as a result of an increase in invested assets and higher returns on such investments.
- The \$4.4 million increase in interest, preference share dividends, and, in 2003, Capital Securities minority interest is due to the issuance of \$250 million of 6.08% Series C preference shares in March 2004.
- Minority interest DaVinciRe decreased by \$105.1 million, from an expense of \$15.2 million to income of \$89.9 million due to hurricane losses sustained by DaVinci in the third quarter of 2004 and the resultant net loss on DaVinci's financial results for the quarter (see "Underwriting Results by Segment", above).
- During the third quarter of 2004, the Company increased the valuation allowance on its deferred tax asset to reflect a valuation allowance of 100% of the deferred tax asset, resulting in an income tax expense of \$4.0 million.

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## For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2003

A summary of the significant components of our revenues and expenses is as follows:

Nine months ended September 30, 2004	 Reinsurance	Ir	ndividual Risk	 Other	 Total
(in thousands)					
Gross premiums written (1)	\$ 1,007,825	\$	372,557	\$ 	\$ 1,380,382
Net premiums written	\$ 862,644	\$	325,456	_	\$ 1,188,100
Net premiums earned	\$ 701,278	\$	293,122		\$ 994,400
Claims and claim expenses incurred	693,780		277,637		971,417
Acquisition expenses	92,011		102,501		194,512
Operational expenses	21,885		17,109	_	38,994
Underwriting loss	\$ (106,398)	\$	(104,125)	 	(210,523)
Net investment income	 <del></del>			104,370	104,370
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures				20,501	20,501
Other income (loss)				(4,435)	(4,435)
Interest and preference share dividends				(41,759)	(41,759)
Minority interest — DaVinciRe				57,406	57,406
Other items, net				(17,027)	(17,027)
Net realized gains on investments				20,624	20,624
Net loss attributable to common				 	 <u> </u>
shareholders				\$ 139,680	\$ (70,843)
Claims and claim expense ratio	98.9%		94.7%		97.7%
Underwriting expense ratio	16.3%		40.8%		23.5%
Combined ratio	115.2%		135.5%		121.2%

Nine months ended September 30, 2003		Reinsurance	In	ndividual Risk		Other		Total
(in thousands)	¢.	075 041	¢.	225 202	¢		¢.	1 211 044
Gross premiums written (1)	\$	875,841	\$	335,203	\$	_	\$	1,211,044
Net premiums written	\$	736,309	\$	250,854		_	\$	987,163
Net premiums earned	\$	604,916	\$	211,457		_	\$	816,373
Claims and claim expenses incurred		174,523		105,189				279,712
Acquisition expenses		70,018		69,136		_		139,154
Operational expenses		39,826		9,295				49,121
Underwriting income	\$	320,549	\$	27,837		_		348,386
Net investment income						93,823		93,823
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures						17,834		17,834
Other income						2,888		2,888
Interest, preference share dividends, Capital Securities minority interest						(33,200)		(33,200)
Minority interest — DaVinciRe						(56,246)		(56,246)
Other items, net						(740)		(740)
Net realized gains on investments						71,944		71,944
Net income available to common shareholders					\$	96,303	\$	444,689
Claims and claim expense ratio		28.8%		49.7%				34.3%
Underwriting expense ratio		18.2%		37.1%				23.0%
Combined ratio		47.0%		86.8%				57.3%

<sup>(1)</sup> Reinsurance segment gross premiums written excludes \$24.2 million of premiums ceded from the Individual Risk segment.

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## **Summary Overview**

Like the three month results, our nine month results have also been significantly and adversely affected by the \$520 million negative impact from the recent hurricanes, which are primarily responsible for the \$559 million reduction in underwriting income to an underwriting loss of \$211 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 as compared to the underwriting income of \$348 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2003. These amounts are based on management's estimates following a review of our potential exposures and discussions with our counterparties. Given the magnitude of these loss events and due to delays in receiving claims data, these results are subject to change based on developments including new or revised data received from our counterparties. Changes in these estimates will be recorded in the period in which they occur.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, our gross and net premiums written have increased due to: 1) reinstatement premiums and premiums for backup covers written as a result of the hurricane losses in the quarter (see discussion of the three month results of our Reinsurance segment above); 2) an increase in premiums written in our specialty reinsurance book of business due to growth across several of our existing products; and 3) the addition of new programs and expansion of existing programs in our Individual Risk segment.

Our net earned premiums increased by \$178.0 million or 21.8% due to the growth in gross and net premiums written in 2004, our growth in gross premiums written during 2003, and the immediate recognition of earnings on reinstatement premiums from the hurricane losses, as discussed in our three month results.

#### **Underwriting Results by Segment**

A discussion of our underwriting results by segment is provided below.

## Reinsurance Segment

The following table summarizes the underwriting results and ratios for the Reinsurance segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

Nine months ended September 30,	 2004	2003		
(in thousands)				
Property catastrophe premium (1)				
Renaissance	\$ 507,833	\$	457,710	
DaVinci (2)	143,629		145,953	
Total property catastrophe premium	651,462		603,663	
Specialty premium				
Renaissance	324,916		249,445	
DaVinci	31,447		22,733	
Total specialty premium	 356,363		272,178	
Total Reinsurance gross premium written	\$ 1,007,825	\$	875,841	
Net premium written	\$ 862,644	\$	736,309	
Net premium earned — property catastrophe	\$ 429,680	\$	358,511	
Net premium earned — specialty	271,598		246,405	
Total net premium earned	 701,278		604,916	
Claims and claim expenses incurred	693,780		174,523	
Acquisition expenses	92,011		70,018	
Operational expenses	21,885		39,826	
Underwriting income (loss)	\$ (106,398)	\$	320,549	
Claims and claim expenses incurred — current accident year	\$ 754,221	\$	205,013	
Claims and claim expenses incurred — prior years	(60,441)		(30,490)	
Net claims and claim expenses incurred — total	\$ 693,780	\$	174,523	
Claims and claim expense ratio — accident year	 107.5%		33.9%	
Claims and claim expense ratio — calendar year	98.9%		28.8%	
Underwriting expense ratio	 16.3%		18.2%	
Combined ratio	115.2%		47.0%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes combined gross premiums assumed from the Individual Risk segment of \$17.4 million and \$24.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

#### Premiums

*Property catastrophe* – During the first nine months of 2004 our property catastrophe premiums increased by \$47.8 million or 7.9%, primarily due to the booking of \$35 million in reinstatement premiums and \$27 million of premiums written for backup covers arising as a result of the third quarter hurricanes. Apart from these premiums, which in the absence of another large catastrophe we do not expect to recur, property catastrophe premiums were generally flat year-over-year. For the remainder of the year, excluding the impact of the reinstatement premiums and backup cover premiums, we expect a slight decline in property catastrophe premiums from the prior year.

Specialty Reinsurance – During the first nine months of 2004 our specialty reinsurance premiums increased by \$84.2 million or 30.9%. This increase was in line with our expectations and was due to growth across several of our products. We continue to focus on a few targeted areas of this market

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and also continue to hire additional resources in our specialty underwriting group, which has facilitated our expansion into other products in this line of business.

## **Underwriting Results**

The \$106.4 million underwriting loss from our Reinsurance segment was primarily the result of the \$510 million negative effect from the third quarter hurricane activity, which includes \$532 million in net losses, plus a \$13 million increase in acquisition expenses from the reversal of the previously recorded profit commissions, less the \$35 million increase in reinstatement premiums as discussed in the three month results above (note – the \$510 million referred to above does not reflect the \$123 million offset for the minority interest to the 75% shareholders of DaVinci, which would sum to the net \$387 million total effect to the reinsurance segment, because we do not include minority interest in our summary of underwriting income (loss) in the table above).

For the nine months ended September 30, 2004, the Reinsurance segment generated a claims and claim expense ratio of 98.9% and an underwriting expense ratio of 16.3%, compared to 28.8% and 18.2%, respectively, for the first nine months of 2003. Excluding the net claims associated with the four hurricanes, the premiums from related reinstatements, and the \$13 million negative impact from the reversal of a previously accrued profit

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes premium assumed from Renaissance Reinsurance of \$8.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004

commission, the claims and claim expense ratio and the underwriting expense ratio would have been 24.2% and 15.2%, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. The approximate 4% reduction in the claims and claim expense ratio (after excluding the net hurricane claims and the other events described above) is the result of \$30 million of additional reductions from prior year reserves which is equally spread between the specialty and catastrophe reinsurance books of business and is primarily due to the actual paid and incurred loss activity being better than what the Company had anticipated when setting its IBNR reserves. As discussed in our critical accounting policies, because our reserve estimate is simply our estimate of our ultimate liability, and because there are numerous factors which affect reserves but can not be determined with certainty in advance, our ultimate payments will vary, perhaps materially, from our initial estimate of reserves. Therefore, because of these inherent uncertainties, we have developed a reserving philosophy which attempts to incorporate prudent assumptions and estimates. Accordingly, if actual paid losses and incurred losses reported to us are below what we had anticipated, we would reflect positive development in our prior year reserves, as has occurred in these results. During the remainder of 2004 and in 2005, assuming future reported and paid claims activity is consistent with that of recent quarters, and barring unforeseen circumstances, we believe that, as our reserves on older accident years continue to age, we may experience further reduction to our older accident year reserves. There can be no assurance this will occur, and if our actual paid and incurred losses exceed our estimates, we would reflect adverse rather than positive development.

The reduction in operational expenses by \$17.9 million or 45% was primarily due to reversals of \$16.6 million in accruals related to executive compensation, and bonus and incentive compensation accruals.

## Individual Risk Segment

The following table summarizes the underwriting results and ratios for the Individual Risk segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

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Nine months ended September 30, (in thousands)	 2004	 2003
Gross premium written	\$ 372,557	\$ 335,203
Net premium written	\$ 325,456	\$ 250,854
Net premium earned	\$ 293,122	\$ 211,457
Claims and claim expenses incurred	277,637	105,189
Acquisition expenses	102,501	69,136
Operational expenses	17,109	9,295
Underwriting income (loss)	\$ (104,125)	\$ 27,837
Claims and claim expenses incurred — current accident year	\$ 293,027	\$ 124,720
Claims and claim expenses incurred — prior years	(15,390)	(19,531)
Net claims and claim expenses incurred — total	\$ 277,637	\$ 105,189
Claims and claim expense ratio — accident year	 100.0%	 59.0%
Claims and claim expense ratio — calendar year	94.7%	49.7%
Underwriting expense ratio	40.8%	37.1%
Combined ratio	135.5%	 86.8%

#### Premiums

The increase in gross premiums written from our Individual Risk operations of \$37.4 million or 11.1% in the first nine months of 2004 was primarily the result of our addition of new programs and expansion of existing programs compared to the prior year, and continuing improvement in the market environment. The year-to-date growth in individual risk premiums is below our expectations due to later inceptions of certain programs than previously anticipated. We expect that the late inception of these programs will contribute to our growth in gross written premium in the Individual Risk segment in 2005, as discussed in "Current Outlook" below.

#### **Underwriting Results**

The underwriting loss of \$104.1 million was a result of the \$133 million effect from the third quarter hurricane activity including a \$15 million negative impact to net premiums earned for ceded reinstatement premiums and a \$118 million increase in claims and claim expenses incurred (see our three month Individual Risk segment results above). After adjusting the nine month underwriting activity for the \$133 million effect from the third quarter hurricanes, the underwriting results would have approximated underwriting income of \$29 million and a combined ratio of 90.6%, which are in line with the nine month activity ending September 30, 2003.

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The fee income, equity pick up and other items as reported in other income and in equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures are detailed below:

Nine months ended September 30, (in thousands)	 2004		2003
Fee income	\$ 3,395	\$	6,007
Other items	(7,830)		(3,119)
Total other income (loss)	 (4,435)	-	2,888
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures	20,501		17,834
Total	\$ 16,066	\$	20,722

As noted in our analysis of other income (loss) for the three months ended September 30, 2004, the primary reasons for the \$7.3 million decrease in total other income (loss) is due to the losses on credit derivatives of \$6.9 million sustained in 2004 compared to losses of \$1.9 million in 2003.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated ventures increased by \$2.7 million, as a decrease in our equity pickup from Top Layer Re was offset by \$5.8 million of equity pickup to date from our investment in Channel Re, which was made in February 2004, and \$3.9 million of equity pickup from a joint venture focused on trading weathersensitive commodities and securities. Beginning in the third quarter of 2004, the increase in value of this joint venture focused on trading weather-sensitive commodities and securities is captured in investment income as a result of a change in the entity's structure (see discussion of third quarter results above).

#### Other Items

A description of the changes in other non-underwriting income and expense items is as follows:

- Net investment income increased by \$10.6 million to \$104.4 million from \$93.8 million primarily due to an
  increase in our returns from our alternative investment portfolio by \$6.7 million, and due to a change in the
  accounting treatment of our earnings from a joint venture focused on trading weather-sensitive commodities
  and securities (due to a decrease in our percentage ownership), which is now included in investment income
  of \$1.6 million. Investment income also increased as a result of an increase in invested assets and higher
  returns on such investments.
- The \$8.6 million increase in interest, preference share dividends, and, in 2003, Capital Securities minority interest is due to the issuance of the Series B preference shares and the 5.875% Senior Notes in January and February 2003, respectively. A full nine months of expense is included in the 2004 results whereas a full nine months of expense was not included in the 2003 nine month results. Also increasing the cost is the issuance of \$250 million 6.08% Series C preference shares in March 2004.
- Minority interest DaVinciRe decreased by \$113.7 million, from an expense of \$56.2 million to income of \$57.4 million due to hurricane losses sustained by DaVinci in the third quarter of 2004 (see discussion of third quarter results above).
- Additional items included in the Other Items caption and causing this item to increase to a cost of \$17.0 million compared to a cost of \$0.7 million are 1) a reduction in foreign exchange gains from \$11.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 to \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 due to positive changes in certain European currencies in 2003; such potential changes were hedged during 2004, and 2) an increase in the third quarter 2004 valuation allowance on deferred tax asset to reflect a valuation allowance of 100% of the deferred tax asset, resulting in an income tax expense of \$4.0 million.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

RenaissanceRe is a holding company, and we therefore rely on dividends from our subsidiaries and investment income to make principal, interest and dividend payments on our debt and capital securities, and to make dividend payments to our preference shareholders and common shareholders.

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The payment of dividends by our Bermuda subsidiaries is, under certain circumstances, limited under Bermuda insurance law, which requires our Bermuda insurance subsidiaries to maintain certain measures of solvency and liquidity. At September 30, 2004, the statutory capital and surplus of our Bermuda insurance subsidiaries was \$2,109 million, and the amount of capital and surplus required to be maintained was \$484 million. Our U.S. insurance subsidiary, Stonington, is also required to maintain certain measures of solvency and liquidity. At September 30, 2004, the statutory capital and surplus of Stonington was \$52.7 million and the maximum dividend it could pay without prior approval was \$2.7 million.

In total and on an annual basis, our operating subsidiaries have historically produced sufficient cash flows to meet their expected claims payments and operational expenses and to provide dividend payments to us. Our subsidiaries also maintain a concentration of investments in high quality liquid securities, which management believes will provide sufficient liquidity to meet extraordinary claims payments should the need arise. Additionally, we maintain a \$500.0 million revolving credit facility to meet additional capital requirements, if necessary. However, because the insurance and reinsurance coverages provided by our subsidiaries are subject to infrequent losses of potentially high severity, it is possible that in any one quarter that our holding company may be called upon to make capital infusions into our subsidiaries, as occurred during the third quarter of 2004 as a

result of the recent hurricane activity, where our holding company contributed \$275 million of capital to our subsidiary companies.

#### CASH FLOWS

Cash flows from operations in the first nine months of 2004 were \$751.8 million, which principally consisted of increases in reserves for claims and claim expenses (net) of \$746.3 million and increases in reserves for unearned premiums of \$232.6 million, partially offset by our net loss of \$48.4 million and an increase of \$102.8 million in premiums receivable, among other items.

Because a large portion of the coverages we provide typically can produce losses of high severity and low frequency, it is not possible to accurately predict our future cash flows from operating activities. As a consequence, cash flows from operating activities may fluctuate, perhaps significantly, between individual quarters and years.

Although our consolidated cash flows from operations are significantly in excess of our current needs, much of this is due to the increase in our net reserves for claims and claim expenses, specifically as it relates to the occurrence of the recent Florida hurricanes. Such hurricanes caused our net reserves, after payments of losses on these hurricanes, to increase by \$605.3 million during the quarter. As we pay these losses over the next couple of years, our cash flows from operations will be negatively impacted.

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#### RESERVES FOR CLAIMS AND CLAIM EXPENSES

Our gross case reserves and IBNR by line of business at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 were as follows:

At September 30, 2004	Case Reserves		IBNR		 Total
Property catastrophe reinsurance	\$	181,872	\$	652,387	\$ 834,259
Specialty reinsurance		101,474		392,237	493,711
Total Reinsurance		283,346		1,044,624	1,327,970
Individual Risk		113,268		294,820	408,088
Total	\$	396,614	\$	1,339,444	\$ 1,736,058
At December 31, 2003					
Property catastrophe reinsurance	\$	196,477	\$	238,021	\$ 434,498
Specialty reinsurance		88,899		256,630	345,529
Total Reinsurance	·	285,376		494,651	 780,027
Individual Risk		95,930		101,935	197,865
Total	\$	381,306	\$	596,586	\$ 977,892

Of the total case reserve amounts above, the amount reported by ceding insurers and insureds was \$242.5 million at September 30, 2004 and \$244.0 million at December 31, 2003. The remaining balance represents additional case reserve estimates established by management.

The \$742.9 million increase in IBNR at September 30, 2004 compared to December 31, 2003 is primarily due to the third quarter 2004 hurricanes losses.

At September 30, 2004 our estimated IBNR reserve was \$1,339.4 million. A 5% change in such IBNR reserves would equate to a \$67.0 million adjustment to claims and claim expenses incurred, which would represent 2.7% of shareholders' equity at September 30, 2004.

As discussed in "Summary of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates", for insurance and reinsurance companies, the most significant accounting judgment made by management is the estimation of the claims and claim expense reserves. Because of the variability and uncertainty associated with loss estimation, it is possible that our individual case reserves are incorrect, possibly materially.

A large portion of our coverages provide protection from natural and man-made catastrophes which are generally infrequent, but can be significant, such as losses from hurricanes and earthquakes. Our claims and claim expense reserves will generally fluctuate, sometimes materially, based upon the occurrence of a significant natural or man-made catastrophic loss for which we provide reinsurance. Our claims reserves will also fluctuate based on the payments we make for these large loss events. The timing of our payments on loss events can be affected by various factors, including the event causing the loss, the location of the loss, and whether our losses are from policies with insurers or reinsurers.

During 2003 and continuing in the first nine months of 2004, we increased our specialty reinsurance and Individual Risk gross written premiums (see – "Summary of Results of Operations"). The addition of these lines of business adds complexity to our claims reserving process and therefore adds uncertainty to our claims reserve estimates, as the reporting of information, the setting of initial reserves and the loss settlement process for these lines of business vary from our traditional property catastrophe line of business.

For our Reinsurance and Individual Risk operations, our estimates of claims reserves include case reserves reported to us as well as our estimate of appropriate additional case reserves and IBNR. Our

case reserves and our estimates for IBNR reserves are based on 1) claims reports from insureds and program managers, 2) aggregate industry loss reports and estimates, 3) our underwriters' experience in setting claims reserves, 4) the use of computer models where applicable and 5) historical industry claims experience. For some classes of business we use statistical and actuarial methods to estimate ultimate expected claims and claim expenses. We review our claims reserves on a regular basis. (Also see "Summary of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates")

#### **CAPITAL RESOURCES**

Our total capital resources as at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 were as follows:

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	At September 30, 2004			At December 31, 2003	
Common shareholders' equity	\$	1,957,115	\$	2,084,643	
Preference shares		500,000		250,000	
Total shareholders' equity		2,457,115		2,334,643	
7.0% Senior Notes		150,000		150,000	
5.875% Senior Notes		100,000		100,000	
DaVinci revolving credit facility — borrowed		100,000		100,000	
8.54% subordinated obligation to capital trust		103,093		103,093	
Revolving credit facility — unborrowed		500,000		400,000	
Total capital resources	\$	3,410,208	\$	3,187,736	

During the first nine months of 2004, our capital resources increased primarily as a result of the issuance of \$250 million of Series C preference shares and an increase in our revolving credit facility, offset by our net loss attributable to common shareholders of \$70.8 million and dividends payable to our common shareholders of \$40.3 million.

In March 2004, we raised \$250 million through the issuance of 10 million Series C preference shares, in February 2003, we raised \$100 million through the issuance of 4 million Series B preference shares, and in November 2001, we raised \$150 million through the issuance of 6 million Series A preference shares. The Series C, Series B and Series A preference shares may be redeemed at \$25 per share at our option on or after March 23, 2009, February 4, 2008 and November 19, 2006, respectively; however, we have no current intentions to redeem the shares. Dividends on the Series C, Series B and Series A preference shares are cumulative from the date of original issuance and are payable quarterly in arrears at 6.08%, 7.3% and 8.1%, respectively, when, if, and as declared by the Board of Directors. If RenaissanceRe submits a proposal to our shareholders concerning an amalgamation or submit any proposal that, as a result of any changes to Bermuda law, requires approval of the holders of RenaissanceRe preference shares to vote as a single class, RenaissanceRe may redeem the Series C, Series B and Series A preference shares prior to March 23, 2009, February 4, 2008 and November 19, 2006, respectively, at \$26 per share. The preference shares have no stated maturity and are not convertible into any other of our securities

In January 2003, RenaissanceRe issued \$100 million of 5.875% Senior Notes due February 15, 2013, with interest on the notes payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year. In July 2001, RenaissanceRe issued \$150 million of 7.0% Senior Notes due July 15, 2008 with interest on the notes payable on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The notes can be redeemed by RenaissanceRe prior to maturity subject to payment of a "makewhole" premium; however, we have no current intentions of calling the notes. The notes, which are senior obligations, contain various covenants, including limitations on mergers and consolidations, restriction as to the disposition of stock of designated subsidiaries and limitations on liens on the stock of designated subsidiaries. RenaissanceRe was in compliance with the related covenants at September 30, 2004.

Our Capital Trust has issued Capital Securities which pay cumulative cash distributions at an annual rate of 8.54%, payable semi-annually. During the first nine months of 2004 and the year ended December 31, 2003, RenaissanceRe did not purchase any of the Capital Securities. RenaissanceRe has

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purchased an aggregate \$15.4 million of the Capital Securities since their issuance in 1997. The sole asset of the Capital Trust consists of our junior subordinated debentures. The Indenture relating to these junior subordinated debentures contains certain covenants, including a covenant prohibiting us from the payment of dividends if we are in default under the Indenture. We were in compliance with all of the covenants of the Indenture at September 30, 2004. The Capital Securities mature on March 1, 2027.

During May 2004, DaVinciRe amended and restated its credit agreement providing for a \$100 million committed revolving credit facility and maintained as outstanding the full \$100 million available under this facility. Neither RenaissanceRe nor Renaissance Reinsurance is a guarantor of this facility and the lenders have no recourse against us or our subsidiaries other than DaVinciRe and its subsidiary under the DaVinciRe facility. Pursuant to the terms of the \$500 million facility maintained by RenaissanceRe, a default by DaVinciRe on its obligations will not result in a default under the RenaissanceRe facility. Interest rates on the facility are based on a spread

above LIBOR, and averaged approximately 2.1% during the first nine months of 2004 (2003 – 2.2%). As amended, the credit agreement contains certain covenants requiring DaVinciRe to maintain a debt to capital ratio of 30% or below and a minimum net worth of \$250 million. At September 30, 2004, DaVinciRe was in compliance with the covenants of this agreement. The amended and restated agreement extended the term of the facility to May 25, 2007.

Under the terms of certain reinsurance contracts, we may be required to provide letters of credit to reinsureds in respect of reported claims and/or unearned premiums. Our principal letter of credit facility is a \$600 million syndicated secured facility which accepts as collateral shares issued by our subsidiary Renaissance Investment Holdings Ltd. ("RIHL"), whose assets consist of high grade fixed income securities. Our participating operating subsidiaries and our managed joint ventures have pledged (and must maintain) RIHL shares issued to them with a sufficient collateral value to support their respective obligations under the facility, including reimbursement obligations for outstanding letters of credit. The participating subsidiaries and joint ventures also have the option to post alternative forms of collateral. In addition, for liquidity purposes, in order to be permitted to pledge RIHL shares as collateral, each participating subsidiary and joint venture must maintain additional unpledged RIHL shares that have a net asset value at least equal to 15% of its facility usage, and in the aggregate the net asset value of all unpledged RIHL shares must be maintained at least equal to 15% of all of the outstanding RIHL shares. In the case of a default under the facility, or in other circumstances in which the rights of our lenders to collect on their collateral may be impaired, the lenders may exercise certain remedies under the facility agreement, in accordance with and subject to its terms, including redemption of pledged shares and conversion of the collateral into cash or eligible marketable securities. The redemption of shares by the collateral agent takes priority over any pending redemption of unpledged shares by us or other holders. In March 2004, the facility was increased to \$600 million from \$485 million and the term was extended to March 30, 2005. At September 30, 2004, we had outstanding letters of credit aggregating \$384.2 million.

Also, in connection with our Top Layer Re joint venture we have committed \$37.5 million of collateral to support a letter of credit and are obligated to make a mandatory capital contribution of up to \$50.0 million in the event that a loss reduces Top Layer Re's capital below a specified level.

During August 2004, we amended and restated our committed revolving credit agreement to increase the facility from \$400 million to \$500 million, to extend the term to August 6, 2009 and to make certain other changes. The interest rates on this facility are based on a spread above LIBOR. No balance was outstanding at September 30, 2004. As amended, the agreement contains certain financial covenants. These covenants generally provide that consolidated debt to capital shall not exceed the ratio (the "Debt to Capital Ratio") of 0.35:1 and that the consolidated net worth (the "Net Worth Requirements") of RenaissanceRe and Renaissance Reinsurance shall equal or exceed \$1 billion and \$500 million, respectively, subject to certain adjustments under certain circumstances in the case of the Debt to Capital Ratio and certain grace periods in the case of the Net Worth Requirements, all as more fully set forth in the agreement. We have the right, subject to certain conditions, to increase the size of this facility to \$600 million.

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## SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the first nine months of 2004, our consolidated shareholders' equity, including preference shares, increased by \$122.5 million to \$2.5 billion as of September 30, 2004, from \$2.3 billion as of December 31, 2003. The change in shareholders' equity was due to the issuance of \$250 million of Series C preference shares, partially offset by our net loss attributable to common shareholders of \$70.8 million and dividend payments to our common shareholders of \$40.3 million.

## INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2004, we held investments totaling \$5.0 billion, compared to \$4.2 billion at December 31, 2003

The table below shows the aggregate amounts of our invested assets:

(in thousands of U.S. dollars)	A	t September 30, 2004	At December 31, 2003	
Fixed maturity investments available for sale, at fair value	\$	3,389,065	\$	2,947,841
Short term investments, at cost		697,380		660,564
Other investments, at fair value		590,461		369,242
Total managed investment portfolio		4,676,906		3,977,647
Equity investments in reinsurance company, at fair value		139,712		145,535
Investments in other ventures, under equity method		150,551		41,130
Total investments	\$	4,967,169	\$	4,164,312

The \$802.9 million growth in our total investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 resulted primarily from net cash provided by operating activities of \$751.8 million and the proceeds from our sale of \$250 million of Series C preference shares, partially offset by a \$75.9 million increase in cash and cash equivalents and by dividends to common and preference shareholders of \$40.3 million and \$22.5 million, respectively.

Because our coverages include substantial protection for damages resulting from natural and man-made catastrophes, we may become liable for substantial claim payments on short-term notice. Accordingly, our

investment portfolio is structured to preserve capital and provide a high level of liquidity which means that the large majority of our investment portfolio consists of highly rated fixed income securities, including U.S. Treasuries, highly-rated sovereign and supranational securities, high-grade corporate securities and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities. At September 30, 2004, our invested asset portfolio of fixed maturities and short term investments had a dollar weighted average rating of AA, an average duration of 2.3 years and an average yield to maturity of 3.5%. As noted in our discussion of our cash flows above, our future cash flows from operations will be negatively impacted by losses we will be required to pay related to the recent third quarter hurricanes. Accordingly we will be appropriately adjusting the liquidity and duration of our investments to meet those claim payments (see – "Cash Flows" above).

The other investments consist mainly of investments in hedge funds, private equity funds, a fund that invests in senior secured bank loans, a high yield credit fund, a non-U.S. dollar convertible fund, an investment in a medium term note which represents an interest in a pool of European fixed income securities, catastrophe bonds and an investment in a joint venture focused on trading weather-sensitive commodities and securities. During the first nine months of 2004, the increase in such investments was primarily the result of additional investments spread amongst the investment classes listed above. At September 30, 2004, we have committed capital to private equity partnerships of \$182.1 million, of which \$54.7 million has been contributed at September 30, 2004.

The equity investments in reinsurance company relates to our November 1, 2002 purchase of 3,960,000 common shares of Platinum in a private placement transaction. In addition, we received a 10-year

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warrant to purchase up to 2.5 million additional common shares of Platinum for \$27.00 per share. We purchased the common shares and warrant for an aggregate price of \$84.2 million. At September 30, 2004, we own 9.2% of Platinum's outstanding common shares. We have recorded our investments in Platinum at fair value, and at September 30, 2004 the aggregate fair value was \$139.7 million, compared to \$145.5 million at December 31, 2003. The aggregate unrealized gain of \$55.5 million on the Platinum investments is included in accumulated other comprehensive income, of which \$23.8 million represents our estimate of the value of the warrant. In the fourth quarter of 2004, a lockup on the underlying shares of the warrant will expire, at which time the warrant will meet the GAAP definition of a derivative and the Company will record the fair value of the warrant in current earnings in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". This will result in an initial increase in earnings in an amount equal to the unrealized gain on the warrant at that time.

The investments in other ventures, under equity method primarily represents our investments in Channel Re, Top Layer Re and other unconsolidated ventures. The increase in this balance is primarily due to our \$119.7 million funding of Channel Re in February 2004.

At September 30, 2004, \$18.6 million of cash and cash equivalents were invested in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, which represented less than 1% of our total investments and cash.

A portion of our investment assets are directly held by our subsidiary RIHL, a Bermuda company organized for the primary purpose of holding investments in high quality marketable securities for RenaissanceRe, our operating subsidiaries and certain of our joint venture affiliates. We believe that RIHL permits us to consolidate and substantially facilitate our investment management operations. RenaissanceRe and each of our participating operating subsidiaries and affiliates have transferred marketable securities or other assets to RIHL, in return for subscriptions of RIHL equity interests. Each RIHL share is redeemable by the subscribing companies for cash or marketable securities. The subsidiaries and joint ventures which participate in RIHL both subscribe for additional shares and redeem outstanding shares, as our and their respective liquidity needs change. RIHL is currently rated AAAf/S2 by S&P.

#### NON-INDEMNITY INDEX TRANSACTIONS

We have assumed risk through derivative instruments under which losses could be triggered by an industry loss index or geological or physical variables. During the first nine months of 2004, we recorded income on non-indemnity index transactions of \$nil, compared to a loss of \$0.6 million for the same period in 2003. We report these gains or losses in other income.

# EFFECTS OF INFLATION

The effects of inflation could cause the severity of claims to rise in the future. The Company's estimates for losses and loss expenses include assumptions about future payments for settlement of claims and claims handling expenses, such as litigation costs and the costs of medical treatments. To the extent inflation causes these costs to increase above reserves established for these claims, the Company will be required to increase the reserve for losses and loss expenses with a corresponding reduction in its earnings in the period in which the deficiency is identified. With respect to our catastrophe exposed businesses, the potential exists, after a catastrophe loss, for the development of inflationary pressures in a local or regional economy. The anticipated effects on us are considered in our catastrophe loss models. The effects of inflation are also considered in pricing and in estimating reserves for unpaid claims and claim expenses. The actual effects of this post-event inflation on our results cannot be accurately known until claims are ultimately settled. Inflation could also impair the value of our investment assets.

## OFF-BALANCE SHEET AND SPECIAL PURPOSE ENTITY ARRANGEMENTS

As of September 30, 2004, we have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined by Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

#### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

At September 30, 2004, the material changes to the Company's contractual obligations from December 31, 2003 were as follows

At September 30, 2004 (in thousands)	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Long-term debt obligations (1)					
DaVinciRe revolving credit facility (2)	105,564	2,100	103,464	_	
Private equity commitments	127,400	127,400		_	_
Operating lease obligations	54,193	3,794	7,947	8,287	34,165
Obligations under derivative contracts	27,589	9,263	10,057	8,269	_

- (1) Includes contractual interest and dividend payments.
- (2) The interest on this facility is based on a spread above LIBOR. We have reflected the interest due in based upon the current interest rate on the facility.

In certain circumstances many of our contractual obligations may be accelerated to dates other than those reflected in the table, due to defaults under the agreement governing those obligations (including pursuant to cross-default provisions in such agreement) or in connection with certain changes in control of the Company, if applicable. In addition, in connection with any such default under the agreement governing these obligations, in certain circumstances these obligations may be increased by interest or penalties as a result of such a default.

#### **CURRENT OUTLOOK**

We believe that the principal components of our operations continue to display strong fundamentals and we currently anticipate the following developments in our business:

#### Reinsurance segment

Prior to the occurrence of the recent hurricane activity we believed prices in the property markets would continue to decline. However, with the occurrence of the recent hurricane losses, we do see some signs of price improvement and although it is still early in the important January renewal process, we currently estimate that our 2005 cat premiums will remain relatively consistent with those of 2004.

In the specialty reinsurance market, prices in many but not all of the products we offer are showing signs of softening. However, conditions vary significantly by product type and certain products are attractive to us while others are not. We currently expect that our 2005 specialty premium will be roughly flat compared to 2004.

#### Individual Risk segment

We currently are expecting our Individual Risk premiums for 2004 to increase by 10% to 15% for the full year compared to the full year 2003. This is a reduction from our previous estimate that our 2004 Individual Risk premium would increase by approximately 30% for the 2004 year. The decrease is primarily due to the delay in bringing new programs and program managers on line in 2004. Our current expectation is that two of these programs will now incept in 2005 and accordingly we are expecting our 2005 Individual Risk premiums to increase by over 40% from our 2004 levels. We believe that our infrastructure, our strong credit ratings and our financial strength will enable us to continue to attract additional program managers who control attractive books of business and who, among other things, are currently concerned with the credit ratings of their current insurance carriers.

Because of our desire to be selective in which programs we choose to accept and our focus on programs with large premium volumes, it is probable that our quarterly written premiums in our Individual Risk segment will reflect the timing of entering into or exiting these agreements and therefore we expect to experience fluctuations in the comparison of our premiums written from quarter to quarter.

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## New Business

We believe that our position in the reinsurance and insurance markets we target is increasingly strong as a result of our reputation for service, prompt claims payments, proprietary analytic tools and financial strength. Additionally, the general long term credit quality of many insurance and reinsurance companies, and the related credit ratings of those companies, are becoming an increasing concern of many insurance and reinsurance customers. We believe that these factors will continue to offer opportunities to companies such as ours with strong credit ratings, a seasoned management team, and a history of successful performance.

The current market environment is also providing us with selective opportunities for our joint venture and structured product initiatives. In evaluating these initiatives, we may consider opportunities in other areas of the insurance and reinsurance markets, or in other financial markets, either through organic growth, the formation of

new joint ventures, or the acquisition of other companies or books of business of other companies. We are currently in the process of reviewing certain opportunities and periodically engage in discussions regarding possible transactions, although there can be no assurance that we will complete any such transactions or that any such transaction would contribute materially to our results of operations or financial condition. It is also possible that new ventures we pursue will have different return characteristics than our traditional businesses, including greater volatility.

#### **Industry Developments**

The New York Attorney General and other governmental and regulatory bodies are investigating allegations relating to a wide range of practices in the insurance and reinsurance industry, including contingent commissions payments and allegations of price fixing, market allocation, or bid rigging. As of the date hereof, we have not been contacted by any of these parties, although we have received a demand to produce information from the North Carolina Department of Insurance as part of an industry-wide review. The Company intends to cooperate with this request and others it may receive from governmental bodies.

We have undertaken to review our practices in light of the matters being reviewed by the New York Attorney General and other governmental authorities. To assist with our review, we have engaged the law firm Boies, Schiller & Flexner LLP. This review is ongoing. In the past, certain subsidiaries of the Company have entered into some placement service and market service agreements with insurance brokers. We are actively monitoring these ongoing, industry-wide investigations. It is possible that these investigations or related regulatory developments will mandate changes in industry practices in a fashion which increases our costs or requires us to alter aspects of the way we do business.

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#### Safe Harbor Disclosure

In connection with, and because it desires to take advantage of, the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Company cautions readers regarding certain forward-looking statements contained in this report.

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements are necessarily based on estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which, with respect to future business decisions, are subject to change. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, us.

In particular, statements using words such as "may", "should", "estimate", "expect", "anticipate", "intends", "believe", "predict" or words of similar import generally involve forward-looking statements. In light of the risks and uncertainties inherent in all future projections, the inclusion of forward-looking statements in this report should not be considered as a representation by the Company or any other person that its objectives or plans will be achieved. Numerous factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those addressed by the forward-looking statements, including the following:

- the occurrence of natural or man-made catastrophic events with a frequency or severity exceeding our
  estimates, and the risk that the size of claims relating to the 2004 hurricane losses described herein may
  change due to the preliminary nature of some of the reports and estimates of loss and damage to date;
- risks associated with implementing our business strategies and initiatives for organic growth, including risks relating to managing that growth;
- 3. risks associated with the growth of our specialty reinsurance and Individual Risk businesses, particularly the development of our infrastructure to support this growth;
- 4. risks relating to our strategy of relying on program managers, third party administrators, and other vendors to support our Individual Risk operations;
- 5. other risks of doing business with program managers, including the risk we might be bound to policyholder obligations beyond our underwriting intent, and the risk that our program managers or agents may elect not to continue or renew their programs with us;
- possible challenges in maintaining our fee-based operations, including risks associated with retaining our existing partners and attracting potential new partners;
- 7. the risk that ongoing investigative regulatory developments will disrupt our business, or that of our business partners, or mandate changes in industry practices in a fashion which increases our costs or requires us to alter aspects of the way we do business;
- 8. acts of terrorism, war or political unrest;
- the inherent uncertainties in our reserving process, which we believe are increasing as we diversify into new product classes;
- 10. emerging claim and coverage issues, which could expand our obligations beyond the amount we intend to

underwrite:

- a decrease in the level of demand for our reinsurance or insurance business, or increased competition in the industry;
- greater frequency or severity of claims and loss activity, including as a result of natural or man-made catastrophic events, than our underwriting, reserving or investment practices anticipate based on historical experience or industry data;
- 13. changes in economic conditions, including interest rate, currency, equity and credit conditions which could affect our investment portfolio;

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- 14. extraordinary events affecting our clients or brokers, such as bankruptcies and liquidations, and the risk that we may not retain or replace our large clients;
- 15. a contention by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service that our Bermuda subsidiaries, including Renaissance Reinsurance and Glencoe, are subject to U.S. taxation;
- 16. the lowering or loss of any of the financial or claims-paying ratings of RenaissanceRe or of one or more of our subsidiaries or changes in the policies or practices of the rating agencies;
- 17. loss of services of any one of our key executive officers;
- 18. risks relating to the collectibility of our reinsurance, including both our Reinsurance and Individual Risk operations, as well as risks relating to the availability of coverage from creditworthy providers;
- 19. failures of our reinsurers, brokers or program managers to honor their obligations, including their obligations to make third party payments for which we might be liable, a risk which may have increased as regards brokers in light of recent developments;
- changes in the distribution or placement of risks due to increased consolidation of insurance and reinsurance brokers, or program managers, or from potential changes in their business practices which may be required by future regulatory changes;
- changes in insurance regulations in the U.S. or other jurisdictions in which we operate, including potential
  challenges to Renaissance Reinsurance's claim of exemption from insurance regulation under current laws,
  and the risk of increased global regulation of the insurance and reinsurance industry;
- 22. the passage of federal or state legislation subjecting Renaissance Reinsurance to supervision or regulation, including additional tax regulation, in the U.S. or other jurisdictions in which we operate; and
- 23. actions of competitors, including industry consolidation, the launch of new entrants and the development of competing financial products.

The factors listed above should not be construed as exhaustive. Certain of these factors are described in more detail from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We undertake no obligation to release publicly the results of any future revisions we may make to forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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## Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are principally exposed to four types of market risk: interest rate risk, equity price risk, foreign currency risk and credit risk. The Company's investment guidelines permit, subject to specific approval, investments in derivative instruments such as futures, options and foreign currency forward contracts for purposes other than trading.

## **Interest Rate Risk**

Our investment portfolio includes fixed maturity investments available for sale and short-term investments, whose market values will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. We attempt to maintain adequate liquidity in our fixed maturities investment portfolio to fund operations, pay reinsurance and insurance liabilities and claims and provide funding for unexpected events. We seek to manage our credit risk through means including industry and issuer diversification, and interest rate risk by monitoring the duration and structure of our investment portfolio.

The aggregate hypothetical loss generated from an immediate adverse parallel shift in the treasury yield curve of 100 basis points would cause a decrease in total return of 2.3%, which equated to a decrease in market value of

approximately \$99.9 million on a portfolio valued at \$4,342.5 million at September 30, 2004. At December 31, 2003, the decrease in total return would have been 2.0%, which equated to a decrease in market value of approximately \$79.6 million on a portfolio valued at \$3,977.6 million. The foregoing reflects the use of an immediate time horizon, since this presents the worst-case scenario. Credit spreads are assumed to remain constant in these hypothetical examples.

#### **Equity Price Risk**

We are exposed to equity price risk due to our investment in the common shares and warrant to purchase additional common shares of Platinum (see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Investments"), which we carry on our balance sheet at fair value. The risk is the potential for loss in fair value resulting from the adverse changes in Platinum's common stock. The aggregate fair value of this investment in Platinum was \$139.7 million as at September 30, 2004 compared to \$145.5 million as at December 31, 2003. A hypothetical 10% decline in the price of Platinum stock, holding all other factors constant, would have resulted in a \$17.2 million decline in fair value, which would be recorded in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities and included in other comprehensive income in shareholders' equity. We also have indirect exposure to the equity markets through certain investments in private equity funds and hedge funds, which investments totaled \$273.8 million at September 30, 2004.

## Foreign Currency Risk

Our functional currency is the U.S. dollar. We write a substantial portion of our business in currencies other than U.S. dollars and may, from time to time, experience exchange gains and losses and incur underwriting losses in currencies other than U.S. dollars, which will in turn affect our consolidated financial statements.

Our foreign currency policy with regard to our underwriting operations is generally to hold foreign currency assets, including cash, investments and receivables that approximate the foreign currency liabilities, including claims and claim expense reserves and reinsurance balances payable. When necessary, the Company will use foreign currency forward and option contracts to minimize the effect of fluctuating foreign currencies on the value of non-U.S. dollar denominated assets and liabilities associated with our underwriting operations. As of September 30, 2004, the Company had notional exposure of \$55.0 million related to foreign currency forward and option contracts purchased to minimize the effect of fluctuating foreign currencies on assets and liabilities associated with our underwriting operations.

For our investment operations, we are exposed to currency fluctuations through our investments in non-U.S. Dollar bonds and Euro denominated fixed income funds. As of September 30, 2004, our combined investment in these bonds and funds was \$174.6 million. To hedge our exposure to currency

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fluctuations from these funds, we have entered into foreign currency forward and option contracts with notional exposure of \$166.0 million. In the future, we may choose to increase our exposure to non-dollar investments.

Our foreign currency and option contracts are recorded at fair value, which is determined principally by obtaining quotes from independent dealers and counter parties. The fair value of these contracts as of September 30, 2004 was a loss of \$4.2 million. All changes in exchange rates are recognized currently in our statements of income.

## Credit Risk

Our exposure to credit risk is primarily due to our fixed maturity investments available for sale and short term investments, and to a lesser extent, reinsurance premiums receivable and ceded reinsurance balances. At September 30, 2004, our invested asset portfolio had a dollar weighted average rating of AA. From time to time we purchase credit default swaps to hedge our exposures in the insurance industry, to assist in managing the credit risk associated with our ceded reinsurance program and to hedge other credit sensitive positions. At September 30, 2004, the maximum payments we were obligated to make under these credit default swaps was \$23.4 million. We account for these credit derivatives at fair value and record them on our consolidated balance sheet as other assets or other liabilities depending on the rights or obligations. The fair value of these credit derivatives, as recognized in other liabilities in our balance sheet, at September 30, 2004 and 2003 was a liability of \$8.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. During the first nine months of 2004 and 2003, we recorded losses of \$6.9 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, in our consolidated statement of income, which include cash payments and fair value adjustments. The net fair value of these instruments is \$8.7 million and \$1.4 million and is reflected as a liability on the balance sheets at September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The fair value of the credit derivatives are determined using industry valuation models. The fair value of these credit derivatives can change based on a variety of factors including changes in credit spreads, default rates and recovery rates, the correlation of credit risk between the referenced credit and the counterparty, and market rate inputs such as interest rates. Our \$121.3 investment in the Channel Re financial guaranty business is also subject to potential variability due to changes in credit market conditions.

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## Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

to be disclosed in our periodic Exchange Act reports, such as this quarterly report, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely and accurate basis. Our disclosure controls are also designed with the objective of ensuring that such information is accumulated and communicated to our senior management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the issuer; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the issuer are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the issuer; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the issuer's assets that could have a material effect on financial statements.

Limitations on the effectiveness of controls: Our Board of Directors and management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, do not expect that our disclosure controls or internal controls will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, we believe that the design of any prudent control system must reflect appropriate resource constraints, such that the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, there can be no absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, applicable to us have been or will be detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some individuals, by collusion of more than one person, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Evaluation: An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as required by Rule 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded, subject to the limitations noted above, that at September 30, 2004, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that all material information required to be filed in this Report has been made known to them in a timely fashion. There has been no change in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the nine months ended September 30, 2004 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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## Part II — OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1 — Legal Proceedings

We are, from time to time, a party to litigation and arbitration that arises in the normal course of our business operations. We are also subject to other potential litigation, disputes, and regulatory or governmental inquiry. While any proceeding contains an element of uncertainty, we believe that we are not presently a party to any such litigation or arbitration that is likely to have a material adverse effect on our business or operations.

## Item 2 — Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Below is a summary of stock repurchases for the quarter ended September 30, 2004. RenaissanceRe's Board has authorized a share repurchase program of \$150 million. No shares were repurchased under this program in the quarter ended September 30, 2004. See Note 5 of our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding RenaissanceRe's stock repurchase plan.

	Total number of shares purchased (in thousands)	_	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (in thousands)	value of shares that may yet be purchased under the publicly announced plans or programs (1) (in millions)
Beginning shares available to be					
repurchased	-		-	-	\$ 150.0
July 1 - 31, 2004 (2)	19	\$	53.50	0	150.0
August 1 - 31, 2004	0		-	0	150.0
September 1 - 30, 2004	0		-	0	150.0
Total	19	\$	53.50	0	\$ 150.0

Maximum dollar

- The Company publicly announced its share repurchase program of \$150 million on August 7, 2003. No expiration date has been established for this program.
- (2) These repurchases exclusively represent withholdings from employees surrendered in respect of withholding tax obligations on the vesting of restricted stock, or in lieu of cash payments for the exercise price of employee stock options.

## Item 3 — Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

#### Item 4 — Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- (a) A Special General Meeting of our shareholders was held on August 31, 2004.
- (b) Proxies were solicited by our management pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act; there was no solicitation of opposition to our proposal.
- (c) At the Special General Meeting, our shareholders approved the RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. 2004 Stock Option Incentive Plan, by the following vote:

	Votes For	Votes Against	Abstained
TOTAL	46,627,639	2,628,339	74,191
Percentage	94.5%	5.3%	0.2%

#### Item 5 — Other Information

None

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#### Item 6 — Exhibits

- a. Exhibits:
- 10.1 RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. 2004 Stock Option Incentive Plan (the "Plan") (incorporated by reference to RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on September 2, 2004).
- 10.2 Option Agreement pursuant to which option grants are made under the Plan to James N. Stanard (incorporated by reference to RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on September 2, 2004).
- 10.3 Form of Option Agreement pursuant to which option grants are made under the Plan to executive officers (excluding grants to Mr. Stanard). (incorporated by reference to RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on September 2, 2004).
- 10.4 Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2004, among RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., the Lenders named therein, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, as LC Issuer and Co-Documentation Agent, HSBC Bank US, National Association, as Co-Documentation Agent, Citibank, N.A. and Wachovia Bank, National Association, as Co-Syndication Agents, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Banc of America Securities LLC, as Sole Lead Arranger and Sole Book Manager.
- 10.5 Form of Option Grant Notice and Agreement pursuant to which option grants are made under the RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. 2001 Stock Incentive Plan.
- 10.6 Form of Restricted Stock Grant Notice and Agreement pursuant to which Restricted Stock grants are made under the RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. 2001 Stock Incentive Plan.
- 31.1 Certification of James N. Stanard, Chief Executive Officer of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 31.2 Certification of John M. Lummis, Chief Financial Officer of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 32.1 Certification of James N. Stanard, Chief Executive Officer of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of John M. Lummis, Chief Financial Officer of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

# SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# $Renaiss ance Re\ Holdings\ Ltd.$

By: /s/ John M. Lummis
John M. Lummis
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 9, 2004

#### [PUBLISHED CUSIP NO. 75970FAA2]

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SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED

CREDIT AGREEMENT

dated as of August 6, 2004

among

RENAISSANCERE HOLDINGS LTD.

as the Borrower,

VARIOUS FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS,

as the Lenders,

DEUTSCHE BANK AG NEW YORK BRANCH

as LC Issuer and Co-Documentation Agent,

HSBC BANK US, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

as Co-Documentation Agent,

CITIBANK, N.A. and WACHOVIA BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,

as Co-Syndication Agents,

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,

as Administrative Agent for the Lenders

and

BANC OF AMERICA SECURITIES LLC,

As Sole Lead Arranger and Sole Book Manager

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## SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT, dated as of August 6, 2004, is entered into by and among RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., a Bermuda company (the "Borrower"), various financial institutions which are parties hereto (the "Lenders"), Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch as letter of credit issuer (in such capacity, the "LC Issuer") and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent for the Lenders (in such capacity, the "Administrative Agent").

# W I T N E S S E T H:

WHEREAS, the Borrower, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch as letter of credit issuer, and various financial institutions party thereto (the "Original Lenders") entered into that certain Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of August 8, 2003 (as amended or modified and in effect immediately prior to the Amendment Effective Date, the "Existing Credit Agreement") whereby the Original Lenders agreed to make loans to the Borrower and the LC Issuer agreed to issue (and the Original Lenders agreed to participate in) certain letters of credit;

WHEREAS, the Borrower has requested the Lenders and the LC Issuer to amend and restate the Existing Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement to establish, among other things, the terms and conditions under which the Lenders will make loans to the Borrower for general corporate purposes and the LC Issuer will issue (and the Lenders will participate in) letters of credit to secure obligations of Insurance Subsidiaries and to cover synthetic catastrophe risks;

WHEREAS, it is the intention of the Borrower, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer that this Agreement and the Loan Documents executed in connection herewith shall not effect the novation of the obligations of the Borrower under the Existing Credit Agreement but be merely a restatement and, where applicable, an amendment of and substitution for the terms governing such obligations hereinafter;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements, provisions and covenants contained herein, the parties agree as follows:

### ARTICLE I

#### DEFINITIONS

SECTION 1.1 Definitions. When used herein the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Administrative Agent means (a) Bank of America, N.A., in its capacity as administrative agent for the Lenders, and (b) each other Person as shall have subsequently been appointed as the successor Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 10.9.

Affiliate of any Person means any other Person which, directly or indirectly, controls or is controlled by or is under common control with such Person (excluding any trustee under, or any committee with responsibility for administering, any Plan). A Person shall be deemed to be:

- (a) "controlled by" any other Person if such other Person possesses, directly or indirectly, power:
  - (i) to vote 20% or more of the securities having at the time of any determination hereunder voting power for the election of directors of such Person; or
  - (ii) to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person whether by contract or otherwise; or
- (b) "controlled by" or "under common control with" such other Person if such other Person is the executor, administrator, or other personal representative of such Person.

Agent-Related Persons means the Administrative Agent, together with its Affiliates (including, in the case of Bank of America in its capacity as the Administrative Agent, the Arranger), and the officers, directors, employees, agents and attorneys-in-fact of such Persons and Affiliates.

Administrative Agent's Office means the Administrative Agent's address and, as appropriate, account as set forth on Schedule 11.2, or such address or account as the Administrative Agent may from time to time notify the Borrower and the Lenders.

Administrative Questionnaire means any Administrative Questionnaire in a form supplied by the Administrative Agent.

 $\label{eq:Agreement means this Second Amended and Restated Credit} \mbox{ Agreement.}$ 

Alternate Debt to Capital Ratio means, during the existence of an Excess Loss Period, the ratio of (a) Consolidated Debt to (b) the sum of Borrower Net Worth plus the applicable Excess Catastrophe Losses plus Consolidated Debt. In the event that at any time two or more Excess Loss Periods exist, the Excess Catastrophe Losses to be included on such date of calculation shall be the Excess Catastrophe Losses for all Excess Loss Periods then in effect.

Amendment Effective Date means the date on which the conditions precedent for the effectiveness of this Agreement specified in Section  $9.1~\mathrm{shall}$  be met.

Insurance Subsidiary as required to be filed with the applicable Governmental Authority of such Insurance Subsidiary's domicile, together with all exhibits or schedules filed therewith, prepared in conformity with SAP.

 $\label{eq:local_problem} \mbox{Applicable LC Fee Rate means the rate set forth opposite "LC Fee Rate" on the Pricing Grid for the applicable Pricing Level.}$ 

Applicable Margin means (a) in the case of Eurodollar Rate Loans, the rate set forth opposite "Eurodollar Rate" on the Pricing Grid for the applicable Pricing Level and (b) in the case of Base Rate Loans, 0%.

Applicable Non-Use Fee Rate means the rate set forth opposite the "Non-Use Fee Rate" on the Pricing Grid for the applicable Pricing Level.

Applicable Utilization Fee Rate means the rate set forth opposite "Utilization Fee Rate" on the Pricing Grid for the applicable Pricing Level.

Approved Fund is defined in Section 11.7(g).

 $\hbox{Arranger means Banc of America Securities LLC, in its capacity as sole lead arranger and sole book manager. } \\$ 

 $\hbox{Assignment and Assumption means an Assignment and Assumption substantially in the form of Exhibit D. }$ 

Attorney Costs means and includes all fees, expenses and disbursements of any law firm or other external counsel, and, without duplication, the allocated cost of internal legal services and all other expenses and disbursements of internal counsel.

Authorized Officers means those officers of the Borrower whose signatures and incumbency shall have been certified to the Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 9.1(c).

Base Rate means for any day a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the higher of: (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 1/2 of 1%; and (b) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America, as its "prime rate." The "prime rate" is a rate set by Bank of America based upon various factors including Bank of America's costs and desired return, general economic conditions and other factors, and is used as a reference point for pricing some loans, which may be priced at, above, or below such announced rate. Any change in such rate announced by Bank of America shall take effect at the opening of business on the day specified in the public announcement of such change.

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Borrower is defined in the Preamble.

Borrower Net Worth means the sum of (a) the shareholders equity, calculated in accordance with GAAP, plus (b) the outstanding 8.54% Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Securities issued by RenaissanceRe Capital Trust I in March, 1997, plus (c) any other preferred shares of the Borrower issued to Persons other than a Subsidiary which are not mandatorily redeemable before the Commitment Termination Date.

Borrowing means a borrowing hereunder consisting of Loans of the same Type made to the Borrower on the same day by the Lenders under Article II, and, other than in the case of Base Rate Loans, having the same Interest Period.

 $\,$   $\,$  Borrowing Date means any date on which a Borrowing occurs under Section 2.4.

Business Day means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks are authorized to close under the laws of, or are in fact closed in, the state where the Administrative Agent's Office is located or (except in determining applicable rates hereunder) Hamilton, Bermuda, New York, New York and, if the applicable Business Day relates to any Eurodollar Rate Loan, means any such day on which dealings in Dollar deposits are carried on in the London interbank market. Each Lender located in Bermuda shall provide the Administrative Agent with a list of Bermuda banking holidays

thirty (30) days prior to each January 1.

Capital Adequacy Regulation means any guideline, request or directive of any central bank or other Governmental Authority, or any other law, rule or regulation, whether or not having the force of law, in each case, regarding capital adequacy of any Lender or the LC Issuer or of any corporation controlling any Lender or the LC Issuer.

Capitalized Lease means, as to any Person, any lease which is or should be capitalized on the balance sheet of such Person in accordance with GAAP, together with any other lease which is in substance a financing lease, including, without limitation, any lease under which (a) such Person has or will have an option to purchase the property subject thereto at a nominal amount or an amount less than a reasonable estimate of the fair market value of such property as of the date the lease is entered into or (b) the term of the lease approximates or exceeds the expected useful life of the property leased thereunder.

Catastrophe Bond means (a) any note, bond or other Debt instrument or any swap or other similar agreement which has a catastrophe, weather or other risk feature linked to payments thereunder and (b) any equity interest in a Person that is not a Subsidiary controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Borrower for the sole purpose of investing in Debt of the type described in clause (a), which, in the case of Catastrophe Bonds purchased by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, are purchased in accordance with its customary reinsurance underwriting procedures.

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Change in Control shall be deemed to have occurred if (a) any sale, lease, exchange or other transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all, or substantially all, of the assets of the Borrower occurs; (b) any "person" as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is or becomes, directly or indirectly, the "beneficial owner," as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of securities of the Borrower that represent 51% or more of the combined voting power of the Borrower's then outstanding securities; or (c) during any period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constituted the Board of Directors of the Borrower (together with any new directors whose election by the Board of Directors or whose nomination by the stockholders of the Borrower was approved by a vote of the directors of the Borrower then still in office who are either directors at the beginning of such period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved) cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the Borrower's Board of Directors then in office.

Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Commitment means as to any Lender the commitment of such Lender to make Loans and to participate in or, in the case of the LC Issuer, to issue, Letters of Credit for the account of the Borrower pursuant to Section 2.1 in an amount not to exceed the amount set forth on Schedule 2.1 (as such amount may be adjusted under Section 2.2 , Section 2.12 or as a result of one or more assignments under Section 11.7).

Commitment Termination Date means the earliest to occur of (a) August 6, 2009 or (b) the date on which any Commitment Termination Event occurs.

Commitment Termination Event means (a) the occurrence of a Default described in Section 8.1(e) or (b) the occurrence and continuance of any other Event of Default and either (i) the Obligations are declared to be due and payable pursuant to Section 8.2, or (ii) in the absence of such declaration, the Administrative Agent, acting at the direction of the Required Lenders, gives notice to the Borrower that the Commitments have been terminated.

Compliance Certificate means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit C but with such changes as the Administrative Agent may from time to time request for purposes of monitoring the Borrower's compliance herewith.

Consolidated Debt means the consolidated Debt of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, including, without limitation, the principal amount of the Loans and the LC Obligations.

Contingent Catastrophe Debt Agreement means any agreement for Debt described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Debt" which (a) has a scheduled maturity date after the Commitment Termination Date and (b) has no scheduled principal payments on or prior to the Commitment Termination Date.

Contingent Liability means any agreement, undertaking or arrangement by which any Person (outside the ordinary course of business) guarantees, endorses, acts as surety for or otherwise becomes or is contingently liable for (by direct or indirect agreement, contingent or otherwise, to provide funds for payment by, to supply funds to, or otherwise to invest in, a debtor, or otherwise to assure a creditor against loss) the Debt, obligation or other liability of any other Person (other than by endorsements of instruments in the course of collection), or for the payment of dividends or other distributions upon the shares of any other Person or undertakes or agrees (contingently or otherwise) to purchase, repurchase, or otherwise acquire or become responsible for any Debt, obligation or liability or any security therefor, or to provide funds for the payment or discharge thereof (whether in the form of loans, advances, stock purchases, capital contributions or otherwise), or to maintain solvency, assets, level of income, or other financial condition of any other Person, or to make payment or transfer property to any other Person other than for fair value received including, without limitation, the \$37,500,000 Letter of Credit Facility dated December 30, 1998 between Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd. and Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch in connection with the investment in the Joint Venture; provided, however, that obligations of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries under Primary Policies or Reinsurance Agreements which are entered into in the ordinary course of business (including security posted to secure obligations thereunder) shall not be deemed to be Contingent Liabilities of such Person for the purposes of this Agreement. The amount of any Person's obligation under any Contingent Liability shall (subject to any limitation set forth therein) be deemed to be the lesser of (i) the outstanding principal amount (or maximum permitted principal amount, if larger) of the Debt, obligation or other liability guaranteed or supported thereby or (ii) the maximum stated amount so guaranteed or supported.

Contractual Obligation means, relative to any Person, any obligation, commitment or undertaking under any agreement or other instrument to which such Person is a party or by which it or any of its property is bound or subject.

Conversion/Continuation Date means any date on which a continuation or conversion of a Loan occurs pursuant to Section 2.5.

Credit Extension means making, continuing or converting any Loan at the request of the Borrower, issuing any Letter of Credit or extending the stated expiry date of any Letter of Credit, as the case may be.

Debt means, with respect to any Person, at any date, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money or in respect of loans or advances (including, without limitation, any such obligation issued by such Person that qualify as Catastrophe Bonds described in clause (a) of the definition thereof net of any escrow established (whether directly or to secure any letter of credit issued to back such Catastrophe Bonds) in connection with such Catastrophe Bonds and Contingent Catastrophe Debt Agreements); (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments; (c) all obligations in respect of letters of credit which have been drawn but not reimbursed by the Person for whose account such letter of credit was issued, and bankers' acceptances issued for the account of such

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Person; (d) all obligations in respect of Capitalized Leases of such Person; (e) all net Hedging Obligations of such Person; (f) whether or not so included as liabilities in accordance with GAAP, all obligations of such Person to pay the deferred purchase price of property or services; (g) Debt of such Person secured by a Lien on property owned or being purchased by such Person (including Debt arising under conditional sales or other title retention agreements) whether or not such Debt is limited in recourse (it being understood, however, that if recourse is limited to such property, the amount of such Debt shall be limited to the lesser of the face amount of such Debt and the fair market value of all property of such Person securing such Debt); (h) any Debt of another Person secured by a Lien on any assets of such first Person, whether or not such Debt is assumed by such first Person (it being understood that if such Person has not assumed or otherwise become personally liable for any such Debt, the amount of the Debt of such person in connection therewith shall be limited to the lesser of the face amount of such Debt and the fair market value of all property of

such Person securing such Debt); and (i) any Debt of a partnership in which such Person is a general partner unless such Debt is nonrecourse to such Person; and provided that, notwithstanding anything to contrary contained herein, Debt shall not include (v) Contingent Liabilities, (w) issued, but undrawn, letters of credit which have been issued to reinsurance cedents in the ordinary course of business, (x) unsecured current liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business and paid within 90 days after the due date (unless contested diligently in good faith by appropriate proceedings and, if requested by the Administrative Agent, reserved against in conformity with GAAP) other than liabilities that are for money borrowed or are evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments (except as described in clauses (v) or (w) above), (y) any obligations of such Person under any Reinsurance Agreement or any Primary Policy, or (z) any Debt of the Borrower which is subordinated in right of payment to the Credit Extensions which Debt was issued to support the preferred stock referred to in clause (b) of the definition of "Borrower Net Worth".

 $\hbox{ Debt to Capital Ratio means the ratio of (a) Consolidated Debt to (b) the sum of Borrower Net Worth plus Consolidated Debt. } \\$ 

Default means any condition or event, which, after notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute an Event of Default.

Department is defined in Section 5.2.

 $\,$  Dollar(s) and the sign "\$" means lawful money of the United States of America.

Eligible Assignee is defined in Section 11.7(g).

ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, and any successor statute, and all rules and regulations from time to time promulgated thereunder.

ERISA Affiliate means any Person (including any trade or business, whether or not incorporated) that would be deemed to be under "common control" with, or a member of the

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same "controlled group" as, the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, within the meaning of Sections  $414\,(b)$ , (c), (m) or (o) of the Internal Revenue Code or Section 4001 of ERISA.

 ${\tt ERISA}$   ${\tt Event}$  means any of the following with respect to a  ${\tt Plan}$ or Multiemployer Plan, as applicable: (a) a Reportable Event with respect to a Plan or a Multiemployer Plan, (b) a complete or partial withdrawal by a the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate from a Multiemployer Plan that results in liability under Section 4201 or 4204 of ERISA, or the receipt by the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate of notice from a Multiemployer Plan that it is in reorganization or insolvency pursuant to Section 4241 or 4245 of ERISA or that it intends to terminate or has terminated under Section 4041A of ERISA, (c) the distribution by the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate under Section 4041 or 4041A of ERISA of a notice of intent to terminate any Plan or the taking of any action to terminate any Plan, (d) the commencement of proceedings by the PBGC under Section 4042 of ERISA for the termination of, or the appointment of a trustee to administer, any Plan, or the receipt by the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate of a notice from any Multiemployer Plan that such action has been taken by the PBGC with respect to such Multiemployer Plan, (e) the institution of a proceeding by any fiduciary of any Multiemployer Plan against the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate to enforce Section 515 of ERISA, which is not dismissed within thirty (30) days, or (f) the imposition upon the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate of any liability under Title IV of ERISA, other than for PBGC premiums due but not delinquent under Section 4007 of ERISA, or the imposition or threatened imposition of any Lien upon any assets of the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate as a result of any alleged failure to comply with the Internal Revenue Code or ERISA in respect of any Plan.

Eurodollar Rate means for any Interest Period with respect to any Eurodollar Rate Loan, a rate per annum determined by the Administrative Agent pursuant to the following formula:

Eurodollar Rate = Eurodollar Base Rate

1.00 - Eurodollar Reserve Percentage

Where,

Eurodollar Base Rate means, for such Interest Period:

(a) the rate per annum equal to the rate determined by the Administrative Agent to be the offered rate that

appears on the page of the Telerate screen (or any successor thereto) that displays an average British Bankers Association Interest Settlement Rate for deposits in Dollars (for delivery on the first day of such Interest Period) with a term equivalent to such Interest Period, determined as of approximately 11:00 a.m. (London time) two Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period, or

(b) if the rate referenced in the preceding clause (a) does not appear on such page or service or such page or service shall not be available, the rate per annum equal to the rate determined by the Administrative Agent to be the offered.

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rate on such other page or other service that displays an average British Bankers Association Interest Settlement Rate for deposits in Dollars (for delivery on the first day of such Interest Period) with a term equivalent to such Interest Period, determined as of approximately 11:00 a.m. (London time) two Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period, or

(c) if the rates referenced in the preceding clauses (a) and (b) are not available, the rate per annum determined by the Administrative Agent as the rate of interest at which deposits in Dollars for delivery on the first day of such Interest Period in same day funds in the approximate amount of the Eurodollar Rate Loan being made, continued or converted by the Administrative Agent and with a term equivalent to such Interest Period would be offered by the Administrative Agent's London Branch to major banks in the London interbank eurodollar market at their request at approximately 4:00 p.m. (London time) two Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period.

Eurodollar Reserve Percentage means, for any day during any Interest Period, the reserve percentage (expressed as a decimal, carried out to five decimal places) in effect on such day, whether or not applicable to any Lender, under regulations issued from time to time by the FRB for determining the maximum reserve requirement (including any emergency, supplemental or other marginal reserve requirement) with respect to Eurocurrency funding (currently referred to as "Eurocurrency liabilities"). The Eurodollar Rate for each outstanding Eurodollar Rate Loan shall be adjusted automatically as of the effective date of any change in the Eurodollar Reserve Percentage.

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{Eurodollar}}$$  Rate Loan means a Loan that bears interest based on the Eurodollar Rate.

8.1.

Event of Default means any of the events described in Section

Excess Catastrophe Losses means that part of any losses recognized by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries under the terms of any Catastrophe Bonds, Reinsurance Agreements or other similar arrangements during a Fiscal Quarter that are in excess of \$150,000,000.

Excess Loss Period means, with respect to any Excess Catastrophe Losses, the period commencing on the date of the incurrence of such Excess Catastrophe Losses through the earlier of (i) 365 days after the date of the incurrence of such Excess Catastrophe Losses and (ii) one Business Day after delivery of a Net Worth Increase Certificate showing compliance with the Debt to Capital Ratios set forth in Sections 7.1(a) and 7.1(b).

Executive Officer means, as to any Person, the president, the chief financial officer, the chief executive officer, the general counsel, the treasurer or the secretary.

Federal Funds Rate means, for any day, the rate per annum equal to the weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System arranged by Federal funds brokers on such day, as published by the Federal Reserve Bank on the Business Day next succeeding such day; provided that (a) if such day is not a Business Day, the Federal Funds Rate for such day shall be such rate on such transactions on the next preceding Business Day as so published on the next succeeding Business Day, and (b) if no such rate is so published on such next succeeding Business Day, the Federal Funds Rate for such day shall be the average rate (rounded upward, if necessary, to a whole multiple of 1/100 of 1%) charged to Bank of America on such day on such transactions as determined by the Administrative Agent.

Fee Letter is defined in Section 2.8.

Fiscal Quarter means any quarter of a Fiscal Year.

 $\hbox{Fiscal Year means any period of twelve consecutive calendar} \\ \hbox{months ending on the last day of December.}$ 

Foreign Lender is defined in Section 11.3.

Foreign Plan is defined in Section 5.5(b).

 $\,$  FRB means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and any Governmental Authority succeeding to any of its principal functions.

Fund is defined in Section 11.7(g).

GAAP means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States set forth from time to time in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (or agencies with similar functions of comparable stature and authority within the U.S. accounting profession), which are applicable to the circumstances as of the date of determination.

Governmental Authority means any nation or government, any state or other political subdivision thereof, and any entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government.

Hedging Obligations means, with respect to any Person, the net liability of such Person under any futures contract or options contract (including property catastrophe futures and options), interest rate swap agreements and interest rate collar agreements and all other agreements or arrangements (other than Retrocession Agreements and Catastrophe Bonds) designed to protect such Person against catastrophic events, fluctuations in interest rates or currency exchange rates.

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Indemnified Liabilities is defined in Section 11.5.

Indemnitee is defined in Section 11.5.

Insurance Code means, with respect to any Insurance Subsidiary, the Insurance Code or law of such Insurance Subsidiary's domicile and any successor statute of similar import, together with the regulations thereunder, as amended or otherwise modified and in effect from time to time. References to sections of the Insurance Code shall be construed to also refer to successor sections.

Insurance Policies means policies purchased from insurance companies by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, for its own account to insure against its own liability and property loss (including, without limitation, casualty, liability and workers' compensation insurance), other than Retrocession Agreements.

Insurance Subsidiary means any Subsidiary of the Borrower which is licensed by any Governmental Authority to engage in the insurance business by issuing Primary Policies or entering into Reinsurance Agreements.

Interest Payment Date means, as to any Eurodollar Rate Loan, the last day of each Interest Period applicable to such Loan and if an Interest Period exceeds three months, the day three months after the commencement of the

Interest Period and, as to any Base Rate Loan, the last Business Day of each calendar quarter and the Commitment Termination Date.

Interest Period means as to any Eurodollar Rate Loan, the period commencing on the Borrowing Date of such Loan or on the Conversion/Continuation Date on which the Loan is converted into or continued as a Eurodollar Rate Loan, and ending on the date one, two, three or six months thereafter as selected by the Borrower in its Notice of Borrowing or Notice of Conversion/Continuation;

#### provided that:

- (i) if any Interest Period would otherwise end on a day that is not a Business Day, that Interest Period shall be extended to the following Business Day unless, in the case of a Eurodollar Rate Loan, the result of such extension would be to carry such Interest Period into another calendar month, in which event such Interest Period shall end on the preceding Business Day;
- (ii) any Interest Period pertaining to a Eurodollar Rate Loan that begins on the last Business Day of a calendar month (or on a day for which there is no numerically corresponding day in the calendar month at the end of such Interest Period) shall end on the last Business Day of the calendar month at the end of such Interest Period; and
- (iii) no Interest Period for any Loan shall extend beyond the scheduled Commitment Termination Date.

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Invested Assets means cash, cash equivalents, short term investments, investments held for sale and any other assets which are treated as investments under GAAP provided that Catastrophe Bonds shall not be deemed to be Invested Assets.

 $\,$  IRS means the U.S. Internal Revenue Service, and any Governmental Authority succeeding to any of its principal functions under the Code.

Joint Venture means Top Layer Reinsurance Ltd.

LC Collateral Account is defined in Section 3.8.

LC Issuer means Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch in its capacity of issuer of Letters of Credit hereunder and any other Person that may become the issuer of Letters of Credit hereunder pursuant to Section 4.7(b).

LC Obligations means, at any time, the sum, without duplication, of (a) the aggregate undrawn stated amount of all outstanding Letters of Credit plus (b) the aggregate unpaid amount of all Reimbursement Obligations.

Lenders is defined in the Preamble.

Lending Office means, as to any Lender, the office or offices of such Lender specified as its "Lending Office" or "Domestic Lending Office" or "Eurodollar Lending Office", as the case may be, on such Lender's Administrative Questionnaire, or such other office or offices as such Lender may from time to time notify the Borrower and the Administrative Agent.

Letter of Credit means a standby letter of credit having terms and provisions which are permitted by this Agreement and which otherwise are reasonably satisfactory to the LC Issuer issued pursuant to Section 3.1.

Letter of Credit Application means a Letter of Credit Application in the form then used by the LC Issuer for standby letters of credit (with appropriate adjustments to indicate that any letter of credit issued thereunder is to be issued pursuant to, and subject to the terms and conditions of, this Agreement).

License(s) is defined in Section 5.14.

Lien means, when used with respect to any Person, any interest in any real or personal property, asset or other right held, owned or being purchased or acquired by such Person for its own use, consumption or enjoyment which secures payment or performance of any obligation and shall include any mortgage, lien, pledge, encumbrance, charge, retained title of a conditional vendor or lessor, or other security agreement, mortgage, deed of trust, chattel

mortgage, assignment, pledge, retention of title, financing or similar statement or notice, or other encumbrance arising as a matter of law, judicial process or otherwise.

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Loan means a revolving loan by a Lender to the Borrower under Article II, and may be a Base Rate Loan or a Eurodollar Rate Loan (each, a "Type" of Loan).

Loan Documents means this Agreement, the Fee Letter, each Letter of Credit Application and all other agreements, instruments, certificates, documents, schedules or other written indicia delivered by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries in connection with any of the foregoing.

 $$\operatorname{Margin}$  Stock means "margin stock" as such term is defined in Regulation U or X of the FRB.

Material Adverse Effect means, the occurrence of an event (including any adverse determination in any litigation, arbitration, or governmental investigation or proceeding), which has or could reasonably be expected to have a materially adverse effect on:

- (a) the assets, business, financial condition or operations of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole; or
- (b) the ability of the Borrower to perform any of its payment or other material obligations under any of the Loan Documents; or
- (c) the legality, validity, binding effect or enforceability against the Borrower of any Loan Document that by its terms purports to bind the Borrower.

 ${\tt Material\ Insurance\ Subsidiary\ means\ an\ Insurance\ Subsidiary\ which\ is\ also\ a\ Material\ Subsidiary.}$ 

Material Subsidiary means (a) Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd. and (b) each other Subsidiary of the Borrower that either (i) as of the end of the most recently completed Fiscal Year of the Borrower for which audited financial statements are available, has assets that exceed 10% of the total consolidated assets of the Borrower and all its Subsidiaries as of the last day of such period or (ii) for the most recently completed Fiscal Year of the Borrower for which audited financial statements are available, has revenues that exceed 10% of the consolidated revenue of the Borrower and all of its Subsidiaries for such period.

Moody's means Moody's Investor Service, Inc.

Monthly Reporting Certificate means a certificate, substantially in the form of the Compliance Certificate provided that the financial information included therein and on which the financial covenants are calculated shall be based on the most recent month-end interim financial statements.

Multiemployer Plan means a multiemployer plan as defined in section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA, to which the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate is making or accruing an obligation to

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make contributions, or has within any of the preceding five plan years made or accrued an obligation to make contributions.

 $\label{eq:Net Worth Increase Certificate is defined in Section 6.1(f) (iv).}$ 

 $\label{eq:Notice} \text{Notice of Borrowing means a notice in substantially the form of Exhibit A.}$ 

 $\label{eq:conversion} \mbox{Notice of Conversion/Continuation means a notice in substantially the form of Exhibit B.}$ 

Obligations means all obligations and liabilities of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries to the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer or any

of the Lenders, howsoever created, arising or evidenced, whether direct or indirect, absolute or contingent, primary or secondary, joint or several, recourse or nonrecourse or now or hereafter existing or due or to become due, whether for principal, Reimbursement Obligations, interest, fees, expenses, claims, indemnities or otherwise, under or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document.

Ordinary Course Litigation is defined in Section 5.4.

Organization Documents means, (a) with respect to any company or corporation, the certificate or articles of incorporation and the bylaws (or equivalent of comparable constitutive documents with respect to any non-U.S. jurisdiction), any certificate of determination or instrument relating to the rights of preferred shareholders of such company or corporation and any shareholder rights agreement; (b) with respect to any limited liability company, the certificate or articles of formation or organization and operating agreement; and (c) with respect to any partnership, joint venture, trust or other form of business entity, the partnership, joint venture or other applicable agreement of formation or organization and any agreement, instrument, filing or notice with respect thereto filed in connection with its formation or organization with the applicable Governmental Authority in the jurisdiction of its formation or organization and, if applicable, any certificate or articles of formation or organization of such entity.

Other Taxes means any present or future stamp or documentary taxes or any other excise or property taxes, charges or similar levies which arise from any payment made hereunder or from the execution, delivery or registration of, or otherwise with respect to, this Agreement or any other Loan Documents.

Participants is defined in Section 11.7(d).

 $\,$  PBGC means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation or any entity succeeding to any or all of its functions.

Permitted Investment means, at any time:

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- (a) any evidence of Debt issued or guaranteed by the United States Government;
- (b) commercial paper, maturing not more than one year from the date of issue, which is issued by
  - (i) a corporation (except an Affiliate of the Borrower) rated at least A-2 by S&P, P-2 by Moody's or D-2 by FitchIBCA, or
    - (ii) any Lender (or its holding company);
- (c) any certificate of deposit or bankers' acceptance or eurodollar time deposit, maturing not more than one year after the date of issue, which is issued by either
  - (i) a financial institution which is rated at least BBB- by S&P or FitchIBCA or Baa3 by Moody's or 2 or above by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or
    - (ii) any Lender; or
- $% \left( d\right) =\left( d\right) =0$  any repurchase agreement with a term of one year or less which
  - (i) is entered into with
    - (A) any Lender, or
  - (B) any other commercial banking institution of the stature referred to in clause (c)(i), and
  - (ii) is secured by a fully perfected Lien in any obligation of the type described in any of clauses (a) through (c) that has a market value at the time such repurchase agreement is entered into of not less than 100% of the repurchase obligation of such Lender (or other commercial banking institution) thereunder;

- (e) investments in money market funds that invest solely in Permitted Investments described in clauses (a) through (d);
- (f) investments in short-term asset management accounts offered by any Lender for the purpose of investing in loans to any corporation (other than an Affiliate of the Borrower) organized under the laws of any state of the United States or of the District of Columbia and rated at least A-1 by S&P or P-1 by Moody's;
- (g) investments in non-equity securities which are rated at least BBB- by S&P or FitchIBCA or Baa3 by Moody's or 2 or above by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners;

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- (h) investments in non-equity securities which are not rated but are determined by the Borrower's investment managers to be of comparable quality to investments permitted under clause(g); provided, however, that as promptly as practicable upon receipt of a written notice from the Administrative Agent or the Required Lenders stating that an investment is not permitted under this clause (h), the Borrower shall sell such investment; and
- (i) investments in equity interests issued by a Person whose assets are invested solely in Permitted Investments described in clauses (a) through (h); provided 100% of the common and voting stock of such Person is owned directly by the Borrower and 100% of the non-voting preferred equity interests are owned by Affiliates of the Borrower.

Person means any natural person, corporation, company, partnership, firm, trust, limited liability company, association, government, governmental agency or other entity, whether acting in an individual, fiduciary or other capacity.

Plan means any "employee pension benefit plan," within the meaning of Section 3(2) of ERISA that is subject to the provisions of Title IV of ERISA (other than a Multiemployer Plan) and to which the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate may have any liability.

Pricing Grid means the Pricing Grid set forth on Schedule 1.2.

Pricing Level means the Pricing Level on the Pricing Grid which is applicable from time to time and in accordance with Section 2.7(c).

 $\hbox{ Primary Policies means any insurance policies is sued by an } \\ \hbox{Insurance Subsidiary.}$ 

Pro Rata Share means as to any Lender at any time, the percentage equivalent (expressed as a decimal, rounded to the ninth decimal place) at such time of such Lender's Commitment divided by the combined Commitments of all Lenders; provided that if the Commitments are terminated, each Lender's Pro Rata Share will be based on the percentage which such Lender's then outstanding principal amount of Loans and LC Obligations is of the then aggregate outstanding principal amount of Loans and LC Obligations of all Lenders.

Register is defined in Section 11.7(c).

Regulator means (a) with respect to Bermuda, the Bermuda Monetary Authority and (b) with respect to any other jurisdiction, the similar Governmental Authority in the applicable jurisdiction.

Reimbursement Obligation means the obligation of the Borrower under Section 3.3 to reimburse the LC Issuer and/or the Lenders for amounts paid by the LC Issuer in respect of each drawing under any of the Letters of Credit.

of such insurer or reinsurer under a policy or policies of insurance issued by such insurer or reinsurer, including (for purposes of this Agreement)
Catastrophe Bonds and the Amended and Restated Catastrophic Aggregate of Loss Reinsurance Contract effective July 22, 1998, as endorsed from time to time, among Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd., Glencoe Insurance Ltd. and Pascal Reinsurance Ltd. (which Contract for purposes of this Agreement shall be deemed to have been issued in the ordinary course of business of such Insurance Subsidiaries).

Reinsurance Net Worth means the shareholders equity of Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd., calculated in accordance with GAAP, minus any investment in any Person (other than a wholly-owned Subsidiary) made by Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd. after December 31, 2003.

RenRe Catastrophe-Linked Security means any Catastrophe Bond (of the type described in clause (a) of the definition of Catastrophe Bond) issued or otherwise entered into by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries to cede risk which (a) has a scheduled maturity date after the Commitment Termination Date and (b) upon the occurrence of catastrophe claims under the terms thereof in excess of a predefined level that is no more remote than a one in 100 (or 1.00%) year or event, is subject to either (i) mandatory forgiveness of repayment at least to the extent of such excess or (ii) mandatory conversion into equity of the Borrower or such Subsidiary at least to the extent of such excess. The occurrence of forgiveness or conversion prior to the Commitment Termination Date shall not be deemed to violate clause (a) of the preceding sentence.

Reportable Event means (a) any "reportable event" within the meaning of Section 4043(c) of ERISA for which the 30-day notice under Section 4043(a) of ERISA has not been waived by the PBGC (including any failure to meet the minimum funding standard of, or timely make any required installment under, Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, regardless of the issuance of any waivers in accordance with Section 412(d) of the Internal Revenue Code), (b) any such "reportable event" subject to advance notice to the PBGC under Section 4043(b)(3) of ERISA, (c) any application for a funding waiver or an extension of any amortization period pursuant to Section 412 of the Code, and (d) a cessation of operations described in Section 4062(e) of ERISA.

Required Lenders means, at any time, Lenders then having more than 50% of the aggregate amount of the Commitments or, if the Commitments have been terminated, Lenders then holding more than 50% of the then aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Credit Extensions.

Requirements of Law for any Person means the Organization Documents of such Person, and any law, treaty, rule, ordinance or regulation or determination of an arbitrator or a

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court or other governmental authority, in each case applicable to or binding upon such Person or any of its property or to which such Person or any of its property is subject.

Restricted Period means, with respect to any Excess Loss Period, the period commencing on the earliest of (a) the first day of such Excess Loss Period if on such date there are Credit Extensions outstanding, (b) the first day during such Excess Loss Period that the Borrower requests a Credit Extension, and (c) the first day during such Excess Loss Period the Borrower must use the Alternate Debt to Capital Ratio in order to be in compliance with Section 7.1(a) or (b) and ending when such Excess Loss Period ends.

Retrocession Agreements means any agreement, treaty, certificate or other arrangement whereby any Insurance Subsidiary cedes to another insurer all or part of such Insurance Subsidiary's liability under a policy or policies of insurance reinsured by such Insurance Subsidiary.

RIHL means Renaissance Investment Holdings Ltd.

Risk Participation is defined in Section 3.2.

SAP means, as to each Insurance Subsidiary, the statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Regulator in such Insurance Subsidiary's domicile for the preparation of Annual Statements and other financial reports by insurance corporations of the same type as such Insurance Subsidiary.

S&P means Standard & Poor's Ratings Services.

S&P/Moody's Rating means the senior unsecured long term debt

rating of the Borrower as determined from time to time by S&P and/or Moody's. In the event of a single split rating, the higher rating will apply and in the event of a double (or more) split rating, one Pricing Level below the higher rating will apply If at any time no senior unsecured long term debt rating shall be assigned, Pricing Level I shall apply.

Statutory Financial Statements is defined in Section 5.2(a).

Subsidiary means a Person of which the indicated Person and/or its other Subsidiaries, individually or in the aggregate, own, directly or indirectly, such number of outstanding shares or other equity interests as have at the time of any determination hereunder more than 50% of the ordinary voting power. Unless otherwise specified, "Subsidiary" shall mean a Subsidiary of the Borrower; provided, however, that neither DaVinciRe Holdings Ltd. nor DaVinci Reinsurance Ltd. shall be deemed to be a Subsidiary of the Borrower.

Taxes means any and all present or future taxes, levies, imposts, deductions, charges or withholdings, and all liabilities with respect thereto, excluding, in the case of each Lender and the Administrative Agent, such taxes (including income taxes or franchise taxes) as

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are imposed on or measured by each Lender's net income by the jurisdiction (or any political subdivision thereof) under the laws of which such Lender or the Administrative Agent, as the case may be, is organized or maintains a lending office

 $\hbox{Total Outstandings means, as of any date, the aggregate principal amount of all Loans and all $L/C$ Obligations as of such date.}$ 

- SECTION 1.2 Other Interpretive Provisions. (a) The meanings of defined terms are equally applicable to the singular and plural forms of the defined terms.
- (b) The words "hereof", "herein", "hereunder" and similar words refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement; and subsection, Section, Schedule and Exhibit references are to this Agreement unless otherwise specified.
- (c) (i) The term "documents" includes any and all instruments, documents, agreements, certificates, indentures, notices and other writings, however evidenced.
  - (ii) The term "including" is not limiting and means "including without limitation."
  - (iii) In the computation of periods of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word "from" means "from and including"; the words "to" and "until" each mean "to but excluding", and the word "through" means "to and including."
- (d) Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, (i) references to agreements (including this Agreement) and other contractual instruments shall be deemed to include all subsequent amendments and other modifications thereto, but only to the extent such amendments and other modifications are not prohibited by the terms of any Loan Document, and (ii) references to any statute or regulation are to be construed as including all statutory and regulatory provisions consolidating, amending, replacing, supplementing or interpreting the statute or regulation.
- (e) The captions and headings of this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Agreement.
- (f) This Agreement and other Loan Documents may use several different limitations, tests or measurements to regulate the same or similar matters. All such limitations, tests and measurements are cumulative and shall each be performed in accordance with their terms.
- (g) This Agreement and the other Loan Documents are the result of negotiations among and have been reviewed by counsel to the Administrative Agent, the Borrower and the other parties, and are the products of all parties. Accordingly, they shall not be construed against the Lenders or the Administrative Agent merely because of the Administrative Agent's or Lenders' involvement in their preparation.

SECTION 1.3 Accounting Principles. Unless otherwise defined or the context otherwise requires, all financial and accounting terms used herein or in any of the Loan Documents or any certificate or other document made or delivered pursuant hereto shall be defined in accordance with GAAP or SAP, as the context may require; provided, however, that for purposes of calculating the financial covenants, the financial statements required under Section 6.1 shall be adjusted so that DaVinciRe Holdings Ltd. and DaVinci Reinsurance Ltd. shall be accounted for under the equity method rather than consolidated as Subsidiaries. When used in this Agreement, the term "financial statements" shall include the notes and schedules thereto. In addition, when used herein, the terms "best knowledge of" or "to the best knowledge of" any Person shall mean matters within the actual knowledge of such Person (or an Executive Officer or general partner of such Person) or which should have been known by such Person after reasonable inquiry.

SECTION 1.4 Rounding. Any financial ratios required to be maintained by the Borrower pursuant to this Agreement shall be calculated by dividing the appropriate component by the other component, carrying the result to one place more than the number of places by which such ratio is expressed herein and rounding the result up or down to the nearest number (with a rounding-up if there is no nearest number).

#### ARTICLE II

### AMOUNT AND TERMS OF COMMITMENT

SECTION 2.1 Revolving Loan Commitment. Upon and subject to the terms and conditions hereof, (a) each of the Lenders severally and for itself agrees to make revolving loans to the Borrower (collectively called the Loans and individually called a "Loan") from time to time on any Business Day during the period from the Amendment Effective Date to the Commitment Termination Date, in such Lender's Pro Rata Share of such aggregate amounts as the Borrower may from time to time request from all Lenders, provided that the aggregate principal amount of all Loans which all Lenders shall be committed to have outstanding at any one time shall not exceed an amount equal to (i) the aggregate amount of the Commitments minus (ii) the LC Obligations; and (b) the LC Issuer agrees to issue letters of credit in accordance with Article III (the "Letters of Credit"), from time to time on any Business Day during the period from the Amendment Effective Date to the Commitment Termination Date and, as more fully set forth in Section 3.2, each Lender agrees to purchase a Risk Participation in such Letter of Credit, provided that the aggregate LC Obligations shall not at any time exceed the lesser of (i) \$150,000,000 or (ii) an amount equal to (A) the aggregate amount of the Commitments minus (B) the aggregate amount of all outstanding Loans. In no event shall any Lender be required or permitted to make any Credit Extension if, immediately after giving effect to such Credit Extension and the application of the proceeds thereof to the extent applied to the repayment of any outstanding Obligations, the Lender's Credit Extensions would exceed such Lender's Commitment. Within the limits of each Lender's Commitment, and subject to the other terms and conditions hereof, the Borrower may borrow under this Section 2.1, prepay under Section 2.6 and reborrow under this Section 2.1.

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SECTION 2.2 Termination or Reduction of Commitments. The Borrower may, upon not less than five Business Days' prior notice to the Administrative Agent, terminate the Commitments, or permanently reduce the Commitments by an aggregate minimum amount of \$5,000,000 or any multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof; unless, after giving effect thereto and to any prepayments of Loans and the cash collateralization of any LC Obligations to be made on the effective date thereof, the then-outstanding principal amount of the Credit Extensions would exceed the amount of the combined Commitments then in effect. Once reduced in accordance with this Section, the Commitments may not be increased. Any reduction of the Commitments shall be applied to each Lender according to its Pro Rata Share.

SECTION 2.3 Loan Accounts. The Loans made and the Risk Participations purchased by each Lender shall be evidenced by one or more loan accounts or records maintained by such Lender in the ordinary course of business. The loan accounts or records maintained by each Lender shall be conclusive, absent manifest error, of the amount of Loans made and the Risk Participations purchased by such Lender to the Borrower and the interest and payments thereon. Any failure so to record or any error in doing so shall not, however, limit or otherwise affect the obligation of the Borrower hereunder to pay any amount

owing with respect to any Obligations.

SECTION 2.4 Procedure for Borrowing. (a) Each Borrowing shall be made upon the Borrower's irrevocable written notice delivered to the Administrative Agent in the form of a Notice of Borrowing (which notice must be received by the Administrative Agent prior to 9:00 a.m. (San Francisco time) (x) three Business Days prior to the requested Borrowing Date, in the case of Eurodollar Rate Loans; and (y) one Business Day prior to the requested Borrowing Date, in the case of Base Rate Loans, specifying:

- (i) the amount of the Borrowing, which shall be in an aggregate minimum amount of \$5,000,000 or any multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof;
- (ii) the requested Borrowing Date, which shall be a Business Day;  $% \left\{ 1,2,...,2,...\right\}$ 
  - (iii) the Type of Loans comprising the Borrowing; and
- (iv) the duration of the Interest Period applicable to any Eurodollar Loans included in such notice. If the Notice of Borrowing fails to specify the duration of the Interest Period for any Borrowing comprised of Eurodollar Rate Loans, such Interest Period shall be three months.
- (b) The Administrative Agent will promptly notify each Lender of its receipt of any Notice of Borrowing and of the amount of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of that Borrowing.
- (c) Each Lender will make the amount of its Pro Rata Share of each Borrowing available to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Borrower at the Administrative Agent's Office by 10:00 a.m. (San Francisco time) on the Borrowing Date requested by the Borrower in funds immediately available to the Administrative Agent. The

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proceeds of all such Loans will then be made available to the Borrower by the Administrative Agent by wire transfer in accordance with written instructions provided to the Administrative Agent by the Borrower of like funds as received by the Administrative Agent.

- (d) After giving effect to any Borrowing, there may not be more than five (5) different Interest Periods in effect.
- SECTION 2.5 Conversion and Continuation Elections. (a) The Borrower may, upon irrevocable written notice to the Administrative Agent in accordance with Section  $2.5\,(b)$ :
  - (i) elect, as of any Business Day, in the case of Base Rate Loans, or as of the last day of the applicable Interest Period, in the case of any other Type of Loans, to convert any such Loans (or any part thereof in an amount not less than \$5,000,000, or that is in an integral multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof) into Loans of any other Type; or
  - (ii) elect, as of the last day of the applicable Interest Period, to continue any Loans having Interest Periods expiring on such day (or any part thereof in an amount not less than \$5,000,000, or that is in an integral multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof).
- (b) The Borrower shall deliver a Notice of Conversion/
  Continuation to be received by the Administrative Agent not later than 9:00 a.m.
  (San Francisco time) at least (x) three Business Days in advance of the
  Conversion/Continuation Date, if the Loans are to be converted into or continued
  as Eurodollar Rate Loans; and (y) one Business Day in advance of the
  Conversion/Continuation Date, if the Loans are to be converted into Base Rate
  Loans, specifying:
  - (i) the proposed Conversion/Continuation Date;
  - (ii) the aggregate amount of Loans to be converted or continued;
  - (iii) the Type of Loans resulting from the proposed conversion or continuation; and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right)$
  - (iv) other than in the case of conversions into Base Rate Loans, the duration of the requested Interest Period.  $\,$

(c) If upon the expiration of any Interest Period applicable to Eurodollar Rate Loans, the Borrower has failed to select timely a new Interest Period to be applicable to such Eurodollar Rate Loans, as the case may be, or if any Default or Event of Default then exists, such Eurodollar Rate Loans shall convert automatically into Base Rate Loans effective as of the expiration date of such Interest Period.

(d) The Administrative Agent will promptly notify each Lender of its receipt of a Notice of Conversion/Continuation, or, if no timely notice is provided by the Borrower, the

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Administrative Agent will promptly notify each Lender of the details of any automatic conversion. All conversions and continuations shall be made ratably according to the respective outstanding principal amounts of the Loans with respect to which the notice was given held by each Lender.

(e) After giving effect to any conversion or continuation of Loans, there may not be more than five (5) different Interest Periods in effect.

SECTION 2.6 Repayments. (a) Subject to Section 4.4, the Borrower may, at any time or from time to time and without premium or penalty, upon not less than three (3) Business Days' irrevocable notice to the Administrative Agent, ratably prepay Loans in whole or in part, in minimum amounts of \$1,000,000 or any multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof. Such notice of prepayment shall specify the date and amount of such prepayment and the Type(s) of Loans to be prepaid. The Administrative Agent will promptly notify each Lender of its receipt of any such notice, and of such Lender's Pro Rata Share of such prepayment. If such notice is given by the Borrower, the Borrower shall make such prepayment and the payment amount specified in such notice shall be due and payable on the date specified therein, together with, in the case of prepayment of Eurodollar Rate Loans, accrued interest to each such date on the amount prepaid and any amounts required pursuant to Section 4.4.

- (b) If at any time the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Credit Extensions shall exceed the Commitments in effect at such time, the Borrower shall make a principal repayment of Loans and/or cash collateralize the LC Obligations in an amount equal to such excess.
- (c) The Borrower shall repay to the Lenders on the Commitment Termination Date the aggregate principal amount of Loans and repay or fully cash collateralize the LC Obligations outstanding on such date.
- (d) The Borrower shall, immediately upon any acceleration of the maturity date of the Obligations pursuant to Section 8.2, repay the aggregate principal amount of Loans and repay or fully cash collateralize (in accordance with Section 3.8) the LC Obligations outstanding on such date.
- SECTION 2.7 Interest. (a) Each Loan shall bear interest on the outstanding principal amount thereof from the applicable Borrowing Date at a rate per annum equal to the Eurodollar Rate or the Base Rate, as the case may be (and subject to the Borrower's right to convert to other Types of Loans under Section 2.5), plus the Applicable Margin.
- (b) Interest on each Loan shall be paid in arrears on each Interest Payment Date. Interest shall also be paid on the date of any prepayment of Eurodollar Rate Loans under Section 2.6 for the portion of the Loans so prepaid and upon payment (including prepayment) in full thereof and, during the existence of any Event of Default, interest shall be paid on demand of the Administrative Agent at the request or with the consent of the Required Lenders.

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- (c) Any change in the Applicable Margin, Applicable Non-Use Fee Rate, Applicable LC Fee Rate or Applicable Utilization Fee Rate resulting from a change in the S&P/Moody's Rating shall be effective as of the effective date of the change in the S&P/Moody's Rating. The Borrower agrees promptly upon any change in the S&P/Moody's Rating to inform the Administrative Agent thereof.
- (d) Notwithstanding clause (a) of this Section, after acceleration or, at the election of the Required Lenders while any Event of

Default exists, the Borrower shall pay interest (after as well as before entry of judgment thereon to the extent permitted by law) on the principal amount of all outstanding Obligations, at a rate per annum which is determined by adding 2% per annum to the Applicable Margin then in effect for such Loans and, in the case of Obligations not subject to an interest rate, at a rate per annum equal to the Base Rate plus 2%; provided, however, that, on and after the expiration of any Interest Period applicable to any Eurodollar Rate Loan outstanding on the date of occurrence of such Event of Default or acceleration, the principal amount of such Loan shall, during the continuation of such Event of Default or after acceleration, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the Base Rate plus 2%.

(e) Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the obligations of the Borrower to any Lender hereunder shall be subject to the limitation that payments of interest shall not be required for any period for which interest is computed hereunder, to the extent (but only to the extent) that contracting for or receiving such payment by such Lender would be contrary to the provisions of any law applicable to such Lender limiting the highest rate of interest that may be lawfully contracted for, charged or received by such Lender, and in such event the Borrower shall pay such Lender interest at the highest rate permitted by applicable law.

SECTION 2.8 Fees. (a) Agency Fees. The Borrower shall pay fees to the Administrative Agent for the Administrative Agent's own account, as required by the letter agreement ("Fee Letter") between the Borrower and the Administrative Agent dated June 28, 2004 and as the Borrower and the Administrative Agent may agree from time to time.

(b) Non-Use Fees. The Borrower shall pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of each Lender a non-use fee on the actual daily unused portion of such Lender's Commitment, computed on a quarterly basis in arrears on the last Business Day of each calendar quarter, applying the Applicable Non-Use Fee Rate based upon the daily Pricing Level for that quarter as calculated by the Administrative Agent. Such non-use fee shall accrue from the Amendment Effective Date to the Commitment Termination Date and shall be due and payable quarterly in arrears on the last Business Day of each March, June, September and December commencing on September 30, 2004 through the Commitment Termination Date, with the final payment to be made on the Commitment Termination Date. The non-use fees provided in this subsection shall accrue at all times after the above-mentioned commencement date, including at any time during which one or more conditions in Article IX are not met.

(c) Utilization Fee. In addition to the non-use fee required under Section  $2.8\,(b)$ , the Borrower shall pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of each Lender in

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accordance with its Pro Rata Share a utilization fee equal to the Applicable Utilization Fee Rate times the Total Outstandings on each day that the Total Outstandings are equal to or exceed 50% of the actual daily amount of the Commitments. Such utilization fee shall accrue from the Amendment Effective Date to the Commitment Termination Date and shall be due and payable quarterly in arrears on the last Business Day of each March, June, September and December commencing on September 30, 2004 with the final payment to be made on the Commitment Termination Date. The Applicable Utilization Fee Rate shall be calculated quarterly in arrears and if there is any change in the Applicable Utilization Fee Rate during any quarter, the daily amount shall be computed and multiplied by the Applicable Utilization Fee Rate for each period during which such Applicable Utilization Fee Rate was in effect. The utilization fee provided in this subsection shall accrue at all times, including at any time during which one or more of the conditions in Article IX are not met.

- (d) Letter of Credit Fees.
- (i) The Borrower shall pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of each Lender a letter of credit fee for each Letter of Credit requested by the Borrower in an amount per annum equal to the product of the actual daily aggregate undrawn stated amount of such Letter of Credit (excluding any Reimbursement Obligation thereunder) and to the Applicable LC Fee Rate. Such letter of credit fee shall be computed on a quarterly basis in arrears on the last Business Day of each calendar quarter, and shall be due and payable quarterly in arrears on the last Business Day of each March, June, September and December commencing on September 30, 2004 through the Commitment Termination Date with the final payment to be made on the Commitment Termination Date.
  - (ii) The Borrower agrees to pay to the LC Issuer a fronting

fee in an amount per annum on the actual daily aggregate undrawn stated amount of each Letter of Credit requested by the Borrower (excluding any Reimbursement Obligation thereunder) as may be agreed upon from time to time by the Borrower and the LC Issuer.

- (iii) In addition, with respect to each Letter of Credit requested by the Borrower or any amendment or extension thereof, the Borrower agrees to pay to the LC Issuer such fees and expenses as the LC Issuer customarily requires in connection with the issuance, amendment, transfer, negotiation, processing and/or administration of letters of credit.
- (e) Upfront Fees. The Borrower shall pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of each Lender an upfront fee as agreed to by the Borrower and such Lender on the Amendment Effective Date and once paid such upfront fees shall be nonrefundable.
- (f) On the Amendment Effective Date, all accrued non-use fees, utilization fees and letter of credit fees under the Existing Credit Agreement shall be paid to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Original Lenders.

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SECTION 2.9 Computation of Fees and Interest. (a) Interest on Base Rate Loans and Reimbursement Obligations shall be computed on the basis of a 365/366-day year and actual days elapsed. All computations of fees and other interest shall be made on the basis of a 360-day year and actual days elapsed (which results in more interest being paid than if computed on the basis of a 365-day year). Interest and fees shall accrue during each period during which interest or such fees are computed from the first day thereof to the last day thereof.

- (b) Each determination of an interest rate by the Administrative Agent shall be conclusive and binding on the Borrower and the Lenders in the absence of manifest error.
- SECTION 2.10 Payments Generally. (a) All payments to be made by the Borrower shall be made without condition or deduction for any counterclaim, defense, recoupment or setoff. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all payments by the Borrower hereunder shall be made to the Administrative Agent, for the account of the respective Lenders to which such payment is owed, at the Administrative Agent's Office in Dollars and in immediately available funds not later than 10:00 a.m. (San Francisco time) on the date specified herein. The Administrative Agent will promptly distribute to each Lender its Pro Rata Share (or other applicable share as provided herein) of such payment in like funds as received by wire transfer to such Lender's Lending Office. All payments received by the Administrative Agent after 10:00 a.m. (San Francisco time) shall be deemed received on the next succeeding Business Day and any applicable interest or fee shall continue to accrue.
- (b) If any payment to be made by the Borrower shall come due on a day other than a Business Day, payment shall be made on the next following Business Day, and such extension of time shall be reflected in computing interest or fees, as the case may be.
- (c) Unless the Borrower or any Lender has notified the Administrative Agent, prior to the date any payment is required to be made by it to the Administrative Agent hereunder, that the Borrower or such Lender, as the case may be, will not make such payment, the Administrative Agent may assume that the Borrower or such Lender, as the case may be, has timely made such payment and may (but shall not be so required to), in reliance thereon, make available a corresponding amount to the Person entitled thereto. If and to the extent that such payment was not in fact made to the Administrative Agent in immediately available funds, then:
  - (i) if the Borrower failed to make such payment, each Lender shall forthwith on demand repay to the Administrative Agent the portion of such assumed payment that was made available to such Lender in immediately available funds, together with interest thereon in respect of each day from and including the date such amount was made available by the Administrative Agent to such Lender to the date such amount is repaid to the Administrative Agent in immediately available funds at the Federal Funds Rate from time to time in effect; and
  - (ii) if any Lender failed to make such payment, such Lender shall forthwith on demand pay to the Administrative Agent the amount

funds, together with interest thereon for the period from the date such amount was made available by the Administrative Agent to the Borrower to the date such amount is recovered by the Administrative Agent (the "Compensation Period") at a rate per annum equal to the Federal Funds Rate from time to time in effect. If such Lender pays such amount to the Administrative Agent, then such amount shall constitute such Lender's Loan included in the applicable Borrowing. If such Lender does not pay such amount forthwith upon the Administrative Agent's demand therefor, the Administrative Agent may make a demand therefor upon the Borrower, and the Borrower shall pay such amount to the Administrative Agent, together with interest thereon for the Compensation Period at a rate per annum equal to the rate of interest applicable to the applicable Borrowing. Nothing herein shall be deemed to relieve any Lender from its obligation to fulfill its Commitment or to prejudice any rights which the Administrative Agent or the Borrower may have against any Lender as a result of any default by such Lender hereunder.

A notice of the Administrative Agent to any Lender or the Borrower with respect to any amount owing under this subsection (c) shall be conclusive, absent manifest error.

(d) If any Lender makes available to the Administrative Agent funds for any Loan to be made by such Lender as provided in the foregoing provisions of this Article II, and such funds are not made available to the Borrower by the Administrative Agent because the conditions to the applicable Credit Extension set forth in Article IV are not satisfied or waived in accordance with the terms hereof, the Administrative Agent shall return such funds (in like funds as received from such Lender) to such Lender, without interest.

(e) The obligations of the Lenders hereunder to make Loans and to fund Risk Participations in Letters of Credit are several and not joint. The failure of any Lender to make any Loan or to fund any such Risk Participation on any date required hereunder shall not relieve any other Lender of its corresponding obligation to do so on such date, and no Lender shall be responsible for the failure of any other Lender to so make its Loan or purchase its Risk Participation.

SECTION 2.11 Sharing of Payments. If, other than as expressly provided elsewhere herein, any Lender shall obtain on account of the Loans made by it, or the participations in LC Obligations held by it, any payment (whether voluntary, involuntary, through the exercise of any right of set-off, or otherwise) in excess of its ratable share (or other share contemplated hereunder) thereof, such Lender shall immediately (a) notify the Administrative Agent of such fact, and (b) purchase from the other Lenders such participations in the Loans made by them and/or such subparticipations in the Risk Participations held by them, as the case may be, as shall be necessary to cause such purchasing Lender to share the excess payment in respect of such Loans or such Risk Participations, as the case may be, pro rata with each of them; provided, however, that if all or any portion of such excess payment is thereafter recovered from the purchasing Lender under any of the circumstances described in Section 11.6 (including pursuant to any settlement entered into by the purchasing Lender in its discretion), such purchase shall to

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that extent be rescinded and each other Lender shall repay to the purchasing Lender the purchase price paid therefor, together with an amount equal to such paying Lender's ratable share (according to the proportion of (i) the amount of such paying Lender's required repayment to (ii) the total amount so recovered from the purchasing Lender) of any interest or other amount paid or payable by the purchasing Lender in respect of the total amount so recovered, without further interest thereon. The Borrower agrees that any Lender so purchasing a participation from another Lender may, to the fullest extent permitted by law, exercise all its rights of payment (including the right of set-off, but subject to Section 11.9) with respect to such participation as fully as if such Lender were the direct creditor of the Borrower in the amount of such participation. The Administrative Agent will keep records (which shall be conclusive and binding in the absence of manifest error) of participations purchased under this

Section and will in each case notify the Lenders following any such purchases or repayments. Each Lender that purchases a participation pursuant to this Section shall from and after such purchase have the right to give all notices, requests, demands, directions and other communications under this Agreement with respect to the portion of the Obligations purchased to the same extent as though the purchasing Lender were the original owner of the Obligations purchased.

### SECTION 2.12 Increase of Commitments.

- (a) The Borrower may, by notice to the Administrative Agent given not less than 45 days prior to the requested effective date, request that the Commitments be increased in increments of \$10,000,000 (but in no event may the total Commitments after giving effect to all increases pursuant to this Section 2.12 exceed \$600,000,000). The Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of its receipt of any notice given pursuant to this Section 2.12(a) within two Business Days after the Administrative Agent's receipt thereof. Each Lender (a "Consenting Lender") may, by irrevocable notice to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent delivered to the Administrative Agent not later than 30 days after the receipt of notice from the Administrative Agent, inform the Administrative Agent that it wishes to participate in the requested increase and the amount of such participation. Such consent may be given or withheld by each Lender in its absolute and sole discretion.
- (b) The Borrower shall have the right, by notice to the Administrative Agent given not less than 45 days prior to the requested effective date, to increase the Commitments in increments of \$10,000,000 (but in no event may the total Commitments after giving effect to all increases pursuant to this Section 2.12 exceed \$600,000,000) provided that one or more Persons acceptable to the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer has agreed to make a Commitment on and subject to the terms of this Agreement and has executed such documents as the Administrative Agent deems reasonably necessary or advisable to add such Person or Persons as a Lender hereunder. The Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of its receipt of any notice given pursuant to this Section 2.12(b) within two Business Days after the Administrative Agent's receipt thereof.

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- (c) The Borrower shall not be entitled to request an increase in the Commitments nor shall any approved Commitment increase be effective if any Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing at such time.
- (d) The effective date of any increase in the Commitments pursuant to Section 2.12(a) or (b) shall be effective on such date as may be selected by Borrower and the Administrative Agent taking into account any outstanding Interest Periods to minimize breakage costs in the event of any reallocations of Pro Rata Shares. The Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of the effective date of the increase and shall provide a revised Schedule 2.1 reflecting such increase in the Commitments and each Lender's Pro Rata Share after giving effect to such increase. From and after the date of an increase in the Commitments, all references herein and in any Loan Document to the Commitments shall refer to the Commitments as so increased.

### ARTICLE III

# LETTERS OF CREDIT

SECTION 3.1 Letter of Credit Procedures. The Borrower shall give notice to the LC Issuer and the Administrative Agent of the proposed issuance of each Letter of Credit on a Business Day which is at least three Business Days prior to the proposed date of issuance of such Letter of Credit. Each such notice shall be accompanied by a Letter of Credit Application, duly executed by the Borrower and in all respects satisfactory to the LC Issuer, together with such other documentation as the LC Issuer may reasonably request in support thereof, it being understood that each Letter of Credit Application shall specify, among other things, the name of the account party which shall be either the Borrower (subject to Section 5.8) or an Insurance Subsidiary designated by the Borrower, the date on which the proposed Letter of Credit is to be issued, the amount of the Letter of Credit, the expiration date of such Letter of Credit (which shall not be later than five Business Days prior to the Commitment Termination Date) and whether such Letter of Credit is to be transferable in whole or in part. Subject to the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in Article IX, the LC Issuer shall issue such Letter of Credit on the requested issuance date. The Borrower shall only be entitled to request Letters of Credit denominated in

Dollars and issued solely for the purposes described in Section 5.8.

SECTION 3.2 Risk Participations in Letters of Credit. (a) Concurrently with the issuance of each Letter of Credit and any amendment thereto, the LC Issuer shall be deemed to have sold and transferred to each other Lender, and each other Lender shall be deemed irrevocably and unconditionally to have purchased and received from the LC Issuer, without recourse or warranty, an undivided interest and participation (a "Risk Participation"), to the extent of such other Lender's Pro Rata Share, in such Letter of Credit and the Borrower's Reimbursement Obligations with respect thereto. For the purposes of this Agreement, the unparticipated portion of each Letter of Credit shall be deemed to be the LC Issuer's "Risk Participation" therein.

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(b) Immediately after the issuance or amendment of any Letter of Credit, the LC Issuer shall provide notice of the same to the Administrative Agent and shall, within five Business Days after the end of each calendar month, provide the Administrative Agent with a report showing as of the last day of such calendar month the outstanding Letters of Credit, expiration dates, issuance dates and amount available to be drawn thereunder and such other information as may be reasonably requested by the Administrative Agent.

SECTION 3.3 Reimbursement Obligations. (a) The Borrower hereby unconditionally and irrevocably agrees to reimburse the LC Issuer for each payment or disbursement made by the LC Issuer under any Letter of Credit issued at its request honoring any demand for payment made by the beneficiary thereunder, in each case on the date that such payment or disbursement is made. Any amount not reimbursed on the date of such payment or distribution shall bear interest from and including the date of such payment or disbursement to but not including the date that the LC Issuer is reimbursed by the Borrower therefor, payable on demand, at a rate per annum equal to sum of the Base Rate plus 2.00%. The LC Issuer shall promptly notify the Borrower and the Administrative Agent whenever any demand for payment is made under any Letter of Credit by the beneficiary thereunder; provided, however, that the failure of the LC Issuer to so notify the Borrower or the Administrative Agent shall not affect the rights of the LC Issuer or the Lenders in any manner whatsoever.

(b) In the event of a drawing under any Letter of Credit, provided no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Borrower shall be entitled to request Loans to repay advances made by the LC Issuer under any Letter of Credit in accordance with Section 2.4.

SECTION 3.4 Limitation on the LC Issuer's Obligations. In determining whether to pay under any Letter of Credit, the LC Issuer shall have no obligation to the Borrower or any Lender other than to confirm that any documents required to be delivered under such Letter of Credit appear to have been delivered and appear to comply on their face with the requirements of such Letter of Credit. Any action taken or omitted to be taken by the LC Issuer under or in connection with any Letter of Credit, if taken or omitted in the absence of gross negligence and willful misconduct, shall not impose upon the LC Issuer any liability to the Borrower or any Lender and shall not reduce or impair the Borrower's reimbursement obligations set forth in Section 3.3 or the obligations of the Lenders pursuant to Section 3.5.

SECTION 3.5 Funding by Lenders to the LC Issuer. (a) If the LC Issuer makes any payment or disbursement under any Letter of Credit and the Borrower has not reimbursed the LC Issuer in full for such payment or disbursement by 10:00 a.m. (New York City time) on the date of such payment or disbursement or if any reimbursement received by the LC Issuer from the Borrower is or must be returned or rescinded upon or during any bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Borrower or otherwise, each Lender shall be obligated to pay to the LC Issuer, in full or partial payment of the purchase price of its Risk Participation in such Letter of Credit, its Pro Rata Share of such payment or disbursement (but no such payment shall diminish the obligations of the Borrower under Section 3.3), and the Administrative Agent shall promptly

receives notice from the Administrative Agent of such payment or disbursement (it being understood that any such notice received after noon (New York City time) on any Business Day shall be deemed to have been received on the next following Business Day), such Lender agrees to pay interest on such amount to the Administrative Agent for the LC Issuer's account forthwith on demand for each day from and including the date such amount was to have been delivered to the Administrative Agent to but excluding the date such amount is paid, at a rate per annum equal to (a) for the first three days after demand, the Federal Funds Rate from time to time in effect and (b) thereafter, the Base Rate from time to time in effect. Any Lender's failure to make available to the Administrative Agent its Pro Rata Share of any such payment or disbursement shall not relieve any other Lender of its obligation hereunder to make available to the Administrative Agent such other Lender's Pro Rata Share of such payment, but no Lender shall be responsible for the failure of any other Lender to make available to the Administrative Agent such other Lender's Pro Rata Share of any such payment or disbursement.

(b) If any amount received by the LC Issuer on account of any payment with respect to any Risk Participation, any Reimbursement Obligation or any other Obligation shall be avoided, rescinded or otherwise returned or paid over by the LC Issuer for any reason at any time, whether before or after the termination of this Agreement (or the LC Issuer believes in good faith that such avoidance, rescission, return or payment is required, whether or not such matter has been adjudicated), each Lender will (except to the extent a corresponding amount received by such Lender on account of its Risk Participation relating to the same payment on a Letter of Credit has been avoided, rescinded or otherwise returned or paid over by such Lender), promptly upon notice from the Administrative Agent or the LC Issuer, pay over to the Administrative Agent for the account of the LC Issuer its Pro Rata Share of such amount, together with its Pro Rata Share of any interest or penalties payable with respect thereto.

SECTION 3.6 Warranty. The delivery of each Letter of Credit Application pursuant to Section 3.1 and each request for amendment or extension of an existing Letter of Credit shall automatically constitute a warranty by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent and each Lender to the effect that on the date of such requested Credit Extension that the conditions of Section 9.2 have been satisfied.

SECTION 3.7 Obligations Absolute. The obligation of the Borrower to reimburse the LC Issuer for any payment made by the LC Issuer under any Letter of Credit issued for the account of the Borrower, shall be unconditional and irrevocable, and shall be paid strictly in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the applicable Letter of Credit Application and any other applicable agreement or instrument under all circumstances, including without limitation the following circumstances:

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- (i) any lack of validity or enforceability of any Loan Document, any Letter of Credit or any other agreement or instrument relating thereto (all of the foregoing being, collectively, the "LC Related Documents");
- (ii) any change in the time, manner or place of payment of, or in any other term of, all or any of the obligations of the Borrower or any other Person in respect of any LC Related Document or any other amendment or waiver of or any consent to departure from all or any of the LC Related Documents;
- (iii) subject to Section 3.4, the existence of any claim, set-off, defense or other right that the Borrower or any other Person may have at any time against any beneficiary or any transferee of a Letter of Credit (or any Persons for which any such beneficiary or any such transferee may be acting), the LC Issuer or any other Person, whether in connection with the transactions contemplated by the LC Related Documents or any unrelated transaction (including any underlying transaction between any Credit Party and the beneficiary named in any such Letter of Credit);
- (iv) subject to Section 3.4, any statement or any other document presented under a Letter of Credit proving to be forged, fraudulent, invalid or insufficient in any respect, any statement therein being untrue or inaccurate in any respect, any errors, omissions, interruptions or delays in transmission or delivery of any messages, by mail, telecopier or otherwise, or any errors in translation or in interpretation of technical terms;
- (v) subject to Section 3.4, payment by the LC Issuer under a Letter of Credit against presentation of a draft or certificate that  $\frac{1}{2}$

does not strictly comply with the terms of such Letter of Credit or any defense based upon the failure of any drawing under a Letter of Credit to conform to the terms of the Letter of Credit (provided that any draft, certificate or other document presented pursuant to such Letter of Credit appears on its face to comply with the terms thereof), any non-application or misapplication by the beneficiary or any transferee of the proceeds of such drawing or any other act or omission of such beneficiary or transferee in connection with such Letter of Credit;

- (vi) the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default; or
- (vii) any other circumstance or happening whatsoever, whether or not similar to any of the foregoing, including without limitation any other circumstance that might otherwise constitute a defense available to, or a discharge of, the Borrower.

SECTION 3.8 Letter of Credit Collateral Account. The Borrower agrees that it will, upon the request of the Administrative Agent or the Required Lenders and until the final expiration date of any Letter of Credit and thereafter so long as any Obligations are payable hereunder, maintain a special collateral account pursuant to arrangements satisfactory to the Administrative Agent (the "LC Collateral Account") at the Administrative Agent's office in the name of the Borrower but under the sole dominion and control of the Administrative Agent, for the benefit of the LC Issuer and the Lenders and the Borrower shall have no interest therein

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except as set forth in Section 8.3. The Borrower hereby pledges, assigns and grants to the Administrative Agent, for the benefit of the LC Issuer and the Lenders, a security interest in all of the Borrower's right, title and interest in and to the LC Collateral Account, all funds and Permitted Investments which may from time to time be on deposit in the LC Collateral Account to secure the prompt and complete payment and performance of the Obligations. The Administrative Agent will invest any funds on deposit from time to time in the LC Collateral Account in Permitted Investments (other than those described in clause (i) of the definition thereof) having a maturity not exceeding 30 days. Funds earned on such Permitted Investments shall be deposited into the LC Collateral Account. Nothing in this Section 3.8 shall require the Borrower to deposit any funds in the LC Collateral Account or limit the right of the Administrative Agent to release any funds held in the LC Collateral Account in each case other than as required by Section 2.6 or Article 8.

### ARTICLE IV

# TAXES, YIELD PROTECTION AND ILLEGALITY

SECTION 4.1 Taxes. (a) Any and all payments by the Borrower to each Lender, the LC Issuer or the Administrative Agent under this Agreement and any other Loan Document shall be made free and clear of, and without deduction or withholding for any Taxes. In addition, the Borrower shall pay all Other Taxes.

- (b) The Borrower agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Lender, the LC Issuer and the Administrative Agent for the full amount of Taxes or Other Taxes (including any Taxes or Other Taxes imposed by any jurisdiction on amounts payable under this Section) paid by the Lender or the Administrative Agent and any liability (including penalties, interest, additions to tax and expenses) arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Taxes or Other Taxes were correctly or legally asserted. Payment under this indemnification shall be made within 30 days after the date the Lender or the Administrative Agent makes written demand therefor.
- (c) If the Borrower shall be required by law to deduct or withhold any Taxes or Other Taxes from or in respect of any sum payable hereunder to any Lender, the LC Issuer or the Administrative Agent, then:
  - (i) the sum payable shall be increased as necessary so that after making all required deductions and withholdings (including deductions and withholdings applicable to additional sums payable under this Section) such Lender, the LC Issuer or the Administrative Agent, as the case may be, receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such deductions or withholdings been made;
    - (ii) the Borrower shall make such deductions and withholdings;
  - (iii) the Borrower shall pay the full amount deducted or withheld to the relevant taxing authority or other authority in accordance with applicable law; and

- (iv) the Borrower shall also pay, without duplication, to each Lender, the LC Issuer or the Administrative Agent for the account of such Person, at the time interest is paid, all additional amounts which the respective Person specifies as necessary to preserve the after-tax yield the Lender would have received if such Taxes or Other Taxes had not been imposed.
- (d) Within 30 days after the date of any payment by the Borrower of Taxes or Other Taxes, the Borrower shall furnish the Administrative Agent the original or a certified copy of a receipt evidencing payment thereof, or other evidence of payment satisfactory to the Administrative Agent.
- (e) If the Borrower is required to pay additional amounts to any Lender, the LC Issuer or the Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 4.1(c), then such Person shall use reasonable efforts (consistent with legal and regulatory restrictions) to change the jurisdiction of its Lending Office so as to eliminate any such additional payment by the Borrower which may thereafter accrue, if such change in the judgment of such Person is not otherwise disadvantageous to such Lender or inconsistent with such Person's internal policies.
- SECTION 4.2 Illegality. (a) If any Lender determines that the introduction of any Requirements of Law, or any change in any Requirements of Law, or in the interpretation or administration of any Requirements of Law, has made it unlawful in each case, after the date hereof, or that any central bank or other Governmental Authority has asserted that it is unlawful, for any Lender or its applicable Lending Office to make Eurodollar Rate Loans, then, on notice thereof by such Lender to the Borrower through the Administrative Agent, any obligation of that Lender to make Eurodollar Rate Loans shall be suspended until the Lender notifies the Administrative Agent and the Borrower that the circumstances giving rise to such determination no longer exist.
- (b) If a Lender determines that it is unlawful to maintain any Eurodollar Rate Loan, the Borrower shall, upon its receipt of notice of such fact and demand from such Lender (with a copy to the Administrative Agent), prepay in full such Eurodollar Rate Loans of that Lender then outstanding, together with interest accrued thereon and amounts required under Section 4.4, either on the last day of the Interest Period thereof, if the Lender may lawfully continue to maintain such Eurodollar Rate Loans to such day, or immediately, if the Lender may not lawfully continue to maintain such Eurodollar Rate Loan. If the Borrower is required to so prepay any Eurodollar Rate Loan, then concurrently with such prepayment, the Borrower shall borrow from the affected Lender, in the amount of such repayment, a Base Rate Loan.
- (c) If the obligation of any Lender to make or maintain Eurodollar Rate Loans has been so terminated or suspended, the Borrower may elect, by giving notice to the Lender through the Administrative Agent that all Loans which would otherwise be made by the Lender as Eurodollar Rate Loans shall be instead Base Rate Loans.

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(d) Before giving any notice to the Administrative Agent under this Section, the affected Lender shall designate a different Lending Office with respect to its Eurodollar Rate Loans if such designation will avoid the need for giving such notice or making such demand and will not, in the judgment of such Lender, be illegal or otherwise disadvantageous to such Lender or inconsistent with such Lender's internal policies.

SECTION 4.3 Increased Costs and Reduction of Return. (a) If any Lender determines that after the date hereof due to either (i) the introduction of or any change (other than any change by way of imposition of or increase in reserve requirements included in the calculation of the Eurodollar Rate) in or in the interpretation of any law or regulation or (ii) the compliance by the LC Issuer or such Lender with any guideline or request from any central bank or other Governmental Authority (whether or not having the force of law), there shall be any increase in the cost to such Lender of agreeing to make or making, funding or maintaining any Eurodollar Rate Loans, then the Borrower shall be liable for, and shall from time to time, within five Business Days after demand, which demand shall include the certificate required by Section 4.6 (with a copy of

such demand to be sent to the Administrative Agent), pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of such Lender, additional amounts as are sufficient to compensate such Lender for such increased costs; provided that the Borrower shall not be obligated to pay any additional amounts which were incurred by such Lender more than 90 days prior to the date of such request.

(b) If the LC Issuer or any Lender shall have determined that after the date hereof (i) the introduction of any Capital Adequacy Regulation, (ii) any change in any Capital Adequacy Regulation, (iii) any change in the interpretation or administration of any Capital Adequacy Regulation by any central bank or other Governmental Authority charged with the interpretation or administration thereof, or (iv) compliance by the LC Issuer or such Lender (or its Lending Office) or any corporation controlling the LC Issuer or such Lender with any Capital Adequacy Regulation, affects or would affect the amount of capital required or expected to be maintained by the LC Issuer or such Lender or any corporation controlling the LC Issuer or such Lender and (taking into consideration the LC Issuer's or such Lender's or such corporation's policies with respect to capital adequacy and the LC Issuer or such Lender's desired return on capital) determines that the amount of such capital is increased or its rate of return is decreased as a consequence of its Commitment, loans, credits or obligations under this Agreement, then, within five Business Days after demand, which demand shall include the certificate required by Section 4.6 of the LC Issuer or such Lender to the Borrower through the Administrative Agent, the Borrower shall pay to the LC Issuer or such Lender, from time to time as specified by the Lender, additional amounts sufficient to compensate the LC Issuer or such Lender for such increase; provided that the Borrower shall not be obligated to pay any additional amounts which were incurred by the LC Issuer or such Lender more than 90 days prior to the date of such request.

SECTION 4.4 Funding Losses. The Borrower shall reimburse each Lender and hold each Lender harmless from any loss or expense which such Lender may sustain or incur as a consequence of:

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- (a) the failure of the Borrower to make on a timely basis any payment of principal of any Eurodollar Rate Loan;
- (b) the failure of the Borrower to borrow, continue or convert a Loan after the Borrower has given (or is deemed to have given) a Notice of Borrowing or a Notice of Conversion/ Continuation that includes a Eurodollar Rate Loan;
- (c) the failure of the Borrower to make any prepayment in accordance with any notice delivered under Section 2.6;
- (d) the prepayment (including pursuant to Section 2.6) or other payment (including after acceleration thereof) of a Eurodollar Rate Loan on a day that is not the last day of the relevant Interest Period; or
- (e) the automatic conversion under Section 2.5 of any Eurodollar Rate Loan to a Base Rate Loan on a day that is not the last day of the relevant Interest Period;

including any such loss or expense arising from the liquidation or reemployment of funds obtained by it to maintain its Eurodollar Rate Loans or from fees payable to terminate the deposits from which such funds were obtained. For purposes of calculating amounts payable by the Borrower to the Lenders under this Section and under Section 4.3(a), each Eurodollar Rate Loan made by a Lender (and each related reserve, special deposit or similar requirement) shall be conclusively deemed to have been funded at the Eurodollar Base Rate used in determining the Eurodollar Rate for such Eurodollar Rate Loan by a matching deposit or other borrowing in the London interbank eurodollar market for a comparable amount and for a comparable period, whether or not such Eurodollar Rate Loan is in fact so funded.

SECTION 4.5 Inability to Determine Rates. If the Administrative Agent determines that for any reason adequate and reasonable means do not exist for determining the Eurodollar Rate for any requested Interest Period with respect to a proposed Eurodollar Rate Loan, or the Administrative Agent determines (or the Required Lenders advise the Administrative Agent) that the Eurodollar Rate applicable pursuant to Section 2.7(a) for any requested Interest Period with respect to a proposed Eurodollar Rate Loan does not adequately and fairly reflect the cost to the Lenders of funding such Loan, the Administrative Agent will promptly so notify the Borrower and each Lender. Thereafter, the obligation of the Lenders to make or maintain Eurodollar Rate Loans, as the case may be, hereunder shall be suspended until the Administrative Agent revokes such notice in writing. Upon receipt of such notice, the Borrower may revoke any Notice of Borrowing or Notice of Conversion/ Continuation then submitted by it. If the

Borrower does not revoke such Notice, the Lenders shall make, convert or continue the Loans, as proposed by the Borrower, in the amount specified in the applicable notice submitted by the Borrower, but such Loans shall be made, converted or continued as Base Rate Loans instead of Eurodollar Rate Loans.

SECTION 4.6 Certificates of Lenders. Any Person claiming reimbursement or compensation under this Article IV shall deliver to the Borrower (with a copy to the

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Administrative Agent) a certificate setting forth in reasonable detail the basis for such claim and a calculation of the amount payable to such Person hereunder and such certificate shall be conclusive and binding on the Borrower in the absence of manifest error.

SECTION 4.7 Substitution of Lenders; LC Issuer. (a) Upon the receipt by the Borrower from any Lender (an "Affected Lender") of a claim for compensation under Section 4.1, 4.2 or 4.3 the Borrower may: (i) request the Affected Lender to use its reasonable efforts to obtain a replacement bank or financial institution satisfactory to the Borrower to acquire and assume all or a ratable part of all of such Affected Lender's Loans, LC Obligations and Commitment (a "Substitute Lender"); (ii) request one more of the other Lenders to acquire and assume all or part of such Affected Lender's Loans, LC Obligations and Commitment; or (iii) designate a Substitute Lender. Any such designation of a Substitute Lender under clause (i) or (iii) shall be subject to the prior written consent of the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld).

(b) In the event the LC Issuer ceases to be rated AA- or better by S&P, the Borrower, at its cost and expense, may request the LC Issuer to assign its obligations hereunder to another financial institution who is rated AA- or higher.

SECTION 4.8 Survival. The agreements and obligations of the Borrower in this Article IV shall survive the payment of all other Obligations.

## ARTICLE V

# REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

To induce the Lenders to enter into this Agreement and to make Credit Extensions hereunder, the Borrower represents and warrants to each Lender that:

SECTION 5.1 Due Organization, Authorization, etc. Each of the Borrower and each Material Subsidiary (a) is duly organized, validly existing and (to the extent applicable) in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of formation, (b) is duly qualified to do business and (to the extent applicable) in good standing in each jurisdiction where, because of the nature of its activities or properties, such qualification is required except where the failure to qualify would not have a Material Adverse Effect, (c) has the requisite corporate power and authority and the right to own and operate its properties, to lease the property it operates under lease, and to conduct its business as now and proposed to be conducted, and (d) has obtained all material licenses, permits, consents or approvals from or by, and has made all filings with, and given all notices to, all Governmental Authorities having jurisdiction, to the extent required for such ownership, operation and conduct (including, without limitation, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) as to each of the foregoing, except where the failure to do so would not have a Material Adverse Effect. The execution, delivery and performance by the Borrower of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby are within its corporate powers and have been duly authorized

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by all necessary corporate action (including, without limitation, shareholder approval, if required). Each of the Borrower and its Material Subsidiaries has received all other material consents and approvals (if any shall be required) necessary for such execution, delivery and performance, and such execution, delivery and performance do not and will not contravene or conflict with, or create a Lien or right of termination or acceleration under, any Requirements of

Law or Contractual Obligation binding upon the Borrower or such Material Subsidiaries. This Agreement and each of the Loan Documents is (or when executed and delivered will be) the legal, valid, and binding obligation of the Borrower enforceable against the Borrower in accordance with its respective terms, except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights against the Borrower generally or by general equitable principles; provided that the Borrower assumes for purposes of this Section 5.1 that this Agreement and the other Loan Documents have been validly executed and delivered by each of the parties thereto other than the Borrower. Schedule 5.1 sets forth all the jurisdictions in which the Borrower and each Material Subsidiary are qualified to do business as of the Amendment Effective Date.

SECTION 5.2 Statutory Financial Statements. The Annual Statement of each Material Insurance Subsidiary (including, without limitation, the provisions made therein for investments and the valuation thereof, reserves, policy and contract claims and statutory liabilities) as filed with the appropriate Governmental Authority of its jurisdiction of domicile (the "Department") delivered to each Lender prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement, as of and for the 2003 Fiscal Year (the "Statutory Financial Statements"), have been prepared in accordance with SAP applied on a consistent basis (except as noted therein). Each such Statutory Financial Statement was in compliance with all applicable Requirements of Law when filed. The Statutory Financial Statements fairly present the financial position, the results of operations and changes in equity of each Material Insurance Subsidiary as of and for the respective dates and periods indicated therein in accordance with  ${\tt SAP}$ applied on a consistent basis, except as set forth in the notes thereto or on Schedule 5.2. Except for liabilities and obligations, including, without limitation, reserves, policy and contract claims and statutory liabilities (all of which have been computed in accordance with SAP), disclosed or provided for in the Statutory Financial Statements, the Material Insurance Subsidiaries did not have, as of the respective dates of each of such financial statements, any liabilities or obligations (whether absolute or contingent and whether due or to become due) which, in conformity with SAP, applied on a consistent basis, would have been required to be or should be disclosed or provided for in such financial statements. All books of account of each Material Insurance Subsidiary fully and fairly disclose all of the transactions, properties, assets, investments, liabilities and obligations of such Material Insurance Subsidiary and all of such books of account are in the possession of each Material Insurance Subsidiary and are true, correct and complete in all material respects.

SECTION 5.3 GAAP Financial Statements. (a) The audited consolidated financial statements of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries for the Fiscal Year ending December 31, 2003 and the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries for the six months ended June 30, 2004 which have been delivered to the Lenders (i) are true and correct in all material respects, and (ii) present fairly in accordance with GAAP (except as disclosed

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therein and, in the case of interim financial statements, subject to normal year-end adjustments and except that footnote and schedule disclosure may be abbreviated) the financial position and results of operations of the Borrower and its consolidated Subsidiaries at such dates for the periods then ended and the investments and reserves for the periods then ended.

(b) With respect to any representation and warranty which is deemed to be made after the date hereof by the Borrower, the balance sheet and statements of operations, of shareholders' equity and of cash flow, which as of such date shall most recently have been furnished by or on behalf of the Borrower to each Lender for the purposes of or in connection with this Agreement or any transaction contemplated hereby, shall have been prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied (except as disclosed therein and, in the case of interim financial statements, for the absence of footnote disclosures), and shall present fairly the consolidated financial condition of the corporations covered thereby as at the dates thereof for the periods then ended, subject, in the case of quarterly financial statements, to normal year-end audit adjustments.

(c) Except as set forth on Schedule 5.3, there has been no change in the business, assets, operations or financial condition of the Borrower or any Subsidiary which has had or could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect since December 31, 2003; provided, however, that, so long as no violation of Section 7.2 shall have occurred and be continuing as a result thereof, the occurrence of losses that give rise to or result in Excess Catastrophe Losses shall not be deemed to have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 5.4 Litigation and Contingent Liabilities. (a) Except as set forth (including estimates of the dollar amounts involved) in Schedule 5.4 hereto and (b) except for claims which are covered by Insurance Policies, coverage for which has not been denied in writing, or which relate to Primary Policies or Reinsurance Agreements issued by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries or to which it is a party entered into by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business (referred to herein as "Ordinary Course Litigation"), no claim, litigation (including, without limitation, derivative actions), arbitration, governmental investigation or proceeding or inquiry is pending or, to the knowledge of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, threatened against the Borrower or such Subsidiary (i) which would, if adversely determined, have a Material Adverse Effect or (ii) which relates to any of the transactions contemplated hereby, and there is no basis known to the Borrower for any of the foregoing. Other than any liability incident to such claims, litigation or proceedings and as set forth on Schedule 5.4, the Borrower has no material Contingent Liabilities not provided for or referred to in the financial statements delivered pursuant to Section 5.3.

SECTION 5.5 ERISA. (a) The Borrower and each Subsidiary is in compliance in all material respects with the applicable provisions of ERISA, and each Plan is being administered in compliance in all material respects with all applicable Requirements of Law, including without limitation the applicable provisions of ERISA and the Code, except where the failure to do so, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to have a Material

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Adverse Effect. No ERISA Event (i) has occurred and is continuing, or (ii) to the knowledge of the Borrower, is reasonably expected to occur with respect to any Plan or Multiemployer Plan.

(b) With respect to each scheme or arrangement mandated by a government other than the United States (a "Foreign Government Scheme or Arrangement") and with respect to each employee benefit plan that is not subject to United States law maintained or contributed to by the Borrower or any Subsidiary or with respect to which any Subsidiary may have liability under applicable local law (a "Foreign Plan"), (i) the Borrower and each Subsidiary is in compliance in all material respects with any Requirements of Law applicable to such Foreign Government Scheme or Arrangement or Foreign Plan and (ii) each such Foreign Government Scheme or Arrangement or Foreign Plan is being administered by the applicable Person in compliance in all material respects with all applicable Requirements of Law, except where the failure to do so, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to have in a Material Adverse Effect. No event that could reasonably be considered the substantive equivalent of an ERISA Event with respect to any Foreign Government Scheme or Arrangement or Foreign Plan (i) has occurred and is continuing, or (ii) to the knowledge of the Borrower, is reasonably expected to occur.

SECTION 5.6 Investment Company Act. Neither the Borrower nor any of its Subsidiaries is an "investment company" or a company "controlled by an investment company," within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The Borrower is not carrying on investment business in or from Bermuda for the purposes of the Investment Business Act 2003 of Bermuda.

SECTION 5.7 Regulations U and X. Neither the Borrower nor any of its Subsidiaries is engaged principally, or as one of its important activities, in the business of extending credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying margin stock. None of the Borrower, any of its Subsidiaries, any Affiliate of any of them or any Person acting on their behalf has taken or will take action to cause the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement, the making or existence of the Credit Extensions or the use of proceeds of the Credit Extensions to violate Regulations U or X of the FRB.

SECTION 5.8 Proceeds. The proceeds of the Loans will be used for general corporate purposes. Letters of Credit issued hereunder will be used solely to secure the obligations of the Borrower's Insurance Subsidiaries or, upon receipt of an opinion of Bermuda counsel satisfactory to the Administrative Agent in its sole discretion, the Borrower, in providing synthetic cover of catastrophe risks through one or more Catastrophe Bonds (other than Catastrophe Bonds described in clause (b) of the definition thereof). None of such proceeds will be used in violation of applicable law, and none of such proceeds will be used, directly or indirectly, for the purpose, whether immediate, incidental or ultimate, of buying or carrying any margin stock as defined in Regulation U of the FRB.

SECTION 5.9 Insurance. The Borrower and its Material Subsidiaries are in substantial compliance with all material conditions contained in their Insurance Policies.

SECTION 5.10 Ownership of Properties. On the date of any Credit Extension, the Borrower and its Material Subsidiaries will have good title to all of their respective material properties and assets, real and personal, of any nature whatsoever.

SECTION 5.11 Business Locations. Schedule 5.11 lists each of the locations where the Borrower maintains an office, a place of business or any records as of the Amendment Effective Date.

SECTION 5.12 Accuracy of Information. All factual written information furnished heretofore or contemporaneously herewith by or on behalf of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders for purposes of or in connection with this Agreement or any of the transactions contemplated hereby, as supplemented to the date hereof, is and all other such factual written information hereafter furnished by or on behalf of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders will be, true and accurate in every material respect on the date as of which such information is dated or certified and not incomplete by omitting to state any material fact necessary to make such information not misleading in light of the circumstances under which such information was provided. Any projections and pro forma financial information contained in such factual written information are based upon good faith estimates and assumptions believed by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries to be reasonable at the time made, it being recognized by the Lenders that such projections as to future events are not to be viewed as facts and that actual results during the period or periods covered by any such projections may differ from the projected results.

SECTION 5.13 Subsidiaries. Schedule 5.13 as updated from time to time pursuant to Section 6.1(1) contains a complete list of the Borrower's Subsidiaries, indicating which Subsidiaries are Material Subsidiaries and Insurance Subsidiaries.

SECTION 5.14 Insurance Licenses. Schedule 5.14 lists all of the jurisdictions in which any of the Material Insurance Subsidiaries hold licenses (including, without limitation, licenses or certificates of authority from applicable Departments), permits or authorizations to transact insurance and reinsurance business (collectively, the "Licenses") and indicates the line or lines of insurance which each such Material Insurance Subsidiary is permitted to be engaged in with respect to each License therein listed as of the Amendment Effective Date. Each Material Insurance Subsidiary has all necessary Licenses to transact insurance business or reinsurance business, directly or indirectly, in each jurisdiction, where such business requires any such Material Insurance Subsidiary to obtain a License. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.14, to the best of the Borrower's knowledge, no such License is the subject of a proceeding for suspension or revocation or any similar proceedings, there is no sustainable basis for such a suspension or revocation, and no such suspension or revocation is threatened by the applicable Department where such suspension or revocation would have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 5.15 Taxes. The Borrower and each of its Subsidiaries has filed all tax returns that are required to be filed by it, and has paid or provided adequate reserves for the payment of all material taxes, including, without limitation, all payroll taxes and federal and state

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withholding taxes, and all assessments payable by it that have become due, other than (a) those that are not yet delinquent or that are disclosed on Schedule 5.15 and are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which reserves have been established, and are being maintained, in accordance with GAAP or (b) those which the failure to file or pay would not have a Material Adverse Effect. Except as set forth in Schedule 5.15, on the Amendment Effective Date there is no ongoing audit or, to the Borrower's knowledge, other governmental investigation of the tax liability of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries and there is no unresolved claim by a taxing authority concerning the Borrower's or any such Subsidiary's tax liability, for any period for which returns have been filed or were due. As used in this Section 5.15, the term "taxes" includes all taxes of any nature whatsoever and however denominated, including, without limitation, excise, import, governmental fees, duties and all other charges, as well as additions to tax, penalties and interest thereon, imposed by any Governmental Authority.

SECTION 5.16 Securities Laws. Neither the Borrower nor any Affiliate, nor anyone acting on behalf of any such Person, has directly or indirectly offered any interest in the Loans or any other Obligation for sale to, or solicited any offer to acquire any such interest from, or has sold any such interest to any Person that would subject the issuance or sale of the Loans or any other liability to registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

SECTION 5.17 Compliance with Laws. Neither the Borrower nor any of its Subsidiaries is in violation of any Requirements of Law of any Governmental Authority, if the effect of such violation could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect and, to the best of the Borrower's knowledge, no such violation has been alleged and each of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries (i) has filed in a timely manner all reports, documents and other materials required to be filed by it with any Governmental Authority, if such failure to so file could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and the information contained in each of such filings is true, correct and complete in all material respects and (ii) has retained all records and documents required to be retained by it pursuant to any law, ordinance, rule, regulation, order, policy, guideline or other requirement of any Governmental Authority, if the failure to so retain such records and documents could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

#### ARTICLE VI

#### AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS

Until the Loans and all other Obligations are paid in full, and until the Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower agrees that, unless at any time the Required Lenders shall otherwise expressly consent in writing, it will:

SECTION 6.1 Reports, Certificates and Other Information. Furnish or cause to be furnished to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders:

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# (a) GAAP Financial Statements:

(i) Within 50 days after the close of each of the first three Fiscal Quarters of each Fiscal Year of the Borrower, a copy of the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, as of the close of such quarter and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for that portion of the Fiscal Year ending as of the close of such Fiscal Quarter, all prepared in accordance with GAAP (subject to normal year-end adjustments and except that footnote and schedule disclosure may be abbreviated) and, with respect to Material Subsidiaries (other than RIHL), the related unaudited consolidating balance sheets and statements of income for such period and accompanied by the certification of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or controller of the Borrower that all such financial statements are complete and correct in all material respects and present fairly in accordance with GAAP (subject to normal year-end adjustments and except that footnote and schedule disclosure may be abbreviated) the financial position and results of operations of the Borrower and its consolidated Subsidiaries as at the end of such Fiscal Quarter and for the period then ended.

(ii) Within 95 days after the close of each Fiscal Year, a copy of the annual financial statements of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, consisting of audited consolidated balance sheet, statements of income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity and, with respect to Material Subsidiaries (other than RIHL), unaudited consolidating balance sheets and statements of income, setting forth in comparative form the consolidated figures for the previous Fiscal Year, which financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with GAAP, and accompanied by a certification without material qualification by the independent certified public accountants regularly retained by the Borrower, or any other firm of independent certified public accountants of recognized national standing selected by the Borrower and reasonably acceptable to the Required Lenders that all such audited financial statements are complete and correct in all material respects and present fairly in accordance with GAAP the financial position and

results of operations and cash flows of the Borrower and its consolidated Subsidiaries as at the end of such Fiscal Year and for the period then ended.  $\,$ 

- (iii) On each date that financial statements are delivered pursuant to Section 6.1(a)(i) or (ii), a schedule in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent setting forth claims schedule detail with respect to claims of \$5,000,000 or more under any single policy and claims aggregating \$20,000,000 or more with respect to any single event.
- (b) Tax Returns. If requested by the Administrative Agent, copies of all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns and reports in respect of income, franchise or other taxes on or measured by income (excluding sales, use or like taxes) filed by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries.

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- (c) SAP Financial Statements. Within (i) 5 days after the date filed with the Regulator for each of its Fiscal Years, but in any event within 125 days after the end of each Fiscal Year of each Material Insurance Subsidiary a copy of the Annual Statement of such Material Insurance Subsidiary for such Fiscal Year, if any, required by such Department to be filed, each of which statements delivered to be prepared in accordance with SAP and accompanied by the certification of the chief financial officer or chief executive officer of such Material Insurance Subsidiary that such financial statement is complete and correct in all material respects and presents fairly in accordance with SAP the financial position of such Material Insurance Subsidiary for the period then
- (d) Notice of Default, etc. Immediately after an Executive Officer of the Borrower knows or has reason to know of the existence of any Default or Event of Default, or any development or other information which would have a Material Adverse Effect, telephonic or telegraphic notice specifying the nature of such Default or Event of Default or development or information, including the anticipated effect thereof, which notice shall be promptly confirmed in writing within two (2) Business Days.
- (e) Other Information. The following certificates and other information related to the Borrower:
  - (i) Within five (5) Business Days of receipt, a copy of any financial examination reports by a Governmental Authority with respect to the Material Insurance Subsidiaries relating to the insurance business of the Material Insurance Subsidiaries (when, and if, prepared); provided, the Borrower shall only be required to deliver any interim report hereunder at such time as Borrower has knowledge that a final report will not be issued and delivered to the Administrative Agent within 90 days of any such interim report.
  - (ii) Copies of all filings (other than ordinary course requalifications, nonmaterial tax and insurance rate and other ministerial regulatory filings) with Governmental Authorities by the Borrower or any Material Insurance Subsidiary not later than five (5) Business Days after such filings are made, including, without limitation, filings which seek approval of Governmental Authorities with respect to transactions between the Borrower or such Material Insurance Subsidiary and its Affiliates.
  - (iii) Within five (5) Business Days of such notice, notice of proposed or actual suspension, termination or revocation of any material License of any Material Insurance Subsidiary by any Governmental Authority or of receipt of notice from any Governmental Authority notifying the Borrower or any Material Insurance Subsidiary of a hearing relating to such a suspension, termination or revocation, including any request by a Governmental Authority which commits the Borrower or any Material Insurance Subsidiary to take, or refrain from taking, any action or which otherwise materially and adversely affects the authority of the Borrower or any Material Insurance Subsidiary to conduct its business.

- (iv) Within five (5) Business Days of such notice, notice of any pending or threatened investigation or regulatory proceeding (other than routine periodic investigations or reviews) by any Governmental Authority concerning the business, practices or operations of the Borrower or any Material Insurance Subsidiary
- (v) Promptly, notice of any actual or, to the best of the Borrower's knowledge, proposed material changes in the Insurance Code governing the investment or dividend practices of any Material Insurance Subsidiary.
- (vi) Promptly, such additional financial and other information as the Administrative Agent may from time to time reasonably request.
- (f) Compliance Certificates. (i) Concurrently with the delivery to the Administrative Agent of the GAAP financial statements under Sections 6.1(a)(i) and 6.1(a)(ii), for each Fiscal Quarter and Fiscal Year of the Borrower, and at any other time no later than thirty (30) Business Days following a written request of the Administrative Agent, a duly completed Compliance Certificate, signed by the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or controller of the Borrower, containing, among other things, a computation of, and showing compliance with, each of the applicable financial ratios and restrictions contained in Sections 7.1 (including, during any Excess Loss Period, both the Debt to Capital Ratio and the Alternate Debt to Capital Ratio), 7.2, 7.10 and 7.11 and to the effect that, to the best of such officer's knowledge, as of such date no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.
  - (ii) At any time the Borrower Net Worth is below \$1,000,000,000, within ten days following the end of each such calendar month in which the Borrower Net Worth is below \$1,000,000,000 the Borrower shall deliver to the Administrative Agent a duly completed Monthly Reporting Certificate, signed by the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or controller of the Borrower, containing a computation of, and showing compliance with each of the applicable financial ratios and restrictions contained in Section 7.1 (including, during any Excess Loss Period, both the Debt to Capital Ratio and the Alternate Debt to Capital Ratio), 7.2, 7.10 and 7.11, and to the effect that, to the best of such officer's knowledge as of such date no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.
  - (iii) At any time the Reinsurance Net Worth is below \$500,000,000, within ten days after the end of each such calendar month in which the Reinsurance Net Worth is below \$500,000,000, the Borrower shall deliver to the Administrative Agent a duly completed Monthly Reporting Certificate, signed by the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or controller of the Borrower or the president of Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd., containing a computation of the Reinsurance Net Worth.
  - (iv) During any Restricted Period, the Borrower shall deliver to the Administrative Agent a certificate (a "Net Worth Increase Certificate") within ten days of the date the Borrower closes any equity issuance which certificate shall be signed by the

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chief executive officer, chief financial officer or treasurer of the Borrower and shall calculate the Borrower Net Worth (after giving effect to such equity issuance) and the Debt to Capital Ratio.

- (g) Reports to SEC and to Shareholders. Promptly upon the filing or making thereof copies of (i) each filing and report made by the Borrower or any of its Material Subsidiaries with or to any securities exchange or the Securities and Exchange Commission and (ii) each communication from the Borrower to shareholders generally.
- (h) Notice of Litigation, License and ERISA. Promptly upon learning of the occurrence of any of the following, written notice thereof, describing the same and the steps being taken by the Borrower with respect thereto: (i) the institution of, or any adverse determination in, any litigation, arbitration proceeding or governmental proceeding (including any Internal Revenue Service or Department of Labor proceeding with respect to any Plan) which could, if adversely determined, be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect and which is not Ordinary Course Litigation, (ii) an ERISA Event, and an event with respect to any Plan which could result in the incurrence by the Borrower or any Material Subsidiary of any material liability (other than a liability for contributions or premiums), fine or penalty, (iii) the commencement of any dispute which might lead to the modification, transfer, revocation, suspension or termination of this Agreement or any Loan Document or

(iv) any event which could be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

- (i) Insurance Reports. Within five (5) Business Days of receipt of such notice by the Borrower or its Material Subsidiaries, written notice of any cancellation or material adverse change in any material Insurance Policy carried by the Borrower or any of its Material Subsidiaries.
- (j) List of Directors and Officers and Amendments. Concurrently with the delivery of the financial statements required pursuant to Section 6.1(a)(i) and (ii), (i) a list of the Executive Officers and Directors of the Borrower and (ii) copies of any amendments to the Organization Documents to the extent such information is not included in the information provided pursuant to Section 6.1(g) and to the extent such information has changed since the last delivery pursuant to this Section.
- (k) New Subsidiaries. Promptly (i) upon formation or acquisition of any Subsidiary with an initial capitalization of \$1,000,000 or more and (ii) after the capital of a previously unreported Subsidiary is increased above \$1,000,000, written notice of the name, purpose and capitalization of such Subsidiary and whether such Subsidiary is a Material Subsidiary.
- (1) Updated Schedules. From time to time, and in any event concurrently with delivery of the financial statements under Section 6.1(a)(i) and (ii), a revised 5.13, if applicable, showing changes from the Schedule 5.13 previously delivered.

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(m) Other Information. From time to time such other information concerning the Borrower or any Subsidiary as the Administrative Agent or any Lender may reasonably request.

Documents required to be delivered pursuant to this Section 6.1 may be delivered electronically (provided such documents contain any required signatures) and if so delivered shall be deemed to have been delivered on the date on which documents are posted on the Borrower's behalf on IntraLinks/IntraAgency or another relevant website, if any, to which each Lender and the Administrative Agent have access (whether a commercial, third-party website or whether sponsored by the Administrative Agent); provided that (i) the Borrower shall deliver paper copies of such documents to the Administrative Agent or any Lender that requests the Borrower to deliver such paper copies until a written request to cease delivering paper copies is given by the Administrative Agent or such Lender and (ii) the Borrower shall notify (which may be by facsimile or electronic mail) the Administrative Agent and each Lender of the posting of any such documents and provide to the Administrative Agent by electronic mail electronic versions (i.e., soft copies) of such documents. Notwithstanding anything contained herein, in every instance, the Borrower shall be required to provide paper copies of the Compliance Certificates required by Section 6.1(f) to the Administrative Agent and each of the Lenders. Except for such Compliance Certificates, the Administrative Agent shall have no obligation to request the delivery or maintain copies of the documents referred to above, and in any event shall have no responsibility to monitor compliance by the Borrower with any such requests for delivery, and each Lender shall be solely responsible for requesting delivery to it or maintaining its copies of such documents.

The Borrower hereby acknowledges that (a) the Administrative Agent and/or the Arranger will make available to the Lenders and the L/C Issuer materials and/or information provided by or on behalf of the Borrower hereunder (collectively, "Borrower Materials") by posting the Borrower Materials on IntraLinks or another similar electronic system (the "Platform") and (b) certain of the Lenders may be "public-side" Lenders (i.e., Lenders that do not wish to receive material non-public information with respect to the Borrower or its securities) (each, a "Public Lender"). The Borrower hereby agrees that (w) all Borrower Materials that are to be made available to Public Lenders shall be clearly and conspicuously marked "PUBLIC" which, at a minimum, shall mean that the word "PUBLIC" shall appear prominently on the first page thereof; (x) by marking Borrower Materials "PUBLIC," the Borrower shall be deemed to have authorized the Administrative Agent, the Arranger, the L/C Issuer and the Lenders to treat such Borrower Materials as either publicly available information or not material information (although it may be sensitive and proprietary) with respect to the Borrower or its securities for purposes of United States Federal and state securities laws; (y) all Borrower Materials marked "PUBLIC" are permitted to be made available through a portion of the Platform designated "Public Investor;" and (z) the Administrative Agent and the Arranger shall be entitled to treat any Borrower Materials that are not marked "PUBLIC" as being suitable only for posting on a portion of the Platform not designated "Public Investor."

SECTION 6.2 Corporate Existence; Foreign Qualification. Do and cause to be done at all times all things necessary to (a) maintain and preserve the corporate existence of the Borrower and each Material Subsidiary of the Borrower (except that inactive Subsidiaries of the Borrower may be merged out of existence or dissolved), and (b) be, and ensure that each Material Subsidiary of the Borrower is, duly qualified to do business and (to the extent applicable) be in good standing as a foreign corporation in each jurisdiction where the nature of its business makes such qualification necessary unless the failure to be so qualified would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 6.3 Books, Records and Inspections. (a) Maintain, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to maintain, materially complete and accurate books and records in accordance with GAAP and in addition, with respect to each Insurance Subsidiary, SAP, (b) permit, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to permit, access at reasonable times and, except during the continuance of an Event of Default, upon reasonable notice, by the Administrative Agent to its books and records, (c) permit, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to permit, the Administrative Agent or its designated representative to inspect at reasonable times and, except during the continuance of an Event of Default, upon reasonable notice, its properties and operations, and (d) permit, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to permit, the Administrative Agent to discuss its business, operations and financial condition with its officers and its independent accountants.

SECTION 6.4 Insurance. Maintain, and cause each of its Material Subsidiaries to maintain, Insurance Policies to such extent and against such hazards and liabilities as is required by law or customarily maintained by prudent companies similarly situated.

SECTION 6.5 Taxes and Liabilities. Pay, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to pay, when due all material taxes, assessments and other material liabilities except as contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings with respect to which reserves have been established, and are being maintained, in accordance with GAAP except where failure to pay would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 6.6 Employee Benefit Plans. Maintain, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to maintain, each Plan and Foreign Plan in compliance in all material respects with all applicable Requirements of Law except where failure to so comply would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 6.7 Compliance with Laws. Comply, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to comply, (a) with all Requirements of Law related to its businesses (including, without limitation, the establishment of all insurance reserves required to be established under SAP and applicable laws restricting the investments of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries), and (b) with all Contractual Obligations binding upon such entity, except in each of clauses (a) and (b) where failure to so comply would not in the aggregate have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 6.8 Maintenance of Permits. Maintain, and cause each of its Subsidiaries to maintain, all permits, licenses and consents as may be required for the conduct of its business by

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any Governmental Authority except (x) for such permits, licenses and consents related to assets which are sold in accordance with Section 7.3 or (y) where failure to maintain the same would not have a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 6.9 Conduct of Business. Engage, and cause each Material Subsidiary (other than RIHL) to engage, primarily in insurance and reinsurance business and related activities.

### ARTICLE VII

### NEGATIVE COVENANTS

Until the Loans and all other Obligations are paid in full and until the Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower agrees that, unless at any time

the Required Lenders shall otherwise expressly consent in writing, it will:

SECTION 7.1 Debt to Capital Ratio. Not permit (a) the Debt to Capital Ratio (excluding RenRe Catastrophe-Linked Securities) to exceed .35:1 or (b) the Debt to Capital Ratio (including RenRe Catastrophe-Linked Securities) to exceed ..45:1, provided, however, that during any Excess Loss Period, no Default or Event of Default shall occur unless the (i) the Alternate Debt to Capital Ratio (excluding RenRe Catastrophe-Linked Securities) exceeds .35:1 or (ii) Alternate Debt to Capital Ratio (including RenRe Catastrophe-Linked Securities) exceeds ..45:1.

SECTION 7.2 Net Worth. (a) Not permit Borrower Net Worth to be less than \$1,000,000,000, provided, however, that if Borrower Net Worth drops below \$1,000,000,000 but is equal to or greater than \$750,000,000, no Default or Event of Default shall occur until the earlier of (i) the date Borrower Net Worth drops below \$750,000,000 and (ii) six months from the date Borrower Net Worth dropped below \$1,000,000,000 if Borrower Net Worth continues to be less than \$1,000,000,000 (in each case, as reported in the Monthly Reporting Certificates).

(b) Reinsurance Net Worth. Not permit Reinsurance Net Worth to be less than \$500,000,000, provided, however, that if Reinsurance Net Worth drops below \$500,000,000 but is equal to or greater than \$375,000,000, no Default or Event of Default shall occur until the earlier of (i) the date Reinsurance Net Worth drops below \$375,000,000 and (ii) six months from the date Reinsurance Net Worth dropped below \$500,000,000 if Reinsurance Net Worth continues to be less than \$375,000,000 (in each case, as reported in the Monthly Reporting Certificates).

SECTION 7.3 Mergers, Consolidations and Sales. Not, and not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, (a) merge or consolidate, or purchase or otherwise acquire all or substantially all of the assets or stock of any class of, or any partnership or joint venture interest in, any other Person (other than a newly formed Subsidiary or the acquisition of a Subsidiary which complies with clause (b) (ii) of this Section 7.3 or the acquisition of shares of a Subsidiary held by minority shareholders), or (b) sell, transfer, convey or lease all or any substantial part of its assets other than any sale, transfer, conveyance or lease in the ordinary course of business or any sale or

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assignment of receivables except for (i) any such merger or consolidation, sale, transfer, conveyance, lease or assignment of any wholly owned Subsidiary into, with or to any other wholly owned Subsidiary, (ii) purchases or acquisitions which comply with Section 6.9 provided (x) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would result therefrom and (y) the purchase price for any single purchase or acquisition does not exceed 50% of Borrower Net Worth as of the date of such purchase or acquisition minus all amounts which in accordance with GAAP would be characterized as intangible assets (including goodwill) as of the date of such purchase or acquisition (calculated on a proforma basis giving effect to such acquisition or purchase) and (z) the aggregate purchase price of all purchases and acquisitions after December 31, 2003 does not exceed 100% of Borrower Net Worth as of the date of such purchase or acquisition minus all amounts which in accordance with GAAP would be characterized as intangible assets (including goodwill) and (iii) sales of assets and capital stock and other ownership or profit interests (including, without limitation, partnership, member or trust interest therein) of Subsidiaries that are not Material Subsidiaries, provided no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.

SECTION 7.4 Regulations U and X. Not, and not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, hold margin stock (as such term is defined in Regulation U of the FRB) having a value in excess of 20% of the value of the assets of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole after taking into account the application of the proceeds of the Credit Extensions.

SECTION 7.5 Other Agreements. Not, and not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, enter into any agreement containing any provision which would be violated or breached by the performance of obligations hereunder or under any instrument or document delivered or to be delivered by it hereunder or in connection herewith.

SECTION 7.6 Transactions with Affiliates. Not, and not permit any Subsidiary to, enter into, or cause, suffer or permit to exist, directly or indirectly, any arrangement, transaction or contract with any of its Affiliates unless such arrangement, transaction or contract is on an arm's length basis; provided that there shall be excluded from the foregoing restrictions (a) transactions between the Borrower and the Joint Venture and any wholly-owned

Subsidiary of the Borrower or between any wholly-owned Subsidiaries of the Borrower or between any wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Borrower and the Joint Venture and (b) transactions expressly contemplated by written contracts between the Borrower and its non-wholly owned Subsidiaries and Affiliates provided the aggregate net amount paid by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries thereunder does not exceed \$10,000,000 in any Fiscal Year.

SECTION 7.7 Liens. Not, and not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, create or permit to exist any Lien with respect to any assets now or hereafter existing or acquired, except the following: (i) Liens for current taxes not delinquent or for taxes being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which adequate reserves have been established, and are being maintained, in accordance with GAAP, (ii) easements, party wall agreements, rights of way, restrictions, minor defects or irregularities in title and other similar Liens not interfering in any material respect with the ordinary course of the business of the Borrower and

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its Subsidiaries taken as a whole; (iii) Liens in connection with the acquisition of fixed assets after the date hereof and attaching only to the property being acquired, (iv) Liens incurred in the ordinary course of business in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance or other forms of governmental insurance or benefits and Liens pursuant to letters of credit or other security arrangements in connection with such insurance or benefits, (v) mechanics', workers', materialmen's, landlord liens and other like Liens arising in the ordinary course of business in respect of obligations which are not delinquent or which are being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which adequate reserves have been established, and are being maintained, in accordance with GAAP, (vi) liens on Invested Assets pursuant to trust, letter of credit or other security arrangements in connection with Reinsurance Agreements or Primary Policies or other regulatory requirements (for insurance licensing purposes), (vii) Liens listed on Schedule 7.7 in effect on the date hereof; (viii) attachments, judgments and other similar Liens for sums not exceeding \$50,000,000 (excluding any portion thereof which is covered by insurance so long as the insurer is reasonably likely to be able to pay and has accepted a tender of defense and indemnification without reservation of rights); (ix) attachments, judgments and other similar Liens for sums of \$50,000,000 or more (excluding (x) any portion thereof which is covered by insurance so long as the insurer is reasonably likely to be able to pay and has accepted a tender of defense and indemnification without reservation of rights and (y) all such Liens on assets of Subsidiaries that are not Material Subsidiaries) provided the execution or other enforcement of such Liens is effectively stayed and claims secured thereby are being actively contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings and have been bonded off; (x) Liens pursuant to the Loan Documents and (xi) Liens granted in connection with a letter of credit facility entered into by the Borrower or Renaissance Reinsurance Ltd. in connection with the investment in the Joint Venture provided the value of the collateral in which Liens are granted thereunder does not exceed 105% of the amount secured; provided, however, that, no Lien shall be permitted to exist on the shares of stock of any Insurance Subsidiary.

SECTION 7.8 Restrictions On Negative Pledge Agreements. Not, and not permit any of its Subsidiaries to enter into or assume any agreement to which it is a party, other than this Agreement and any agreement required by applicable insurance regulations which places any restrictions upon the right of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries to sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of any material portion of its properties now owned or hereafter acquired other than as permitted under Section 7.7 (with respect to the property subject to such Lien), except for such restrictions imposed by any senior unsecured issuance of Debt with an original principal amount in excess of \$50,000,000 provided such restrictions are no more restrictive than those under this Agreement.

SECTION 7.9 No Amendment of Certain Documents. Not enter into or permit to exist any amendment, modification or waiver of the Organization Documents of the Borrower or RIHL as in effect on the Amendment Effective Date which would (a) create or amend redemption provisions applicable to the Borrower's capital stock or the preferred stock referred to in clause (b) of the definition of "Borrower Net Worth" to provide for mandatory redemption or redemption at the option of the holder prior to the Commitment Termination Date as such date may be extended or (b) in any manner be materially adverse to the interests of the Lenders.

SECTION 7.10 Dividends, Etc.. Not, and not permit its Subsidiaries to, (a) declare or pay any dividends on any of its capital stock (other than pro rata payments of dividends by a Subsidiary to the Borrower and such Subsidiary's other shareholders), (b) purchase or redeem any capital stock of the Borrower or any Subsidiary or any warrants, options or other rights in respect of such stock (other than the pro rata purchase or redemption by a Subsidiary of its capital stock, warrants, options or other rights in respect of such stock and redemptions by RIHL of its redeemable preference shares), (c) purchase or redeem or prepay, prior to its scheduled payment date, any Debt (other than the Credit Extensions), or (d) set aside funds for any of the foregoing (collectively "Restricted Payments"); except that (i) the Borrower may declare or pay dividends on any of its Common Shares in an amount not to exceed \$22,500,000 in any Fiscal Quarter provided (x) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing on the date the Borrower declares such dividend and (y) after giving effect to such dividend payment, Borrower Net Worth will be in excess of \$1,000,000,000, (ii) the Borrower may declare or pay any Restricted Payment described in clauses (a), (b) or (c) above provided (x) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing on the date of such declaration or payment and (y) except in the case of the purchase of shares of a Subsidiary from minority shareholders of such Subsidiary, after giving effect to such Restricted Payment, Borrower Net Worth exceeds \$1,400,000,000 and (iii) any Insurance Subsidiary may pay any Restricted Payment described in clause (b) above on a non prorata basis provided no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing on the date of such payment.

SECTION 7.11 Contingent Liabilities. Not, and not permit its Subsidiaries to, incur Contingent Liabilities in an aggregate principal amount in excess of \$225,000,000 at any time.

SECTION 7.12 Investments in DaVinci Entities. Not, and not permit its Subsidiaries to, (i) incur Contingent Liabilities or otherwise provide credit support (including granting a Lien on any of its assets) for the Debt of DaVinciRe Holdings Ltd. or DaVinci Reinsurance Ltd. at any time or (ii) make any loans to purchase or redeem any capital stock of or otherwise make any investment in DaVinciRe Holdings Ltd. or DaVinci Reinsurance Ltd. during the existence or continuation of any Default or Event of Default.

#### ARTICLE VIII

## EVENTS OF DEFAULT AND THEIR EFFECT

SECTION 8.1 Events of Default. Each of the following shall constitute an Event of Default under this Agreement:

- (a) Non-Payment of Loan. Default in the payment when due of any principal on the Loans or any Reimbursement Obligation.
- (b) Non-Payment of Interest, Fees, etc. Default, and continuance thereof for three (3) Business Days, in the payment when due of interest on the Credit Extensions, fees or of any other amount payable hereunder or under the Loan Documents.

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(c) Non-Payment of Other Debt. (i) Default in the payment when due and continuance of such default after any applicable grace period (whether or not such Debt is accelerated) of any other Debt (or any letter of credit facility) of, or guaranteed by, the Borrower or any of its Material Subsidiaries if the aggregate amount of Debt (or, in the case of any letter of credit facility, the issued letters of credit) of the Borrower and/or any of its Material Subsidiaries which is due and payable or which is or may be accelerated, by reason of such default or defaults is \$50,000,000 or more, or (ii) default in the performance or observance of any obligation or condition and continuance of such default after any applicable grace period with respect to any such other Debt (or any letter of credit facility) of, or guaranteed by, the Borrower and/or any of its Material Subsidiaries if the effect of such default or defaults is to accelerate or permit the acceleration of the maturity of any such Debt (or, in the case of any letter of credit facility, the issued letters of credit) of \$50,000,000 or more in the aggregate prior to its expressed maturity.

(d) Other Material Obligations. Except for obligations covered under other provisions of this Article VIII, default in the payment when due, or in the performance or observance of, any material obligation of, or material condition agreed to by, the Borrower or any of its Material Subsidiaries with respect to any material purchase or lease obligation of \$50,000,000 or more

(unless the existence of any such default is being contested by the Borrower or such Material Subsidiary in good faith and by appropriate proceedings and the Borrower or such Material Subsidiary has established, and is maintaining, adequate reserves therefor in accordance with GAAP) which default continues for a period of 30 days.

(e) Bankruptcy, Insolvency, etc. (i) The Borrower or any Material Subsidiary becomes insolvent or generally fails to pay, or admits in writing its inability to pay, debts as they become due; (ii) there shall be commenced by or against any such Person any case, proceeding or other action (A) under any existing or future law of any jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, supervision, conservatorship, liquidation, reorganization or relief of debtors, seeking to have an order for relief entered with respect to it, or seeking to adjudicate it a bankrupt or insolvent, or seeking reorganization, rehabilitation, conservation, supervision, arrangement, adjustment, winding-up, liquidation, dissolution, composition or other relief with respect to it or its debts, obligations or liabilities, or (B) seeking appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian, rehabilitator, conservator, supervisor, liquidator or other similar official for it or for all or any substantial part of its assets, in each case which (1) results in the entry of an order for relief or any such adjudication or appointment or (2) if filed against such Person, remains undismissed, undischarged or unstayed for a period of 60 days; or (iii) there shall be commenced against any such Person any case, proceeding or other action seeking issuance of a warrant of attachment, execution, distraint or similar process against all or any substantial part of its assets which results in the entry of an order for any such relief which shall not have been vacated, discharged, or stayed or bonded pending appeal within 60 days from the entry thereof; or (iv) any of such Persons shall take any action in furtherance of, or indicating its consent to, approval of, or acquiescence in, any of the acts set forth in clause (ii) or (iii) above; or (v) any Governmental Authority shall issue any order of conservation, supervision or any other order of like effect relating to any of such Persons.

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- (f) Non-compliance With Certain Covenants. Failure by the Borrower to comply with its covenants set forth in Section 7.1, 7.2, 7.8, 7.9, 7.10, 7.11 or 7.12.
- (g) Non-compliance With Other Provisions. Failure by the Borrower to comply with or to perform any provision of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents (and not constituting an Event of Default under any of the other provisions of this Article VIII) and continuance of such failure for 30 days after notice thereof from the Administrative Agent to the Borrower.
- (h) Warranties and Representations. Any warranty or representation made by or on behalf of the Borrower or any Subsidiary herein is inaccurate or incorrect or is breached or false or misleading in any material respect as of the date such warranty or representation is made; or any schedule, certificate, financial statement, report, notice, or other instrument furnished by or on behalf of Borrower or any Subsidiary to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders is false or misleading in any material respect on the date as of which the facts therein set forth are stated or certified.
- (i) ERISA. Any ERISA Event shall occur or exist with respect to any Plan or Multiemployer Plan of RenRe and, as a result thereof, together with all other ERISA Events then existing, the Borrower and its ERISA Affiliates have incurred or would be reasonably likely to incur liability to any one or more Plans or Multiemployer Plans or to the PBGC (or to any combination thereof) in excess of \$50,000,000.
- (j) Loan Documents. Any action shall be taken by or on behalf of the Borrower or any Affiliate thereof to discontinue any of the Loan Documents or to contest the validity, binding nature or enforceability of any thereof.
  - (k) Change in Control. A Change in Control occurs.
- (1) Judgments. A final judgment or judgments which exceed an aggregate of \$50,000,000 (excluding any portion thereof which is covered by insurance so long as the insurer is reasonably likely to be able to pay and has accepted a tender of defense and indemnification without reservation of rights) shall be rendered against the Borrower or any Material Subsidiary and shall not have been discharged or vacated or had execution thereof stayed pending appeal within 45 days after entry or filing of such judgment(s).
- $\,$  (m) Change in Law. Any change is made in the Insurance Code which affects the dividend practices of any Insurance Subsidiary and which is

reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect on the ability of the Borrower to perform its obligations under the Agreement and such circumstances shall continue for 120 days.

SECTION 8.2 Effect of Event of Default. If any Event of Default described in Section 8.1(e) shall occur, the Commitments (if they have not theretofore terminated) shall immediately terminate and all Obligations hereunder shall become immediately due and payable and the Borrower shall become immediately obligated to deliver to the Administrative Agent for

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deposit in the LC Collateral Account pursuant to Section 3.8 cash and/or Permitted Investments in an amount equal to the aggregate undrawn stated amount of all outstanding Letters of Credit and to repay all Loans and Reimbursement Obligations, all without notice of any kind; and, in the case of any other Event of Default, the Administrative Agent may, and upon the written request of the Required Lenders shall, terminate the Commitments hereunder and declare all or any portion of the Credit Extensions and all Obligations to be due and payable and demand that the Borrower immediately deliver to the Administrative Agent for deposit in the LC Collateral Account pursuant to Section 3.8 cash and/or Permitted Investments in an amount equal to the aggregate undrawn stated amount of all outstanding Letters of Credit and repay all Loans and Reimbursement Obligations, whereupon the Commitments shall terminate and all or such portion of the Obligations shall become immediately due and payable and the Borrower shall immediately deliver to the Administrative Agent for deposit in the LC Collateral Account pursuant to Section 3.8 cash and/or Permitted Investments in an amount equal to the aggregate undrawn stated amount of all outstanding Letters of Credit and repay all Loans and Reimbursement Obligations, all without further notice of any kind. The Administrative Agent shall promptly advise the Borrower of any such declaration but failure to do so shall not impair the effect of such declaration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the effect as an Event of Default of any event described in Section 8.1(a) may not be waived except by consent of all of the Lenders and acknowledged by the Administrative Agent in writing.

SECTION 8.3 LC Collateral Account.

(a) If at any time after the Borrower has been required to deposit amounts in the LC Collateral Account, the Administrative Agent determines that the amount on deposit in the LC Collateral Account is less than the amount required, the Administrative Agent may demand the Borrower to pay, and the Borrower shall, upon such demand and without any further notice, pay to the Administrative Agent for deposit in the LC Collateral Account, funds necessary to cure any shortfall.

(b) The Administrative Agent may, at any time or from time to time, after funds are deposited in the LC Collateral Account apply such funds to the payment of the Obligations then due and payable by the Borrower to the Lenders or the LC Issuer under the Loan Documents.

(c) Neither the Borrower nor any Person claiming on behalf of or through the Borrower shall have any right to withdraw any of the funds held in the LC Collateral Account until all of the Obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full, the Commitments have been terminated and all Letters of Credit have been terminated or expired, at which time any funds remaining in the LC Collateral Account shall be returned by the Administrative Agent to the Borrower.

ARTICLE IX

CONDITIONS

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SECTION 9.1 Conditions to Occurrence of the Amendment Effective Date. The occurrence of the Amendment Effective Date shall be subject to receipt by the Administrative Agent of all of the following, each duly executed and dated the Amendment Effective Date (or such earlier date as shall be satisfactory to the Administrative Agent), each in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent (with such copies as the Administrative Agent shall request):

- (a) This Agreement and Certain Related Documents. This Agreement and such other Loan Documents as are required to be delivered by the terms of this Agreement.
- (b) Resolutions. Certified copies of resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Borrower authorizing the execution, delivery and performance, respectively, of those documents and matters required of it with respect to this Agreement or the other Loan Documents.
- (c) Incumbency and Signatures. A certificate of an Authorized Officer certifying the names of the individual or individuals authorized to sign this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, together with a sample of the true signature of each such individual. (The Lenders may conclusively rely on each such certificate until formally advised by a like certificate of any changes therein.)
- (d) Opinion of Counsel. The opinion of (i) Willkie Farr & Gallagher, New York counsel to the Borrower, (ii) Stephen Weinstein, general counsel to the Borrower, and (iii) Conyers, Dill & Pearman, Bermuda counsel to the Borrower, in each case addressed to the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer and the Lenders in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent and its counsel.
- (e) Organization Documents, etc. A Certificate of an Authorized Officer certifying true and correct copies of the Organization Documents of the Borrower.
- (f) Insurance Proceedings. Certificate of an Authorized Officer that there are no material insurance regulatory proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of the Borrower, threatened against the Borrower or any Material Insurance Subsidiary in any jurisdiction.
- (g) Material Adverse Change Certificate. An officer's certificate, signed by an Authorized Officer, certifying that to such officer's best knowledge, since December 31, 2003, there shall not have occurred a material adverse change in the assets, business, financial condition, operations or prospects of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole.
- (h) Clear Markets. The Administrative Agent and the Arranger, in their sole discretion, have determined that there has been no material disruption of or a material adverse change in conditions in the financial, banking or capital markets deemed material in connection with the syndication of this Agreement.

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- (i) No Competing Offers. There shall be no competing offering, placement or arrangement of any Debt by or on behalf of the Borrower during the period from June 28, 2004 through the Amendment Effective Date.
- (j) Fees. The fees referred to in Section 2.8 which are due and payable on or prior to the Amendment Effective Date shall have been paid to the Administrative Agent, where applicable, for the benefit of the Lenders.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(k)}}$  Other. Such other documents as the Administrative Agent may reasonably request.
- SECTION 9.2 Conditions to All Borrowings. The obligation of the Lenders to make all Credit Extensions shall be subject to the prior or concurrent satisfaction (in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent) of each of the conditions precedent set forth below:
- (a) No Default. No Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing or will result from the making of the Credit Extensions and no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing under the Loan Documents or will result from the making of the Credit Extensions.
- (b) Warranties and Representations. (i) All warranties and representations contained in this Agreement (other than Section 5.4 except in the case of the initial Borrowing) shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the date of any Loan, with the same effect as though made on the date of and concurrently with the making of such Loan (except where such representation speaks as of specified date) and (ii) all covenants contained herein and in such documents to be performed by each of the parties thereto (other than the Administrative Agent or the Lenders) prior to the date of any Loan shall have been performed.

(c) Litigation. (i) No litigation (including, without limitation, derivative actions), arbitration, governmental investigation or proceeding or inquiry shall be, on the date of any Loan, pending, or to the knowledge of the Borrower, threatened against the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries which seeks to enjoin or otherwise prevent the consummation of, or to recover any damages or to obtain material relief as a result of, the transactions contemplated hereunder or, in the reasonable opinion of the Required Lenders, could be reasonably expected to be materially adverse to any of the parties to this Agreement and which is not Ordinary Course Litigation, and (ii) in the reasonable opinion of the Required Lenders, no material adverse development shall have occurred in any litigation (including, without limitation, derivative actions), arbitration, government investigation or proceeding or inquiry disclosed in Schedule 5.4 which is likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Fees. The fees referred to in Section 2.8 which are due and payable on or prior to the Amendment Effective Date or the date of any Loan shall have been paid to the Administrative Agent, where applicable, for the benefit of the Lenders.

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- (e) Notice of Borrowing. The Administrative Agent shall have received a Notice of Borrowing in form and substance acceptable to the Administrative Agent.
- (f) Restricted Period. If such Credit Extension is being requested during a Restricted Period, the Borrower shall not have incurred any Debt during the applicable Excess Loss Period other than Debt under either this Agreement, a Contingent Catastrophe Debt Agreement or both, provided the aggregate principal amount outstanding under all such Contingent Catastrophe Debt Agreements cannot exceed \$300,000,000.

#### ARTICLE X

#### THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT

SECTION 10.1 Appointment and Authorization. (a) Each of the LC Issuer and each Lender hereby irrevocably (subject to Section 10.9) appoints, designates and authorizes the Administrative Agent to take such action on its behalf under the provisions of this Agreement and each other Loan Document and to exercise such powers and perform such duties as are expressly delegated to it by the terms of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, together with such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained elsewhere in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document, the Administrative Agent shall not have any duties or responsibilities, except those expressly set forth herein, nor shall the Administrative Agent have or be deemed to have any fiduciary relationship with the LC Issuer or any Lender, and no implied covenants, functions, responsibilities, duties, obligations or liabilities shall be read into this Agreement or any other Loan Document or otherwise exist against the Administrative Agent.

(b) The LC Issuer shall act on behalf of the Lenders with respect to any Letters of Credit issued by it and the documents associated therewith, and the LC Issuer shall have all of the benefits and immunities (i) provided to the Administrative Agent in this Article X with respect to any acts taken or omissions suffered by the LC Issuer in connection with Letters of Credit issued by it or proposed to be issued by it and the applications and agreements for letters of credit pertaining to such Letters of Credit as fully as if the term "Administrative Agent" as used in this Article X and in the definition of "Agent-Related Person" included the LC Issuer with respect to such acts or omissions, and (ii) as additionally provided herein with respect to the LC Issuer.

SECTION 10.2 Delegation of Duties. The Administrative Agent may execute any of its duties under this Agreement or any other Loan Document by or through agents, employees or attorneys-in-fact and shall be entitled to advice of counsel concerning all matters pertaining to such duties. The Administrative Agent shall not be responsible for the negligence or misconduct of any agent or attorney-in-fact that it selects in the absence of gross negligence or willful misconduct. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing sentence, the use of the term "agent" herein and in the other Loan Documents with reference to the Administrative Agent is not intended to connote any fiduciary or other implied (or express) obligations arising under

agency doctrine of any applicable law. Instead, such term is used merely as a matter of market custom, and is intended to create or reflect only an administrative relationship between independent contracting parties.

SECTION 10.3 Liability of Administrative Agent. None of the Agent-Related Persons shall (a) be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by any of them under or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the transactions contemplated hereby (except for its own gross negligence or willful misconduct in connection with its duties expressly set forth herein), or (b) be responsible in any manner to any Lender or participant for any recital, statement, representation or warranty made by the Borrower or any Subsidiary or Affiliate of the Borrower, or any officer thereof, contained in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document, or in any certificate, report, statement or other document referred to or provided for in, or received by the Administrative Agent under or in connection with, this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or the validity, effectiveness, genuineness, enforceability or sufficiency of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or for any failure of the Borrower or any other party to any Loan Document to perform its obligations hereunder or thereunder. No Agent-Related Person shall be under any obligation to any Lender or participant to ascertain or to inquire as to the observance or performance of any of the agreements contained in, or conditions of, this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or to inspect the properties, books or records of the Borrower or any of the Borrower's Subsidiaries or Affiliates.

SECTION 10.4 Reliance by Administrative Agent. (a) The Administrative Agent shall be entitled to rely, and shall be fully protected in relying, upon any writing, communication, signature, resolution, representation, notice, consent, certificate, affidavit, letter, telegram, facsimile, telex or telephone message, electronic mail message, statement or other document or conversation believed by it to be genuine and correct and to have been signed, sent or made by the proper Person or Persons, and upon advice and statements of legal counsel (including counsel to the Borrower), independent accountants and other experts selected by the Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent shall be fully justified in failing or refusing to take any action under this Agreement or any other Loan Document unless it shall first receive such advice or concurrence of the Required Lenders as it deems appropriate and, if it so requests, it shall first be indemnified to its satisfaction by the Lenders against any and all liability and expense which may be incurred by it by reason of taking or continuing to take any such action. The Administrative Agent shall in all cases be fully protected in acting, or in refraining from acting, under this Agreement or any other Loan Document in accordance with a request or consent of the Required Lenders (or such greater number of Lenders as may be expressly required hereby in any instance) and such request and any action taken or failure to act pursuant thereto shall be binding upon all of the Lenders.

(b) For purposes of determining compliance with the conditions specified in Section 9.1, the LC Issuer and each Lender that has executed this Agreement shall be deemed to have consented to, approved or accepted or to be satisfied with, each document or other matter required thereunder to be consented to or approved by or acceptable or satisfactory to the LC Issuer or such Lender unless the Administrative Agent shall have received notice from the LC

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Issuer or such Lender prior to the proposed Amendment Effective Date specifying its objection thereto.

SECTION 10.5 Notice of Default. The Administrative Agent shall not be deemed to have knowledge or notice of the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default, except with respect to defaults in the payment of principal, Reimbursement Obligations, interest and fees required to be paid to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Lenders, unless the Administrative Agent shall have received written notice from a Lender, the LC Issuer or the Borrower referring to this Agreement, describing such Default or Event of Default and stating that such notice is a "notice of default". The Administrative Agent will notify the Lenders of its receipt of any such notice. The Administrative Agent shall take such action with respect to such Default or Event of Default as may be requested by the Required Lenders in accordance with Article VIII; provided, however, that unless and until the Administrative Agent has received any such request, the Administrative Agent may (but shall not be obligated to) take such action, or refrain from taking such action, with respect

to such Default or Event of Default as it shall deem advisable or in the best interest of the Lenders.

SECTION 10.6 Credit Decision. Each of the LC Issuer and the Lenders acknowledges that none of the Agent-Related Persons has made any representation or warranty to it, and that no act by the Administrative Agent hereinafter taken, including any review of the affairs of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, shall be deemed to constitute any representation or warranty by any Agent-Related Person to any Lender as to any matter, including whether Agent-Related Persons have disclosed material information in their possession. The LC Issuer and each Lender represents to the Administrative Agent that it has, independently and without reliance upon any Agent-Related Person and based on such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own appraisal of and investigation into the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition and creditworthiness of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, and all applicable bank regulatory laws relating to the transactions contemplated hereby, and made its own decision to enter into this Agreement and to extend credit to the Borrower hereunder. Each Lender also represents that it will, independently and without reliance upon any Agent-Related Person and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own credit analysis, appraisals and decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and to make such investigations as it deems necessary to inform itself as to the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition and creditworthiness of the Borrower. Except for notices, reports and other documents expressly herein required to be furnished to the LC Issuer and the Lenders by the Administrative Agent, the Administrative Agent shall not have any duty or responsibility to provide any Lender with any credit or other information concerning the business, prospects, operations, property, financial and other condition or creditworthiness of the Borrower or any of its Affiliates which may come into the possession of any of the Agent-Related Persons.

SECTION 10.7 Indemnification of Administrative Agent. Whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated, the LC Issuer and the Lenders shall

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indemnify upon demand the Agent-Related Persons (to the extent not reimbursed by or on behalf of the Borrower and without limiting the obligation of the Borrower to do so), pro rata, from and against any and all Indemnified Liabilities; provided, however, that neither the LC Issuer nor any Lender shall be liable for the payment to the Agent-Related Persons of any portion of such Indemnified Liabilities to the extent determined in a final nonappealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from such Agent-Related Person's own gross negligence or willful misconduct; provided, however, that no action taken in accordance with the directions of the Required Lenders shall be deemed to constitute gross negligence or willful misconduct for purposes of this Section. Without limitation of the foregoing, each Lender shall reimburse the Administrative Agent upon demand for its ratable share of any costs or out-of-pocket expenses (including Attorney Costs) incurred by the Administrative Agent in connection with the preparation, execution, delivery, administration, modification, amendment or enforcement (whether through negotiations, legal proceedings or otherwise) of, or legal advice in respect of rights or responsibilities under, this Agreement, any other Loan Document, or any document contemplated by or referred to herein, to the extent that the Administrative Agent is not reimbursed for such expenses by or on behalf of the Borrower. The undertaking in this Section shall survive the payment of all Obligations hereunder and the resignation or replacement of the Administrative Agent.

SECTION 10.8 Administrative Agent in Individual Capacity. Bank of America and its Affiliates may make loans to, issue letters of credit for the account of, accept deposits from, acquire equity interests in and generally engage in any kind of banking, trust, financial advisory, underwriting or other business with the Borrower and its Subsidiaries and Affiliates as though Bank of America were not the Administrative Agent hereunder and without notice to or consent of the Lenders. The LC Issuer and the Lenders acknowledge that, pursuant to such activities, Bank of America or its Affiliates may receive information regarding the Borrower or its Affiliates (including information that may be subject to confidentiality obligations in favor of the Borrower or such Subsidiary) and acknowledge that the Administrative Agent shall be under no obligation to provide such information to them. With respect to its Credit Extensions, Bank of America shall have the same rights and powers under this Agreement as any other Lender and may exercise the same as though it were not the Administrative Agent, and the terms "Lender" and "Lenders" include Bank of America in its individual capacity.

may, and at the request of the Required Lenders shall, resign as Administrative Agent upon 30 days' notice to the Lenders. If the Administrative Agent resigns under this Agreement, the Required Lenders shall appoint from among the Lenders a successor agent for the Lenders which successor agent shall be approved by the Borrower. If no successor agent is appointed prior to the effective date of the resignation of the Administrative Agent, the Administrative Agent may appoint, after consulting with the Lenders and the Borrower, a successor agent from among the Lenders. Upon the acceptance of its appointment as successor agent hereunder, such successor agent shall succeed to all the rights, powers and duties of the retiring Administrative Agent and the term "Administrative Agent" shall mean such successor agent and the retiring Administrative Agent's appointment, powers and duties as Administrative Agent shall be terminated. After any retiring

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Administrative Agent's resignation hereunder as Administrative Agent, the provisions of this Article X and Sections 11.4 and 11.5 shall inure to its benefit as to any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was Administrative Agent under this Agreement. If no successor agent has accepted appointment as Administrative Agent by the date which is 30 days following a retiring Administrative Agent's notice of resignation, the retiring Administrative Agent's resignation shall nevertheless thereupon become effective and the Lenders shall perform all of the duties of the Administrative Agent hereunder until such time, if any, as the Required Lenders appoint a successor agent as provided for above.

SECTION 10.10 Administrative Agent May File Proofs of Claim. In case of the pendency of any receivership, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, composition or other judicial proceeding relative to the Borrower, the Administrative Agent (irrespective of whether the principal of any Loan or LC Obligation shall then be due and payable as herein expressed or by declaration or otherwise and irrespective of whether the Administrative Agent shall have made any demand on the Borrower) shall be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceeding or otherwise

(a) to file and prove a claim for the whole amount of the principal and interest owing and unpaid in respect of the Loans, LC Obligations and all other Obligations that are owing and unpaid and to file such other documents as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Lenders and the Administrative Agent (including any claim for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Lenders and the Administrative Agent and their respective agents and counsel and all other amounts due the Lenders and the Administrative Agent under Sections 2.8 and 11.4) allowed in such judicial proceeding; and

(b) to collect and receive any monies or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims and to distribute the same;

and any custodian, receiver, assignee, trustee, liquidator, sequestrator or other similar official in any such judicial proceeding is hereby authorized by each Lender to make such payments to the Administrative Agent and, in the event that the Administrative Agent shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Lenders, to pay to the Administrative Agent any amount due for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Administrative Agent and its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Administrative Agent under Sections 2.8 and 11.4.

Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to authorize the Administrative Agent to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Lender any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Obligations or the rights of any Lender or to authorize the Administrative Agent to vote in respect of the claim of any Lender in any such proceeding.

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those applicable to all Lenders as such. Without limiting the foregoing, no Lender so identified as a "syndication agent" or "documentation agent" shall have or be deemed to have any fiduciary relationship with any Lender. Each Lender acknowledges that it has not relied, and will not rely, on any of the Lenders so identified in deciding to enter into this Agreement or in taking or not taking action hereunder.

#### ARTICLE XI

#### MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION 11.1 Amendments and Waivers. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, and no consent with respect to any departure by the Borrower therefrom, shall be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Required Lenders (or by the Administrative Agent at the written request of the Required Lenders) and the Borrower and acknowledged by the Administrative Agent, and each such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given; provided, however, that no such waiver, amendment, or consent shall:

- (a) waive any conditions set forth in Section 9.1(a) without the written consent of each Lender;
- (b) increase or extend the Commitment of any Lender or reinstate any Commitment terminated pursuant to Section 8.2 without the consent of such Lender or extend the expiry date of any Letter of Credit to a date after the Commitment Termination Date without the written consent of each Lender;
- (c) postpone any date fixed by this Agreement or any other Loan Document for any payment of principal, Reimbursement Obligation, interest, fees or other amounts due to the Lenders (or any of them) hereunder or under any other Loan Document without the written consent of each Lender directly affected thereby;
- (d) reduce the principal of, or the rate of interest specified herein, or (subject to clause (iii) below) any fees or other amounts payable hereunder or under any other Loan Document without the written consent of each Lender directly affected thereby; provided, however, that only the consent of all Lenders shall be necessary to amend any provision relating to or to waive any obligation of the Borrower to pay interest at the default rate;
- (e) change Section 2.11 in a manner which would alter the pro rata sharing of payments required thereby without the written consent of each Lender; or
- (f) change any provision of this Section or the definition of "Required Lenders" or any other provision hereof specifying the number or percentage of Lenders required

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to amend, waive or otherwise modify any rights hereunder or make any determination or grant any consent hereunder, without the written consent of each Lender;

and, provided further, that (i) no amendment, waiver or consent shall, unless in writing and signed by the Administrative Agent in addition to the Required Lenders or all the Lenders, as the case may be, affect the rights or duties of the Administrative Agent under this Agreement or any other Loan Document, (ii) no amendment of any provision relating to the LC Issuer shall be effective without the consent of the LC Issuer, and (iii) the Fee Letter may be amended, or rights or privileges thereunder waived, in a writing executed only by the parties thereto.

- SECTION 11.2 General. (a) Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, all notices and other communications provided for hereunder shall be in writing (including by facsimile transmission). All such written notices shall be mailed, faxed or delivered to the applicable address, facsimile number or (subject to subsection (c) below) electronic mail address, and all notices and other communications expressly permitted hereunder to be given by telephone shall be made to the applicable telephone number, as follows:
  - (i) if to the Borrower, the Administrative Agent or the LC Issuer, to the address, facsimile number, electronic mail address or telephone number specified for such Person on Schedule 11.2 or to such other address, facsimile number, electronic mail address or telephone number as shall be designated by such party in a notice to the other

(ii) if to any other Lender, to the address, facsimile number, electronic mail address or telephone number specified for such Person on Schedule 11.2 or to such other address, facsimile number, electronic mail address or telephone number as shall be designated by such party in a notice to the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer.

All such notices and other communications shall be deemed to be given or made upon the earlier to occur of (i) actual receipt by the relevant party hereto and (ii) (A) if delivered by hand or by courier, when signed for by or on behalf of the relevant party hereto; (B) if delivered by mail, four Business Days after deposit in the mails, postage prepaid; (C) if delivered by facsimile, when sent and receipt has been confirmed by telephone; and (D) if delivered by electronic mail (which form of delivery is subject to the provisions of subsection (c) below), when delivered; provided, however, that notices and other communications to the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer pursuant to Article II or Article III, as applicable, shall not be effective until actually received by such Person. In no event shall a voicemail message be effective as a notice, communication or confirmation hereunder.

(b) Effectiveness of Facsimile Documents and Signatures. Loan Documents may be transmitted and/or signed by facsimile. The effectiveness of any such documents and signatures shall, subject to any Requirements of Law, have the same force and effect as manually-signed originals and shall be binding on the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, the

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LC Issuer and the Lenders. The Administrative Agent may also require that any such documents and signatures be confirmed by a manually-signed original thereof; provided, however, that the failure to request or deliver the same shall not limit the effectiveness of any facsimile document or signature.

- (c) Limited Use of Electronic Mail. Electronic mail and Internet and intranet websites may be used only to distribute routine communications, such as financial statements and other information as provided in Section 6.1, and to distribute Loan Documents for execution by the parties thereto, and may not be used for any other purpose. Notices given pursuant to Sections 2.4, 2.5 and 2.6 may only be delivered by electronic mail with the prior consent of the Administrative Agent.
- (d) Reliance by Administrative Agent and Lenders. The Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer and the Lenders shall be entitled to rely and act upon any notices (including telephonic Notices of Borrowing and Notices of Conversion/Continuation) purportedly given by or on behalf of the Borrower even if (i) such notices were not made in a manner specified herein, were incomplete or were not preceded or followed by any other form of notice specified herein, or (ii) the terms thereof, as understood by the recipient, varied from any confirmation thereof. The Borrower shall indemnify each Agent-Related Person, the LC Issuer and each Lender from all losses, costs and expenses resulting from the reliance by such Person on each notice purportedly given by or on behalf of the Borrower other than funding losses which losses are subject to the provisions of Section 4.4. All telephonic notices to and other communications with the servicing group of the Administrative Agent may be recorded by the Administrative Agent, and each of the parties hereto hereby consents to such recording. In addition, telephonic calls may be recorded with the consent of the parties to such call.

SECTION 11.3 No Waiver; Cumulative Remedies. No failure to exercise and no delay in exercising, on the part of the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer or any Lender, any right, remedy, power or privilege hereunder, shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power or privilege hereunder preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, remedy, power or privilege. The rights, remedies, powers and privileges herein provided are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights, remedies, powers and privileges provided by law.

#### SECTION 11.4 Costs and Expenses. The Borrower shall:

(a) whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated, pay or reimburse Bank of America (including in its capacity as Administrative Agent) and the Arranger within ten Business Days after demand for all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Bank of America (including in its capacity as Administrative Agent) and the Arranger in connection with the development, preparation, delivery, administration and execution of, and any amendment, supplement, waiver, consent or modification to (in each case, whether or not consummated), this Agreement, any Loan Document and any other documents

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and thereby, including reasonable Attorney Costs incurred by Bank of America (including in its capacity as Administrative Agent) and the Arranger with respect thereto; and

(b) pay or reimburse the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer and each Lender within ten Business Days after demand for all costs and expenses (including reasonable Attorney Costs) incurred by them in connection with the enforcement, attempted enforcement, or preservation of any rights or remedies under this Agreement or any other Loan Document during the existence of an Event of Default or after acceleration of the Loans (including in connection with any "workout" or restructuring regarding the Credit Extensions, and including in any insolvency proceeding or appellate proceeding). The foregoing costs and expenses shall include all search, filing, recording, title insurance and appraisal charges and fees and taxes related thereto, and reasonable other out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Administrative Agent and the cost of independent public accountants and other outside experts retained by the Administrative Agent or any Lender. The agreements in this Section shall survive the termination of the Commitments and repayment of all other Obligations.

SECTION 11.5 Indemnification by the Borrower. Whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated, the Borrower shall indemnify and hold the Agent-Related Persons, the LC Issuer and each Lender and each of its respective Affiliates, officers, directors, employees, counsel, agents and attorneys-in-fact (each, an "Indemnitee") harmless from and against any and all liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, claims, demands, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses and disbursements (including Attorney Costs) of any kind or nature whatsoever which may at any time be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against any such Person in any way relating to or arising out of this Agreement or any document contemplated by or referred to herein, or the transactions contemplated hereby, or any action taken or omitted by any such Person under or in connection with any of the foregoing, including with respect to any investigation, litigation or proceeding (including any insolvency proceeding or appellate proceeding) related to or arising out of (a) the execution, delivery, performance or administration of any Loan Document or any other agreement, letter or instrument delivered in connection with the transactions contemplated thereby or by the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, (b) any Commitment, Loan or Letter of Credit or the use or proposed use of the proceeds therefrom (including any refusal by the LC Issuer to honor a demand for payment under a Letter of Credit if the documents presented in connection with such demand do not strictly comply with the terms of such Letter of Credit), or (c) any actual or prospective claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, whether based on contract, tort or any other theory (including any investigation of, preparation for, or defense of any pending or threatened claim, investigation, litigation or proceeding) and regardless of whether any Indemnitee is a party thereto (all of the foregoing collectively the "Indemnified Liabilities"), IN ALL CASES, WHETHER OR NOT CAUSED BY OR ARISING, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, OUT OF NEGLIGENCE OF THE INDEMNITEE; provided that such indemnity shall not, as to any Indemnitee, be available for Indemnified Liabilities resulting solely from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee. No Indemnitee shall be liable for any damages arising from the use by others of any information or other materials obtained through IntraLinks or other similar information transmission systems in connection with this Agreement, nor shall any

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Indemnitee or the Borrower have any liability for any indirect or consequential damages relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document, any Commitment, Loan or Letter of Credit or arising out of its activities in connection herewith or therewith (whether before or after the Amendment Effective Date) except as otherwise provided in Article IV hereof. All amounts due under this Section 11.5 shall be payable within ten Business Days after demand therefor. The agreements in this Section shall survive the resignation of the Administrative Agent, the replacement of the LC Issuer or any Lender, the termination of the Commitments and the repayment, satisfaction or discharge of all the other Obligations.

SECTION 11.6 Payments Set Aside. To the extent that the Borrower makes a payment to the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer or the Lenders, or the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer or the Lenders exercise their right of

set-off, and such payment or the proceeds of such set-off or any part thereof are subsequently invalidated, declared to be fraudulent or preferential, set aside or required (including pursuant to any settlement entered into by the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer or such Lender in its discretion) to be repaid to a trustee, receiver or any other party, in connection with any insolvency proceeding or otherwise, then (a) to the extent of such recovery the obligation or part thereof originally intended to be satisfied shall be revived and continued in full force and effect as if such payment had not been made or such set-off had not occurred, and (b) each Lender severally agrees to pay to the Administrative Agent upon demand its pro rata share of any amount so recovered from or repaid by the Administrative Agent, plus interest thereon from the date of such demand to the date such payment is made at a rate per annum equal to the Federal Funds Rate from time to time in effect.

#### SECTION 11.7 Successors and Assigns.

(a) The provisions of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, except that the Borrower may not assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of each Lender and no Lender may assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder except (i) to an Eligible Assignee in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section, (ii) by way of participation in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this Section, or (iii) by way of pledge or assignment of a security interest subject to the restrictions of subsection (f) of this Section (and any other attempted assignment or transfer by any party hereto shall be null and void). Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, shall be construed to confer upon any Person (other than the parties hereto, their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, Participants to the extent provided in subsection (d) of this Section and, to the extent expressly contemplated hereby, the Indemnitees) any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or by reason of this Agreement.

(b) Any Lender may at any time and shall, if a Substitute Lender is designated pursuant to Section 4.7 hereof, assign to one or more Eligible Assignees all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its Commitment and the Loans (including for purposes of this subsection (b), participations in LC Obligations) at the time owing to it); provided that (i) except in the case of an assignment of the entire remaining

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amount of the assigning Lender's Commitment and the Loans at the time owing to it or in the case of an assignment to a Lender or an Affiliate of a Lender or an Approved Fund (as defined in subsection (g) of this Section) with respect to a Lender, the aggregate amount of the Commitment (which for this purpose includes Loans outstanding thereunder) subject to each such assignment, determined as of the date the Assignment and Assumption with respect to such assignment is delivered to the Administrative Agent or, if "Trade Date" is specified in the Assignment and Assumption, as of the Trade Date, shall not be less than \$10,000,000 unless each of the Administrative Agent and, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Borrower otherwise consents (each such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed); (ii) each partial assignment shall be made as an assignment of a proportionate part of all the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement with respect to the Loans or the Commitment assigned; (iii) any assignment of a Commitment must be approved (each such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) by the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer unless the Person that is the proposed assignee is itself a Lender (whether or not the proposed assignee would otherwise qualify as an Eligible Assignee); and (iv) the parties to each assignment shall execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent an Assignment and Assumption, together with a processing and recordation fee of \$3,500. Subject to acceptance and recording thereof by the Administrative Agent pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section, from and after the effective date specified in each Assignment and Assumption, the Eligible Assignee thereunder shall be a party to this Agreement and, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, have the rights and obligations of a Lender under this Agreement, and the assigning Lender thereunder shall, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, be released from its obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an Assignment and Assumption covering all of the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement, such Lender shall cease to be a party hereto but shall continue to be entitled to the benefits of Sections 4.1, 4.3, 4.4, 11.4 and 11.5 with respect to facts and circumstances occurring prior to the effective date of such assignment). Any assignment or transfer by a Lender of rights or obligations under this Agreement that does not comply with this subsection shall be treated for purposes of this Agreement as a sale by such Lender of a participation in

such rights and obligations in accordance with subsection (d) of this Section.

(c) The Administrative Agent, acting solely for this purpose as an agent of the Borrower, shall maintain at the Administrative Agent's Office a copy of each Assignment and Assumption delivered to it and a register for the recordation of the names and addresses of the Lenders, and the Commitments of, and principal amounts of the Loans and LC Obligations owing to, each Lender pursuant to the terms hereof from time to time (the "Register"). The entries in the Register shall be conclusive absent manifest error, and the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders may treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Register pursuant to the terms hereof as a Lender hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement, notwithstanding notice to the contrary. The Register shall be available for inspection by the Borrower and any Lender, at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice.

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(d) Any Lender may at any time, without the consent of, or notice to, the Borrower or the Administrative Agent, sell participations to any Person (other than a natural person or the Borrower or any of the Borrower's Affiliates or Subsidiaries) (each, a "Participant") in all or a portion of such Lender's rights and/or obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its Commitment and/or the Loans (including such Lender's participations in LC Obligations) owing to it); provided that (i) such Lender's obligations under this Agreement shall remain unchanged, (ii) such Lender shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations and (iii) the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the other Lenders shall continue to deal solely and directly with such Lender in connection with such Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement. Any agreement or instrument pursuant to which a Lender sells such a participation shall provide that such Lender shall retain the sole right to enforce this Agreement and to approve any amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement; provided that such agreement or instrument may provide that such Lender will not, without the consent of the Participant, agree to any amendment, waiver or other modification described in the first proviso to Section 11.1 that directly affects such Participant. Subject to subsection (e) of this Section, the Borrower agrees that each Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of Sections 4.1, 4.3 and 4.4 to the same extent as if it were a Lender and had acquired its interest by assignment pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section. To the extent permitted by law, each Participant also shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 11.9 as though it were a Lender, provided such Participant agrees to be subject to Section 2.11 as though it were a Lender.

(e) A Participant shall not be entitled to receive any greater payment under Section 4.1 or 4.3 than the applicable Lender would have been entitled to receive with respect to the participation sold to such Participant, unless the sale of the participation to such Participant is made with the Borrower's prior written consent. A Participant that would be a Foreign Lender if it were a Lender shall not be entitled to the benefits of Section 4.1 unless the Borrower is notified of the participation sold to such Participant and such Participant agrees, for the benefit of the Borrower, to comply with Section 11.14 as though it were a Lender.

(f) Any Lender may at any time pledge or assign a security interest in all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement to secure obligations of such Lender, including any pledge or assignment to secure obligations to a Federal Reserve Bank; provided that no such pledge or assignment shall release such Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or assignee for such Lender as a party hereto.

(g) As used herein, the following terms have the following  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

meanings:

"Eligible Assignee" means (a) a Lender; (b) an Affiliate of a Lender; (c) an Approved Fund; and (d) any other Person (other than a natural person) approved by (i) the Administrative Agent and the LC Issuer, and (ii) unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Borrower (each such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed); provided that

notwithstanding the foregoing, "Eligible Assignee" shall not include the Borrower or any of the Borrower's Affiliates or Subsidiaries.

"Fund" means any Person (other than a natural person) that is (or will be) engaged in making, purchasing, holding or otherwise investing in commercial loans and similar extensions of credit in the ordinary course of its business.

"Approved Fund" means any Fund that is administered or managed by (a) a Lender, (b) an Affiliate of a Lender or (c) an entity or an Affiliate of an entity that administers or manages a Lender.

SECTION 11.8 Confidentiality. Each of the Administrative Agent and the Lenders agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the Information (as defined below), except that, subject to the last paragraph of Section 6.1, Information may be disclosed (a) to its and its Affiliates' directors, officers, employees and agents, including accountants, legal counsel and other advisors (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential), (b) to the extent requested by any regulatory authority (including any self-regulatory authority, such as the National Association of Insurance Commissioners), (c) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process, (d) to any other party hereto, (e) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under any other Loan Document or any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the enforcement of rights hereunder or thereunder, (f) subject to an agreement containing provisions substantially the same as those of this Section, to (i) any assignee of or Participant in, or any prospective assignee of or Participant in, any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement provided they agree to be bound by the provisions of this Section or (ii) any actual or prospective counterparty (or its advisors) to any swap or derivative transaction relating to the Borrower and its obligations, provided they agree to be bound by the provisions of this Section or (g) with the consent of the Borrower provided they agree to be bound by the provisions of this Section or (h) to the extent such Information (x)becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Section or (y) becomes available to the Administrative Agent or any Lender on a nonconfidential basis from a source other than the Borrower. For purposes of this Section, "Information" means all information received from the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries relating to their respective businesses, other than any such information that is available to the Administrative Agent or any Lender on a nonconfidential basis prior to disclosure by the Borrower. Any Person required to maintain the confidentiality of Information as provided in this Section shall be considered to have complied with its obligation to do so if such Person has exercised the same degree of care to maintain the confidentiality of such Information as such Person would accord to its own confidential information. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, "Information" shall not include, and the Administrative Agent and each Lender may disclose without limitation of any kind, any information with respect to the "tax treatment" and "tax structure" (in each case, within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.6011-4) of the transactions contemplated hereby and all materials of any kind (including opinions or other tax analyses) that are provided to the Administrative Agent or such Lender relating to such tax

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treatment and tax structures contemplated hereby; provided that with respect to any document or similar item that in either case contains information concerning the tax treatment or tax structure of the transaction as well as other information, this sentence shall only apply to such portions of the document or similar item that relate to the tax treatment or tax structure of the Loans, Letters of Credit and other transactions contemplated hereby.

SECTION 11.9 Set-off. In addition to any rights and remedies of the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer or the Lenders provided by law, if an Event of Default exists or the Loans have been accelerated, the Administrative Agent, the LC Issuer and each Lender is authorized at any time and from time to time, without prior notice to the Borrower, any such notice being waived by the Borrower to the fullest extent permitted by law, to set off and apply any and all deposits (general or special, time or demand, provisional or final) at any time held by, and other indebtedness at any time owing by, such Person to or for the credit or the account of the Borrower against any and all Obligations owing to such Person, now or hereafter existing, irrespective of whether or not such Person shall have made demand under this Agreement or any Loan Document and

although such Obligations may be contingent or unmatured. Each Person exercising its right of set-off agrees promptly to notify the Borrower and the Administrative Agent after any such set-off and application made by such Lender; provided, however, that the failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such set-off and application.

SECTION 11.10 Notification of Addresses, Lending Offices, Etc. Each party hereto shall notify the Administrative Agent in writing of any changes in the address to which notices to such Person should be directed, of addresses of any Lending Office, of payment instructions in respect of all payments to be made to it hereunder and of such other administrative information as the Administrative Agent shall reasonably request.

SECTION 11.11 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of separate counterparts, each of which, when so executed, shall be deemed an original, and all of said counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute but one and the same instrument.

(a) Tax Forms. (i) Each Lender that is not a "United States person" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code (a "Foreign Lender") other than a Lender domiciled in Bermuda shall deliver to the Administrative Agent, prior to receipt of any payment subject to withholding under the Code (or upon accepting an assignment of an interest herein), two duly signed completed copies of either IRS Form W-8BEN or any successor thereto (relating to such Foreign Lender and entitling it to an exemption from, or reduction of, withholding tax on all payments to be made to such Foreign Lender by the Borrower pursuant to this Agreement) or IRS Form W-8ECI or any successor thereto (relating to all payments to be made to such Foreign Lender by the Borrower pursuant to this Agreement) or such other evidence satisfactory to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent that such Foreign Lender is entitled to an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. withholding tax, including any exemption pursuant to Section 881(c) of the Code. Thereafter and from time to time, each such Foreign Lender shall (A) promptly submit to the Administrative Agent such additional duly completed and signed copies of one of such forms (or such successor forms as shall be adopted from time to time by the relevant United

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States taxing authorities) as may then be available under then current United States laws and regulations to avoid, or such evidence as is satisfactory to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent of any available exemption from or reduction of, United States withholding taxes in respect of all payments to be made to such Foreign Lender by the Borrower pursuant to this Agreement, (B) promptly notify the Administrative Agent of any change in circumstances which would modify or render invalid any claimed exemption or reduction, and (C) take such steps as shall not be materially disadvantageous to it, in the reasonable judgment of such Lender, and as may be reasonably necessary (including the re-designation of its Lending Office) to avoid any requirement of applicable laws that the Borrower make any deduction or withholding for taxes from amounts payable to such Foreign Lender.

(ii) Each Foreign Lender, to the extent it does not act or ceases to act for its own account with respect to any portion of any sums paid or payable to such Lender under any of the Loan Documents (for example, in the case of a typical participation by such Lender) shall deliver to the Administrative Agent on the date when such Foreign Lender ceases to act for its own account with respect to any portion of any such sums paid or payable, and at such other times as may be necessary in the determination of the Administrative Agent (in the reasonable exercise of its discretion), (A) two duly signed completed copies of the forms or statements required to be provided by such Lender as set forth above, to establish the portion of any such sums paid or payable with respect to which such Lender acts for its own account that is not subject to U.S. withholding tax, and (B) two duly signed completed copies of IRS Form W-8IMY (or any successor thereto), together with any information such Lender chooses to transmit with such form, and any other certificate or statement of exemption required under the Code, to establish that such Lender is not acting for its own account with respect to a portion of any such sums payable to such Lender.

(iii) The Borrower shall not be required to pay any additional amount to any Foreign Lender under Section 3.1 (A) with respect to any Taxes required to be deducted or withheld on the basis of the information, certificates or statements of exemption such Lender transmits with an IRS Form W-8IMY pursuant to this Section 11.13(a) or (B) if such Lender shall have failed to satisfy the foregoing provisions of this Section 11.13(a); provided that if such Lender shall

have satisfied the requirement of this Section 11.13(a) on the date such Lender became a Lender or ceased to act for its own account with respect to any payment under any of the Loan Documents, nothing in this Section 11.13(a) shall relieve the Borrower of its obligation to pay any amounts pursuant to Section 3.1 in the event that, as a result of any change in any applicable law, treaty or governmental rule, regulation or order, or any change in the interpretation, administration or application thereof, such Lender is no longer properly entitled to deliver forms, certificates or other evidence at a subsequent date establishing the fact that such Lender or other Person for the account of which such Lender receives any sums payable under any of the Loan Documents is not subject to withholding or is subject to withholding at a reduced rate.

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(iv) The Administrative Agent may, without reduction, withhold any Taxes required to be deducted and withheld from any payment under any of the Loan Documents with respect to which the Borrower is not required to pay additional amounts under this Section 11.13(a).

(b) Upon the request of the Administrative Agent, each Lender that is a "United States person" within the meaning of Section 7701(a) (30) of the Code shall deliver to the Administrative Agent two duly signed completed copies of IRS Form W-9. If such Lender fails to deliver such forms, then the Administrative Agent may withhold from any interest payment to such Lender an amount equivalent to the applicable back-up withholding tax imposed by the Code, without reduction.

(c) If any Governmental Authority asserts that the Administrative Agent did not properly withhold or backup withhold, as the case may be, any tax or other amount from payments made to or for the account of any Lender, such Lender shall indemnify the Administrative Agent therefor, including all penalties and interest, any taxes imposed by any jurisdiction on the amounts payable to the Administrative Agent under this Section, and costs and expenses (including Attorney Costs) of the Administrative Agent. The obligation of the Lenders under this Section shall survive the termination of the Commitments, repayment of all other Obligations hereunder and the resignation of the Administrative Agent.

SECTION 11.12 Severability. The illegality or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement or any instrument or agreement required hereunder shall not in any way affect or impair the legality or enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement or any instrument or agreement required hereunder.

SECTION 11.13 Governing Law and Jurisdiction. (a) THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK; PROVIDED THAT THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT AND THE LENDERS SHALL RETAIN ALL RIGHTS ARISING UNDER FEDERAL LAW.

(b) ANY LEGAL ACTION OR PROCEEDING WITH RESPECT TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT MAY BE BROUGHT IN THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK OR OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, AND BY EXECUTION AND DELIVERY OF THIS AGREEMENT, EACH OF THE BORROWER, THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT, THE LC ISSUER AND THE LENDERS CONSENTS, FOR ITSELF AND IN RESPECT OF ITS PROPERTY, TO THE NON-EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THOSE COURTS. EACH OF THE BORROWER, THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT, THE LC ISSUER AND THE LENDERS IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION, INCLUDING ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OR BASED ON THE GROUNDS OF FORUM NON CONVENIENS, WHICH IT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER HAVE TO THE BRINGING OF ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING IN SUCH JURISDICTION IN RESPECT OF THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY DOCUMENT RELATED HERETO. EACH OF THE BORROWER,

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THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT, THE LC ISSUER AND THE LENDERS WAIVES PERSONAL SERVICE OF ANY SUMMONS, COMPLAINT OR OTHER PROCESS AND IRREVOCABLY CONSENTS TO THE SERVICE OF PROCESS BY REGISTERED MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID OR BY ANY OTHER MEANS PERMITTED BY NEW YORK OR FEDERAL LAW.

SECTION 11.14 Waiver of Jury Trial. EACH OF THE BORROWER, THE LENDERS, THE LC ISSUER AND THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT EACH WAIVE THEIR RESPECTIVE RIGHTS TO A TRIAL BY JURY OF ANY CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION BASED UPON OR ARISING OUT OF OR

RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS, OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY, IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR OTHER LITIGATION OF ANY TYPE BROUGHT BY ANY OF THE PARTIES AGAINST ANY OTHER PARTY OR ANY AGENT-RELATED PERSON, PARTICIPANT OR ASSIGNEE, WHETHER WITH RESPECT TO CONTRACT CLAIMS, TORT CLAIMS, OR OTHERWISE. THE BORROWER, THE LC ISSUER, THE LENDERS AND THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT EACH AGREE THAT ANY SUCH CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION SHALL BE TRIED BY A COURT TRIAL WITHOUT A JURY. WITHOUT LIMITING THE FOREGOING, THE PARTIES FURTHER AGREE THAT THEIR RESPECTIVE RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IS WAIVED BY OPERATION OF THIS SECTION AS TO ANY ACTION, COUNTERCLAIM OR OTHER PROCEEDING WHICH SEEKS, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, TO CHALLENGE THE VALIDITY OR ENFORCEABILITY OF THIS AGREEMENT OR THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS OR ANY PROVISION HEREOF OR THEREOF. THIS WAIVER SHALL APPLY TO ANY SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS, RENEWALS, SUPPLEMENTS OR MODIFICATIONS TO THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS.

SECTION 11.15 USA PATRIOT Act Notice. Each Lender that is subject to the Act (as hereinafter defined) and the Administrative Agent (for itself and not on behalf of any Lender) hereby notifies the Borrower that pursuant to the requirements of the USA Patriot Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)) (the "Act"), it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the Borrower, which information includes the name and address of the Borrower and other information that will allow such Lender or the Administrative Agent, as applicable, to identify the Borrower in accordance with the Act.

SECTION 11.16 Currency Indemnity. If, for the purposes of obtaining judgment in any court in any jurisdiction with respect to any Loan Document, it becomes necessary to convert into the currency of such jurisdiction (the "Judgment Currency") any amount due under any Loan Document in any currency other than the Judgment Currency (the "Currency Due"), then conversion shall be made at the rate of exchange prevailing on the Business Day before the day on which judgment is given. For this purpose, "rate of exchange" means the rate at which the Administrative Agent is able, on the relevant date, to purchase the Currency Due with the Judgment Currency in accordance with its normal practice at its main branch in San Francisco, California. In the event that there is a change in the rate of exchange prevailing between the Business Day before the day on which the judgment is given and the date of payment of the

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amount due, the Borrower will, on the day of payment, pay such additional amount, if any, or be entitled to receive reimbursement of such amount, if any, as may be necessary to ensure that the amount paid on such date is the amount in the Judgment Currency which when converted at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of payment is the amount then due under any Loan Document in the Currency Due. If the amount of the Currency Due which the Administrative Agent is so able to purchase is less than the amount of the Currency Due originally due to it, the Borrower shall indemnify and save the Administrative Agent harmless from and against loss or damage arising as a result of such deficiency. This indemnity shall constitute an obligation separate and independent from the other obligations contained in any Loan Document, shall give rise to a separate and independent cause of action, shall apply irrespective of any indulgence granted by the Administrative Agent from time to time and shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding any judgment or order for a liquidated sum in respect of an amount due under any Loan Document or under any judgment or order.

SECTION 11.17 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, together with the other Loan Documents, embodies the entire agreement and understanding among the Borrower, the Lenders and the Administrative Agent, and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous agreements and understandings of such Persons, verbal or written, relating to the subject matter hereof and thereof.

#### RENAISSANCERE HOLDINGS LTD.

By: /s/ John M. Lummis

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Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Debra Basler

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Title: Principal

THE BANK OF N.T. BUTTERFIELD & SON

LIMITED

By: /s/ Alan Day

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Title: Vice President

THE BANK OF NEW YORK

By: /s/ Scott Savage

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Title: Vice President

BARCLAYS BANK PLC,

as Co-Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Paul Johnson

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Title: Relationship Director

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CITIBANK, N.A. as Co-Syndication Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Maria G. Hackley

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Title: Managing Director

Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Ruth Leung

Title: Director

By: /s/ John S. McGill

Title: Director

HSBC BANK US, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Co-Documentation Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Daniel W. Nelson

Title: Managing Director

KEYBANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By: /s/ Mary K. Young

Title: Vice President

MELLON BANK, N.A., as Co-Agent and

Lender

S-2

By: /s/ Karla Maloof

Title: First Vice President

UBS LOAN FINANCE LLC

By: /s/ Wilfred V. Saint

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Title: Director

UBS LOAN FINANCE LLC

By: /s/ Joselin Fernandes

Title: Associate Director

WACHOVIA BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Co-Syndication Agent and Lender

By: /s/ Lauren Kubovcik

Title: Associate

# SCHEDULE 1.2

# Pricing Grid

	=========			========	=======	=========
	PRICING LEVEL I	PRICING LEVEL II	PRICING LEVEL III	PRICING LEVEL IV	PRICING LEVEL V	PRICING LEVEL VI
S&P/Moody's Rating	BBB-/ Baa3 or below	BBB/Baa2	BBB+/ Baa1	A-/A3	A/A2	Above A/A2
Eurodollar Rate	1.375%	0.950%	0.750%	0.600%	0.450%	0.350%
Utilization Fee Rate (>= 50% usage)	0.250%	0.200%	0.100%	0.100%	0.100%	0.100%
Non-Use Fee Rate	0.400%	0.300%	0.225%	0.175%	0.125%	0.100%
LC Fee Rate	1.375%	0.950%	0.750%	0.600%	0.450%	0.350%

In the event senior unsecured debt ratings are assigned to the Borrower by both S&P and Moody's, pricing will be based on the higher of the senior unsecured debt ratings from either S&P or Moody's in the event of a single split rating, and one Pricing Level below the higher rating in the event of a double (or more) split rating. If no senior unsecured debt rating has been assigned, Pricing Level I shall apply.

# SCHEDULE 2.1

# COMMITMENTS

Lender	Commitment Amount	Pro Rata Share
Bank of America, N.A.	\$ 70,000,000.00	14.0%
The Bank of N.T Butterfield & Son Limited	\$ 25,000,000.00	5.0%
The Bank of New York	\$ 30,000,000.00	6.0%
Barclays Bank PLC	\$ 40,000,000.00	8.0%
Citibank N.A.	\$ 62,500,000.00	12.5%
Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch	\$ 50,000,000.00	10.0%
HSBC Bank US, National Association	\$ 50,000,000.00	10.0%

Keybank National Association	\$ 35,000,000.00	7.0%
Mellon Bank, N.A.	\$ 40,000,000.00	8.0%
UBS Loan Finance LLC	\$ 35,000,000.00	7.0%
Wachovia Bank, National Association	\$ 62,500,000.00	12.5%
	\$500,000,000.00	100.000%

SCHEDULE 11.2

#### ADDRESSES

ADDRESSES FOR NOTICES

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,

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as Lender

Bank of America, N.A. 231 S. La Salle Street Chicago, IL 60697

Attention: Debra Basler
Telephone: (312) 828-3734
Facsimile: (312) 987-0889

Electronic Mail: debra.basler@bankofamerica.com

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.

Administrative Agent's Office: (for payments and Requests for Credit Extensions)

1850 Gateway Blvd., 5th Floor Concord, CA 94520-3282

Attention: Gail Robin
Telephone: (925) 675-8439
Facsimile: (888) 969-2621

Electronic Mail: gail.l.robin@bankofamerica.com

Bank of America, N.A., Dallas, Texas

ABA# 111,000,012

Account No: 3750836479

Account Name: Credit Services West Ref: RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.

Other Notices as Administrative Agent:

Bank of America, N.A. Agency Management 1455 Market Street

San Francisco, CA 94103 Attention: Aamir Saleem

Telephone: (415) 436-2769
Facsimile: (415) 503-5089

Electronic Mail: aamir.saleem@bankofamerica.com

THE BANK OF N.T. BUTTERFIELD & SON LIMITED

The Bank of N.T. Butterfield & Son Limited

65 Front Street

Hamilton HM AX, Bermuda Attention: Alan Day

Telephone: (441) 299-3966 Facsimile: (441) 296-2851 Electronic Mail: alanday@bntb.bm

THE BANK OF NEW YORK

- -----

The Bank of New York One Wall Street New York, NY 10286

Attention: David Trick
Telephone: (212) 635-1064
Facsimile: (212) 809-9520
Electronic Mail: dtrick@bankofny.com

BARCLAYS BANK PLC

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Barclays Bank Plc 54 Lombard Street London EC3V 9EX

Attention: Paul Johnson

Telephone: +44 (0)207 699 3121 Facsimile: +44 (0)207 699 2407

Electronic Mail: paul.johnson@barclayscorporate.com

CITIBANK, N.A.

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Citibank, N.A.

388 Greenwich Street

23rd Floor

New York, NY 06115

Attention: Mike Taylor
Telephone: (212) 816-4033
Facsimile: (212) 816-4144

Electronic Mail: michael.a.taylor@citigroup.com

DEUTSCHE BANK AG NEW YORK BRANCH

\_ \_\_\_\_\_

60 Wall Street

New York, NY 10005

Attention: Ruth Leung
Telephone: (212) 250-8650
Facsimile: (212) 797-0270
Electronic Mail: ruth.leung@db.com

HSBC BANK USA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

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452 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10018

Attention: Jimmy Tse

Telephone: (212) 525-5507 Facsimile: (212) 525-2573

Electronic Mail: jimmy.tse@us.hsbc.com

KEYBANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

127 Public Square

Cleveland, OH 44114

Attention: Mary K. Young Telephone: (216) 689-4443 Facsimile: (216) 689-4981

Electronic Mail: Mary k Young@keybank.com

#### MELLON BANK, N.A.

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Mellon Bank, N.A. One Mellon Center Pittsburgh, PA 15258

Attention: Karla Maloof
Telephone: (412) 236-4147
Facsimile: (412) 234-8087
Electronic Mail: maloof.kk@mellon.com

# UBS LOAN FINANCE LLC

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677 Washington Blvd. 6th Floor South Stamford, CT 06901

Attention: Winslowe F. Ogbourne Telephone: (203) 719-3587 Facsimile: (203) 719-3888

Electronic Mail: Winslowe.Ogbourne@ubs.com

### WACHOVIA BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Lender

Wachovia Bank, National Association

301 South College Street

NC0760

Charlotte, NC 28288-0760

Attention: William R. Goley
Telephone: (704) 383-8180
Facsimile: (704) 383-7611

Electronic Mail: will.goley@wachovia.com

## RENAISSANCERE HOLDINGS LTD.

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## Notices:

RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.

Renaissance House 8-12 East Broadway

Pembroke HM 19, Bermuda

Attention: Todd Fonner
Telephone: (441) 298-2291
Facsimile: (441) 296-5037

#### OPTION GRANT NOTICE AND AGREEMENT

RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. (the "Company"), pursuant to its 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), hereby grants to Holder options (the "Options") to purchase the number of shares of the Company's Stock set forth below. The Options are subject to all of the terms and conditions as set forth herein, as well as the terms and conditions of the Plan, all of which are incorporated herein in their entirety. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Plan. In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the terms and provisions of the Plan and the provisions of this Grant Notice and Agreement (this "Grant Notice"), the Plan shall govern and control.

HOLDEK:	
DATE OF GRANT:	
NUMBER OF SHARES OF STOCK UNDERLYING THE OPTIONS:	
EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE:	\$
EXPIRATION DATE:	Years From the Date of Grant

VESTING SCHEDULE:

Subject to the Holder's continued employment with the Company or its Affiliates, as applicable, the Options shall vest and become exercisable as to 25% of the underlying shares of Stock on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Date of Grant, subject to acceleration of vesting upon a Change in Control, as provided in Section 11 of the Plan.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT:

In the event the Holder's employment with the Company or a Subsidiary is terminated for any reason other than Holder's death or Disability, except as otherwise provided in the following paragraph, all Options which have not vested as of the date of such termination shall be immediately forfeited. The Holder shall have a period of up to 90 days within which to exercise any Options which were vested as of the date of termination, and such vested Options shall lapse and be cancelled to the extent not so exercised.

In the event the Holder's employment with the Company or a Subsidiary is terminated by reason of the Holder's death or Disability or if the Holder shall die or become disabled within 30 days of the Holder's involuntary termination of employment other than for Cause, all Options which have not vested as of the date of such

termination shall become immediately vested. The Holder (or the Holder's estate) shall have up to one year after such termination to exercise vested Options.

Notwithstanding any provision of preceding paragraphs to the contrary, the Options may not be exercised beyond the Expiration Date.

ADDITIONAL TERMS:

- Options shall be exercisable in whole shares of Stock only.
- o Each share of Stock purchased through the exercise of Options shall be paid for in full at the time of the exercise in immediately available funds in United States dollars, or, in the discretion of the Committee, or its designee, pursuant to any other method of payment of exercise price pursuant to Section 7(b) of the Plan.
- o As promptly as practical after receipt of such

written notification and full payment of such purchase price and any required income tax withholding amount, the Company shall issue or transfer to the Holder the number of shares with respect to which Options have been so exercised, and shall cause the shares to be registered in the Holder's name.

- o The Company shall have the right with respect to tax withholding in accordance with Section 10(d) of the Plan, the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.
- o The Options granted hereunder are not intended to be incentive stock options within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code.
- o This Grant Notice does not confer upon the Holder any right to continue as an employee.
- o This Grant Notice shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Bermuda, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof.

[Signatures to appear on the following page.]

THE UNDERSIGNED HOLDER ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF THIS GRANT NOTICE AND THE PLAN, AND, AS AN EXPRESS CONDITION TO THE GRANT OF OPTIONS HEREUNDER, AGREES TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS THIS GRANT NOTICE AND THE PLAN.

HOLDER

By:			
Signa	ture	Si	gnature
Title:		Date:	
Date:			

RENAISSANCERE HOLDINGS LTD.

#### RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE AND AGREEMENT

RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. (the "Company"), pursuant to its 2001 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), hereby grants to Holder the number of shares of the Restricted Stock set forth below. The Restricted Stock is subject to all of the terms and conditions as set forth herein, as well as the terms and conditions of the Plan, all of which are incorporated herein in their entirety. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Plan. In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the terms and provisions of the Plan and the provisions of this Grant Notice and Agreement (this "Grant Notice"), the Plan shall govern and control.

HOLDER:	
DATE OF GRANT:	
NUMBER OF SHARES OF RESTRICTED STOCK:	

VESTING SCHEDULE:

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT:

ADDITIONAL TERMS:

Subject to the Holder's continued employment with the Company or its Affiliates, as applicable, the Restricted Stock shall vest and become exercisable as to 25% of the shares on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Date of Grant, subject to acceleration of vesting upon a Change in Control, as provided in Section 11 of the Plan.

In the event the Holder's employment with the Company or a Subsidiary is terminated for any reason other than the Holder's death or Disability, except as otherwise provided in the following paragraph, all shares of Restricted Stock which have not vested as of the date of such termination shall be immediately forfeited.

In the event the Holder's employment with the Company or a Subsidiary is terminated by reason of the Holder's death or Disability or if the Holder shall die or become disabled within 30 days of the Holder's involuntary termination of employment other than for Cause, all shares of Restricted Stock which have not vested as of the date of such termination shall become immediately vested.

o The Restricted Stock granted hereunder shall be registered in the Holder's name on the books of the Company, but the certificates evidencing such Restricted Stock shall be retained by the Company

while the Restricted Stock remains unvested, and for such additional time as the Committee determines appropriate.

- The Company shall have the right with respect to tax withholding in accordance with Section 10(d) of the Plan, the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.
- o This Grant Notice does not confer upon the Holder any right to continue as an employee.
- o This Grant Notice shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Bermuda, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof.

[Signatures to appear on the following page.]

RENAISSANCERE HOLDINGS LTD.	HOLDER
By:	
Signature	Signature
Title:	Date:
Date:	

#### CERTIFICATION

- I, James N. Stanard, Chief Executive Officer of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., (the "registrant"), certify that:
  - I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the registrant;
  - Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
  - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
    - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
    - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are
      - reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2004

#### CERTIFICATION

- I, John M. Lummis, Chief Financial Officer of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd., (the "registrant"), certify that:
  - I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the registrant;
  - Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
  - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
    - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
    - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are
      - reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2004

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, James N. Stanard, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ James N. Stanard

James N. Stanard

Chief Executive Officer
November 9, 2004

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of RenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John M. Lummis, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- $\,$  (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ John M. Lummis

John M. Lummis Chief Financial Officer November 9, 2004